





Rev. 1.0

IP Surveillance

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Overview

VIVOTEK SD83x1E/2E/3E is a series of high performance day/night speed dome network cameras suitable for professional outdoor surveillance applications. The IP66-rated housing protects the camera body against rain and dust and the wide temperature range ensures operation under extreme weather conditions. It is especially suitable for monitoring wide open indoor/outdoor spaces such as airports, highways, and parking lots where high-level reliability and precision are always required.

The SD83x1E/2E/3E support high-performance H.264/MPEG-4/MJPEG compression technology and offer extra smooth video quality up to 60 fps @ D1 Resolution. Boasting WDR Pro technology, the SD83x1E/2E/3E can also cope with challenging lighting conditions and generate image quality similar to the capabilities of the human eye. With sophisticated pan/tilt mechanism, the camera provides fast, precise movement with continuous 360-degree pan and 90-degree tilt. Users can easily control the lens position via a mouse or a joystick to track the object of interest and set up to 128 preset positions for patrolling.

As with all VIVOTEK true day/night cameras, the SD83x1E/2E/3E feature removable IR-cut filter, maintaining clear images 24 hours a day. The built-in SD/SDHC card slot offers a convenient and portable storage option to prevent data loss in case of network disconnection. With other advanced features such as audio detection, 802.3at compliant PoE Plus and 60 fps high quality video, the SD83x1E/2E/3E are the best choices for the most demanding outdoor surveillance applications.

Read Before Use

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but can also be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

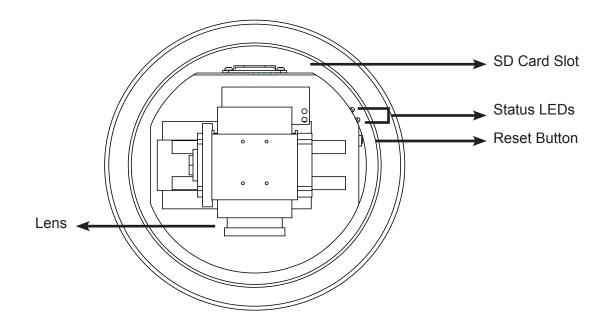
It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package Contents listed below. Take note of the warnings in the Quick Installation Guide before the Network Camera is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damage due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

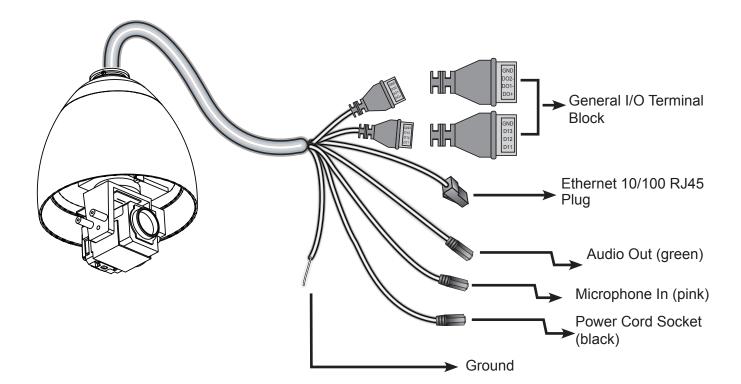
The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic networking knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/ surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the Network Camera section serves as a helpful reference to customizing existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

Package Contents

- SD83xxE
- Black Cover / Clear Dome Cover
- Power Adapter (optional)
- Wall Mount Bracket
- O-ring and Screws / Alignment Sticker
- Metal Ring / Moisture Absorber
- RJ45 Female/Female Coupler
- Quick Installation Guide
- Warranty Card
- Software CD

Physical Description





Status LED

Item	LED status	Description
1	Steady red	Power on and system booting
	Red LED off	Power off
2	Steady red & Green blinking every 1 sec.	Network normal (heartbeat)
	Steady red & Green LED off	Network failed
3	Steady red & Green LED blilnking every 2 sec.	Audio mute (heartbeat)
4	Red blinking every 0.15 sec. & Green blinking	Upgrading firmware
	every 1 sec.	
5	Red blinking every 0.15 sec. & Green blinking	Restoring default
	every 0.15 sec.	

Hardware Reset

The reset button is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system can return the camera to normal operation. If the system problems remain after reset, restore the factory settings and install again.

<u>Reset</u>: Press and release the recessed reset button with a straightened paper clip. Wait for the Network Camera to reboot.

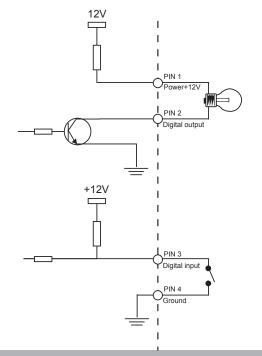
<u>Restore</u>: Press and hold the recessed reset button for a while to restore. Note that almost all previous configuration changes will be restored to factory default.

SD/SDHC Card Capacity

This network camera is compliant with **SD/SDHC 32GB** and other preceding standard SD cards.

DI/DO Diagram

Please refer to the following illustration for the connection method.

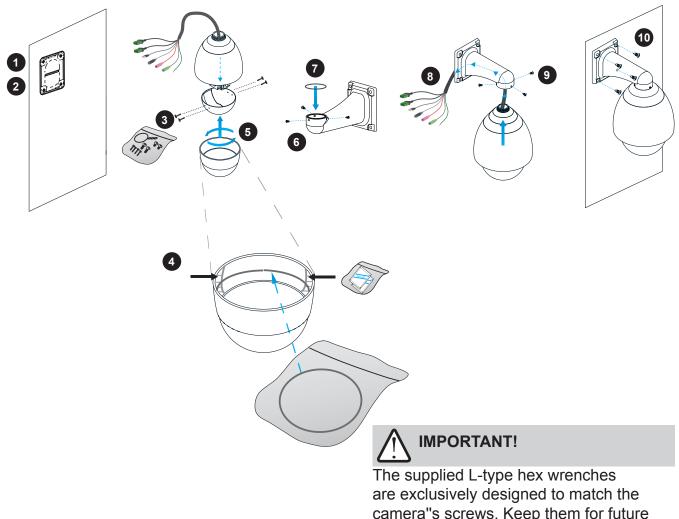


Installation

Hardware Installation

Mounting the Network Camera

- 1. Attach the alignment sticker to the wall.
- 2. Drill four pilot holes into the wall.
- 3. Attach the black cover to the Network Camera using the supplied four black screws.
- 4. Stick the supplied two pieces of moisture absorber symmetrically to the inner side of the dome cover. Then place the metal ring into the dome cover to fix the moisture absorber.
- 5. Fix the dome cover to the Network Camera and secure it by rotating it clockwise.
- 6. Loosen the three screws on the front opening of the wall mount bracket.
- 7. Place the O-ring on the front opening of the wall mount bracket.
- 8. Feed the cables through the front opening of the wall mount bracket and pull them from wall outlet.
- 9. Attach the Network Camera to the wall mount bracket by tightening the three screws you previously removed.
- 10. Fasten the wall mount bracket to the pre-drilled holes on the wall.

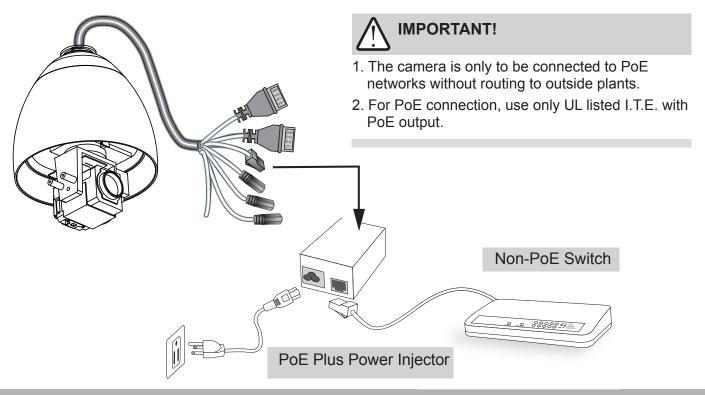


General Connection (without PoE) 1. If you have external devices such as sensors and alarms, connect them to the general I/O terminal block. GND: Ground DO2: Digital Output 2 2. Use the supplied RJ45 female/female coupler DO1: Digital Output 1 to connect the Network Camera to a switch. DO+: Digital Outupt (DC12V) Use Category 5 Cross Cable when Network Camera is directly connected to a PC. GND: Ground DI3: Digital Input 3 DI2: Digital Input 2 DI1: Digital Input 1 00000 ft (AC 24V 3.5A) Power Adapter 3. Connect the power cable from the Network Camera to a power outlet.

Power over Ethernet (PoE)

When using a non-PoE switch

Use a PoE Plus power injector to connect between the Network Camera and a non-PoE switch.



Network Deployment

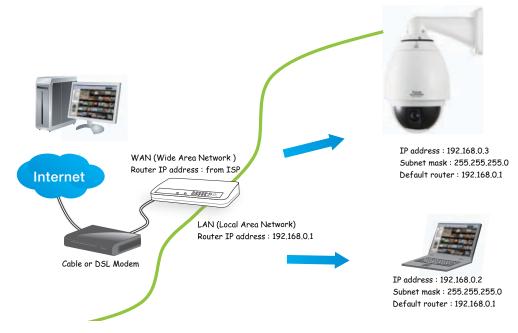
Setting up the Network Camera over the Internet

There are several ways to set up the Network Camera over the Internet. The first way is to set up the Network Camera behind a router. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE.

Internet connection via a router

Before setting up the Network Camera over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

1. Connect your Network Camera behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated below. Regarding how to obtain your IP address, please refer to Software Installation on page 12 for details.



- 2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Network Camera is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Network Camera on the router.
- Secondary HTTP port
- RTSP port
- RTP port for audio
- RTCP port for audio
- RTP port for video
- RTCP port for video

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to your router's user's manual.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Network Camera from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 51 for details.

Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Network Camera. Please refer to LAN on page 51 for details.

Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 52 for details.

Software Installation

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software included on the product CD, helps you set up your Network Camera on the LAN.

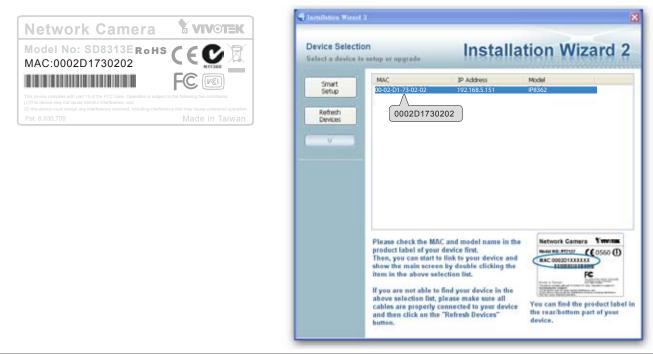
1. Install IW2 under the Software Utility directory from the software CD. Double click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.



2. The program will conduct an analysis of your network environment. After your network environment is analyzed, please click **Next** to continue the program.

🖷 Inchilation Winned 2 - Metwork Environment Analysis 🛛 🔯	🖷 Installation Wirned 2 - Noteursk Type
Installation Wizard 2	Installation Wizard 2
The wizard is analyzing your network environment. Please wait a moment.	Your network environment was analyzed as below. Private DHCP
	Cable(DSL moder Router K
Est Grost	- Ext

- 3. The program will search for all VIVOTEK network devices on the same LAN.
- 4. After a brief search, the main installer window will prompt. Double-click on the MAC and model name which matches the product label on your device to connect to the Network Camera via a web browser.



Ready to Use

- 1. A browser session with the Network Camera should prompt as shown below.
- 2. You should be able to see live video from your camera. You may also install the 32-channel recording software from the software CD in a deployment consisting of multiple cameras. For its installation details, please refer to its related documents.



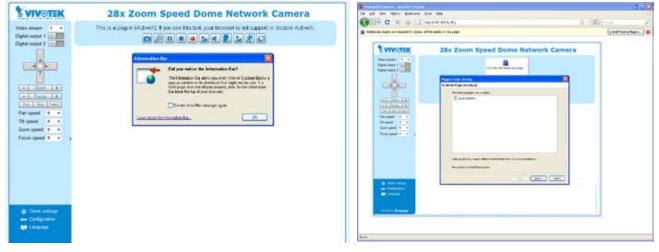
Accessing the Network Camera

This chapter explains how to access the Network Camera through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

Using Web Browsers

Use Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access to the Network Cameras on the LAN. If your network environment is not a LAN, follow these steps to access the Network Camera:

- 1. Launch your web browser (e.g., Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, or Netscape).
- 2. Enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field. (A temporary IP will be generated for the camera. Find it in your Network Neighborhood). Press **Enter**.
- 3. Live video will display in your web browser.
- 4. If it is the first time installing the VIVOTEK network camera, an information bar will pop up as shown below. Follow the instructions to install the required plug-in on your computer.





IMPORTANT!

- Currently the Network Camera utilizes 32-bit ActiveX plugin. You CAN NOT open a management/view session with the camera using a 64-bit IE browser.
- If you encounter this problem, try execute the lexplore.exe program from C:\ Windows\SysWOW64. A 32-bit version of IE browser will be installed.
- On Windows 7, the 32-bit explorer browser can be accessed from here: C:\Program Files (x86)\Internet Explorer\iexplore.exe



NOTE:

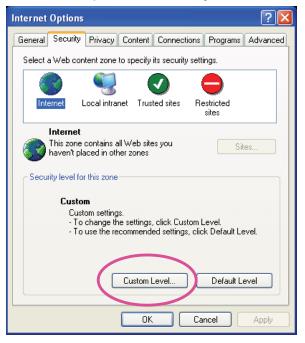
For Mozilla Firefox or Netscape users, your browser will use Quick Time to stream live video. If you do not have Quick Time on your computer, please download Quick Time from Apple Inc's website, and then launch your web browser.



▶ By default, the Network Camera is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized access, it is highly recommended to set a password for the Network Camera.

For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 40.

- If you see a dialog box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX[®] Controls, please enable the ActiveX[®] Controls for your browser.
- 1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.



2. Look for Download signed ActiveX[®] controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click OK.

Security Settings	? 🛛
Settings:	
ActiveX controls and plug-ins Download signed ActiveX controls Disable Enable Prompt Download unsigned ActiveX controls Disable Enable Prompt Initialize and script ActiveX controls not marked as s Disable Enable Prompt Disable Enable Prompt Disable Enable Prompt	əafe
	>
Reset custom settings Reset to: Medium Reset	
OK Can	cel

3. Refresh your web browser, then install the ActiveX[®] control. Follow the instructions to complete installation.

Using RTSP Players

To view the H.264/MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following players that support RTSP streaming.



Quick Time Player

🕬 Real Player

- 1. Launch the RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. An URL dialog box will pop up.
- The address format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>

As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 59. For example:

Open URL		X
Enter an Internet URL to op	en:	
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554/	live.sdp	×
		OK Cancel

4. The live video will be displayed in your player.

For more information on how to configure the RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 59 for details.



Using 3GPP-compatible Mobile Devices

To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the Network Camera can be accessed over the Internet. For more information on how to set up the Network Camera over the Internet, please refer to Setup the Network Camera over the Internet on page 10.

To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your Network Camera:

- 1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 59.
- 2. As the bandwidth on 3G networks is limited, you will not be able to use a large video size. Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below. For more information, please refer to Stream settings on page 78.

Video Mode	MPEG-4
Frame size	176 x 144
Maximum frame rate	5 fps
Intra frame period	1S
Video quality (Constant bit rate)	40kbps
Audio type (GSM-AMR)	12.2kbps

- 3. As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 59.
- 4. Launch the player on the 3GPP-compatible mobile devices (ex. Real Player).
- 5. Type the following URL commands into the player. The address format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream 3>

For example:	
--------------	--

🔀
~
OK Cancel

Using VIVOTEK Recording Software

The product software CD also contains recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple Network Cameras. Please install the recording software; then launch the program to add the Network Camera to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download it from http://www.vivotek.com.



Main Page

This chapter explains the layout of the main page. It is composed of the following sections: VIVOTEK INC. Logo, Host Name, Camera Control Area, Configuration Area, and Live Video Window.



VIVOTEK INC. Logo

Click this logo to visit the VIVOTEK website.

Host Name

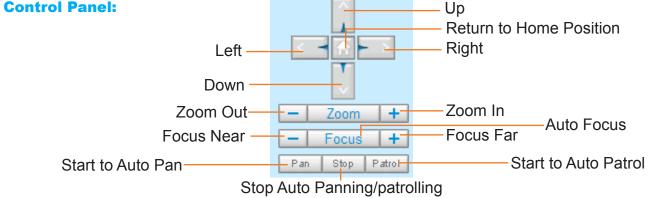
The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System on page 29.

Camera Control Area

Video Stream: This Network Camera supports multiple streams (stream 1 ~ 4) simultaneously. You can select any of them for live viewing. For more information about multiple streams, please refer to page 78 for detailed information.

Digital Output: Click to turn the digital output device on or off.

PTZ Control Panel:



You can also use a joystick or simply mouse clicks on a live view window to move to an area of interest.

Pan: Click this button to start the auto pan (360° continuous rotation).

Stop: Click this button to stop the Auto Pan and Auto Patrol functions.

<u>Patrol</u>: Once the Administrator has determined the list of preset positions, click this button to command the camera to patrol among those positions on the Patrol List. The Network Camera will patrol continuously. For more information, please refer to Camera Control on page 82.

Pan speed	Tilt speed	Zoom speed	Focus speed	
-5	-5	-5	-5	Slower
-4	-4	-4	-4	
-3	-3	-3	-3	
-2	-2	-2	-2	
-1	-1	-1	-1	
0	0	0	0	
1	1	1	1	
2	2	2	2	
3	3	3	3	
4	4	4	4	
5	5	5	5	Faster

Pan /Tilt /Zoom /Focus speed: Adjust the speed of Pan/ Tilt/ Zoom/ Focus:

Configuration Area

<u>Client Settings</u>: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 26.

<u>Configuration</u>: Click this button to access the configuration page of the Network Camera. It is suggested that a password be applied to the Network Camera so that only the administrator can configure the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Configuration on page 28.

<u>Language</u>: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文. You can also change a language on the Configuration page; please refer to page 28.

Hide Button

You can click the hide button to hide the control panel or display the control panel.

Resize Buttons

F- Auto E- 100% E- 50% E- 25%

Click the Auto button, the video cell will resize automatically to fit the current browser window.

Click 100% is to display the original homepage size.

Click 50% is to resize the homepage to 50% of its original size.

Click 25% is to resize the homepage to 25% of its original size.

Live Video Window

■ The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to H.264 / MPEG-4:

H.264/MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options

Video Title Video Troesce 2011/03/10 Troesce Time

<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 68.

<u>H.264 / MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options</u>: The transmission protocol and media options for H.264 / MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client Settings on page 26.

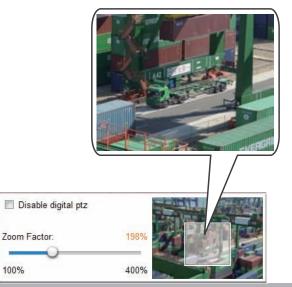
<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Media > Image > Genral settings on page 68.

<u>Title and Time</u>: The video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Media > Image > General settings on page 68.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Digital Zoom: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.



Pause: Pause the transmission of the streaming media. The button becomes the Resume button after clicking the Pause button.

Stop: Stop the transmission of the streaming media. Click the Resume button to continue transmission.

Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 27 for details.

Volume: When the Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the volume on the local computer.

Mute: Turn off the volume on the local computer. The button becomes the Audio On button after clicking the Mute button.

Talk: Click this button to talk to people around the Network Camera. Audio will project from the external speaker connected to the Network Camera. Click this button again to end talking transmission.

Mic Volume: When the W Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the microphone volume on the local computer.

W Mute: Turn off the Mic volume on the local computer. The button becomes the Mic On button after clicking the Mute button.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MJPEG:



Video Control Buttons

<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Media > Image on page 68.

<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For more information, please refer to Media > Image on page 68.

<u>Title and Time</u>: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For more information, please refer to Media > Image on page 68.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Digital Zoom: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.



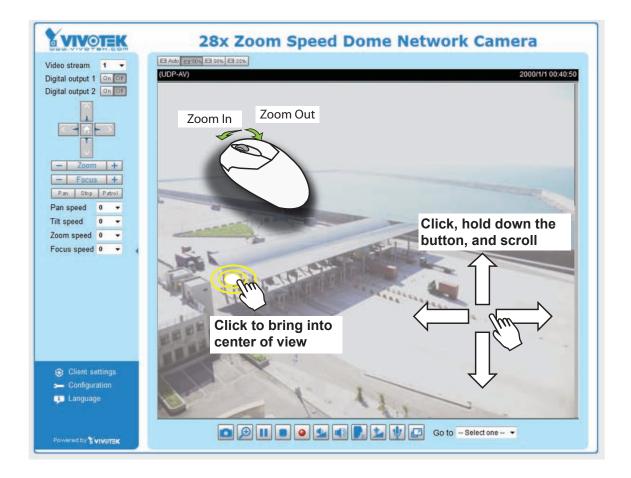
Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 27 for details.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

Mouse Control

In addition to a joystick and the PTZ panel, you can exert mouse control on the live view window. Below are the supported methodologies:

- 1. You can quickly swipe through the screen by clicking and hold down the left mouse button, and then move your mouse cursor toward the direction you prefer. The same method applies to the PTZ panel buttons.
- 2. You can also use the mouse wheel to zoom in and zomm out on an area of interest.
- 3. A single click on a specific point on the screen can bring that point closer to the center of your view window.



Client Settings

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options on the local computer. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to enable the settings.

H.264 / MPEG-4 Media Options

	H.264/MPEG-4 Media Options
	● Video and Audio
	O Video Only
	O Audio Only
_	

Select to stream video or audio data or both. This is enabled only when the video mode is set to H.264 or MPEG-4.

H.264 / MPEG-4 Protocol Options

 H.264/MPEG-4 Protocol Options
O UDP Unicast
O UDP Multicast
⊙ TCP
OHTTP

Depending on your network environment, there are four transmission modes of H.264 or MPEG-4 streaming:

<u>UDP unicast</u>: This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the Network Camera allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

<u>UDP multicast</u>: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the Network Camera while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the Network Camera must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 59.

<u>TCP</u>: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. The downside of this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

<u>HTTP</u>: This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol without needing to open specific ports for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data through.

MP4 Saving Options

Folder: C:\Record
Browse
File name prefix: CLIP

Users can record live video as they are watching it by clicking Start MP4 Recording on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

Folder: Specify a storage destination for the recorded video files.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the video file name.

<u>Add date and time suffix to the file name</u>: Select this option to append the date and time to the end of the file name.



Local Streaming Buffer Time

Γ	Local	Streaming Buffer Time
	0	Millisecond
	Save	

Due to the unsteady bandwidth flow, the live streaming may lag and not be very smoothly. If you enable this option, the live streaming will be stored on the camera's buffer area for a few seconds before playing on the live viewing window. This will help you see the streaming more smoothly. If you enter 3000 Millisecond, the streaming will delay for 3 seconds.

Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page to enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page. Please refer to page 40 Security > User Account for how to configure access rights for different users.

VIVOTEK offers an easy-to-use user interface that helps you set up your network camera with minimal effort. To simplify the setting procedure, two types of user interfaces are available: Advanced Mode for professional users and Basic Mode for entry-level users. Some advanced functions (PTZ/ Event/ Recording/ Local storage) are not displayed in Basic Mode.

If you want to set up advanced functions, please click **[Advanced Mode]** on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced Mode.

In order to simplify the user interface, the detailed information will be hidden unless you click on the function item. When you click on the first sub-item, the detailed information for the first sub-item will be displayed; when you click on the second sub-item, the detailed information for the second sub-item will be displayed and that of the first sub-item will be hidden.

Show below are the locations of the Basic Mode and the Advanced Mode screen elements:

VIVOTEK		
		Home Configuration Language
	System > General settings	
System	┌─ System ─────	Navigation Area
General settings	Host name: 20x Zoom 10	80p Speed Dome Network C
Maintenance	Turn off the LED indicator	
Security	Configuration List	
Network	System time	
Network	Keep current date and time	
Media	Synchronize with computer time	
Applications	💿 Manual	
	 Automatic 	
[Advanced mode]	Click to switch to Advanced Mode	
	Click to switch to Advanced Mode	Save
Version: 0100e	—— Firmware Version	

Basic Mode

Advanced Mode

	Home Configuration Language
	System > General settings
System	System Navigation Area
General settings	Host name: 28x Zoom Speed Dome Network Camera
Homepage layout Logs	Turn off the LED indicator
Parameters	System time
Maintenance	Time zone: GMT+08:00 Beijing, Chongging, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 💌
Security	You can upload your daylight saving time rules on <u>Maintenance</u> page or use the camera default value.
Network	Keep current date and time
Media	Synchronize with computer time
РТΖ	Manual
Event	O Automatic
Applications	Configuration List
Recording	
Local storage	
[Basic mode]	— Click to switch to Basic Mode
Version: 0100c	—— Firmware Version

Each function on the configuration list will be explained in the following sections. Those functions that are displayed only in Advanced Mode are marked with Advanced Mode. If you want to set up advanced functions, please click [Advanced Mode] at the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch over.

The Navigation Area provides an instant switch among **Home** page (the monitoring page for live viewing), **Configuration** page, and multi-language selection.

System > General settings

This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the Network Camera, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following two columns: System and System Time.

System

System	
Host name:	28x Zoom Speed Dome Network Camera
Turn off the LED indicator	

<u>Host name</u>: Enter a desired name for the Network Camera. The text will be displayed at the top of the main page.

<u>Turn off the LED indicator</u>: When checked, the onboard LED will be turned off if you do not want it to be seen. There are cases when you do not want people to know if the camera is operating.

System time

-	System time	
	Time zone: GMT+08:00 Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 💌	
	Note: You can upload your daylight saving time rules on <u>Maintenance</u> page or use the camera default value.	
	Keep current date and time	
	Synchronize with computer time	
	Manual	
	Automatic	
	Save	

<u>Keep current date and time</u>: Select this option to preserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. The Network Camera's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

<u>Synchronize with computer time</u>: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

<u>Manual</u>: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

<u>Automatic</u>: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol which synchronizes computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

<u>NTP server</u>: Assign the IP address or domain name of an established time server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default time servers.

<u>Update interval</u>: Select to update the time using the NTP server on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

<u>Time zone</u> Advanced Mode: Select the appropriate time zone from the list. If you want to upload Daylight Savings Time rules, please refer to **System > Maintenance > Import/ Export files** on page 37 for details.

When finished with the settings on this page, click **Save** at the bottom of the page to enable the settings.

System > Homepage layout Advanced Mode

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

General settings

This column shows the settings of your hompage layout. You can manually select the background and font colors in Theme Options (the second tab on this page). The settings will be displayed automatically in this Preview field. The following shows the homepage using the default settings:



■ Hide Powered by VIVOTEK: If you check this item, such wording will be removed from the homepage.

Logo graph

Here you can change the logo at the top of your homepage.

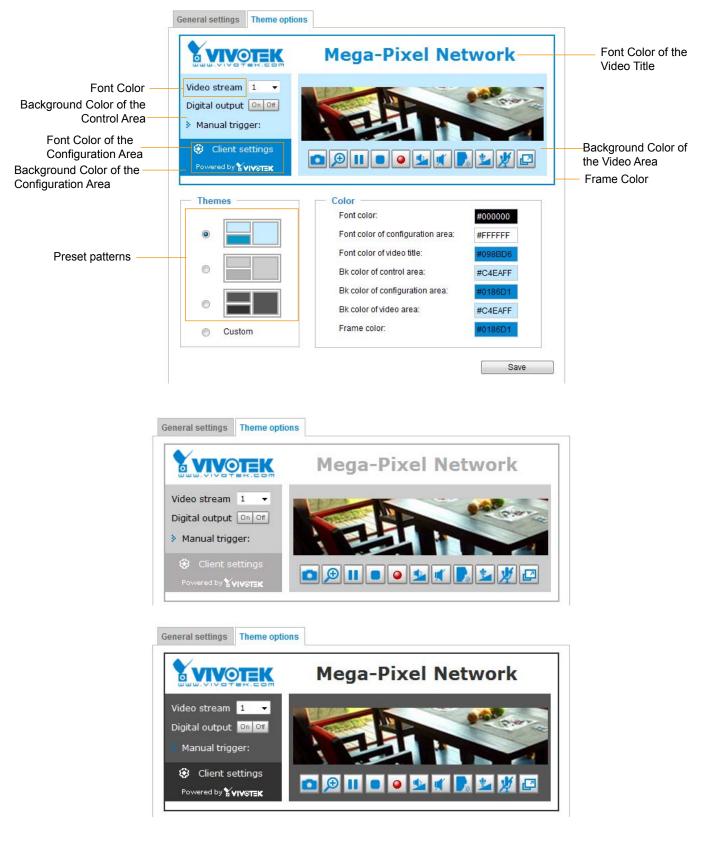
– Logo grapn –						
	A customized logo (Gif, JPG or PNG) can be uploaded for main page. It will be resized to 160x50 pixels to replace the previous logo.					
🔿 Default	⊙ Custom					
		Browse				
Logo link: http://www.vivote	com					

Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:

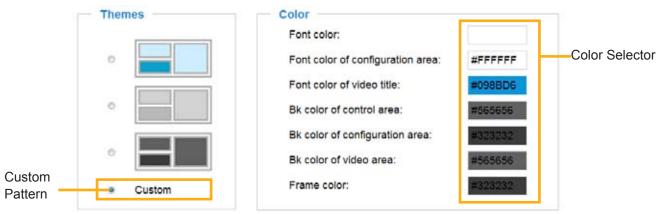
- 1. Click **Custom** and the Browse field will appear.
- 2. Select a logo from your files.
- 3. Click **Upload** to replace the existing logo with a new one.
- 4. Enter a website link if necessary.
- 5. Click Save to enable the settings.

Theme Options

Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three types of preset patterns for you to choose from. The new layout will simultaneously appear in the **Preview** filed. Click **Save** to enable the settings.



- Follow the steps below to set up a customized homepage:
- 1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
- 2. A double-click on the color selection area (the right hand side column) will bring up a color palette window.



3. The palette window will pop up as shown below.

Hex:	#000000	o 2		Hex:	#23538A
Red:	0			Red:	35
Green:	0		Y	Green:	83
Blue:	0			Blue:	138
Hue:	0			Hue:	212
Saturation	0			Saturation:	74.6
Value:	0			Value:	54.1
	elect			4 Se	lect

- 4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
- 5. The selected color will be displayed in the corresponding fields and in the **Preview** column.
- 6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Below are options for system integrators or VARs. You can use the checkboxes to replace VIVOTEK's company logo, the embedded website address or the slogan "Powered by VIVOTEK." When done, use the Save button to complete the configuration.

Hide Powered by VIVOTEK

A customized logo (Gif, JPG or PNG) can be up resized to 160x50 pixels to replace the previous	
Default © Custom	》99 Upload
.ogo link: http://www.vivotek.com	

System > Logs Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to send the system log to the remote server as backup.

Log server settings

Log server settings	
Enable remote log	
IP address:	
port:	514
	Save

Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:

- 1. Select Enable remote log.
- 2. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
- 2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
- 3. When completed, click **Save** to enable the setting.

You can configure the Network Camera to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested that the user install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the Network Camera. An example is Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit http://www.kiwisyslog. com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/.

<u>File V</u> iew <u>H</u>	elp				
ð 📖	🖾 D	isplay 00 (Del	ault) 💌		
Date	Time	Priority	Hostname	Message	
01-12-2008	15:21:32	User.Info	192.168.5.121	[RTSP SERVER]: Stop one session, IP=192.168.5.122	
01-12-2008	15:21:31	User.Info	192.168.5.121	[RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.168.5.122	
01-12-2008	15:20:47	Syslog.Info	192.168.5.121	syslogd 1.4.1: restart.	

System log

This column displays the system log in a chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when the number of events reaches a preset limit.

May 11 14:59:53 syslogd 1.5.0: restart.	
May 11 14:59:54 [swatchdog]: Ready to watch httpd.	
May 11 14:59:54 [EVENT MGR]: Starting eventmgr with support for EcTun	
May 11 14:59:54 [EVENT MGR]: Task conf file: there is no valid event in recording_task.xml,	
skip it	Ξ
May 11 14:59:54 [EVENT MGR]: Task conf file: there is no valid event in event_task.xml, skip	
it	
May 11 14:59:55 [ectun]: receiver value of x-path : "camctrl_c0_pr" from configer failed!	
May 11 14:59:55 [ectun]: Get Notify parameter "camctrl_c0_pr" value failed	
May 11 14:59:55 [ectun]: receiver value of x-path : "eset_i109_name" from configer failed!	
May 11 14:59:55 [ectun]: Get Notify parameter "eset_i109_name" value failed	
May 11 14:59:56 [DRM Service]: Starting DRM service.	
May 11 15:00:05 [UPnPIGDCP]: Search IGD failed	
May 11 15:00:06 [swatchdog]: Ready to watch configer.	
May 11 15:00:10 [swatchdog]: Ready to watch venc.	
May 11 15:00:13 automount[721]: >> mount: mounting /dev/mmcblk0p1 on /mnt/auto/CF	
failed: No such device or address	
May 11 15:00:13 automount[721]: mount(generic): failed to mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 (type vfat)	
on /mnt/auto/CF	-

Access log

Access log displays the access time and IP address of all viewers (including operators and administrators) in a chronological order. The access log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain limit.

System log	Access log	
Mar 9 15:54	I:25 [RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.168.4.116	*
Mar 9 15:54	I:38 [RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.168.4.116	
Mar 9 15:58	3:16 [RTSP SERVER]: Stop one session, IP=192.168.4.116	
Mar 9 15:58	3:18 [RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.168.4.116	
Mar 9 16:46	3:11 [RTSP SERVER]: Stop one session, IP=192.168.4.116	

System > Parameters Advanced Mode

The View Parameters page lists the entire system's parameters in an alphabetical order. If you need technical assistance, please provide the information listed on this page.

```
Parameters
                                                                   *
system hostname='28x Zoom Speed Dome Network Camera'
                                                                  (20)
system ledoff='0'
system date='2011/08/30'
system time='15:19:59'
system datetime='083014452011.52'
system ntp=''
system timezoneindex='320'
system daylight enable='0'
system daylight dstactualmode='1'
system daylight auto begintime='NONE'
system daylight auto endtime='NONE'
system daylight timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,-200,-201,-1
system updateinterval='0'
system info modelname='SD83X2'
system info extendedmodelname='SD83X2'
system info serialnumber='0002D110DBFF'
system info firmwareversion='SD83X3-VVTK-0100c'
system info language count='9'
system info language i0='English'
system info language i1='Deutsch'
system info language i2='Español'
system info language i3='Français'
system info language i4='Italiano'
system_info_language_i5='日本語'
system info language i6='Português'
system info language i7='简体中文'
system info language i8='繁體中文'
system info language i9=''
< _
```

System > Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, reboot, upgrade firmware version, etc.

General settings > Upgrade firmware

Upgrade firmware	e	
Select firmware file:	Browse	Upgrade

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware of your Network Camera. It takes a few minutes to complete the process.

Note: Do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade!

Follow the steps below to upgrade the firmware:

- 1. Download the latest firmware file from the VIVOTEK website. The file is in .pkg file format.
- 2. Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file.
- 3. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

If the upgrade is successful, you will see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close". After that, refresh the management session with the Network Camera.

The following message is displayed when the upgrade has succeeded.

Reboot system now!! This connection will close.

The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

Starting firmware upgrade Do not power down the server during the upgrade. The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed. This will take about 1 - 5 minutes. Wrong PKG file format Unpack fail
Wrong PKG file format

General settings > Reboot

Reboot	
Reboot the device	Reboot

This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will be displayed during the reboot process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to http://192.168.5.151:80/ If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.

If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

General settings > Restore

Restore -			
Restore all se	ettings to factory default exc	cept settings in	
Network	Daylight saving time	Custom language	Restore

This feature allows you to restore the Network Camera's factory defaults.

<u>Network</u>: Select this option to retain the Network Type settings (please refer to Network Type on page 51).

<u>Daylight Saving Time</u>: Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings (please refer to Import/Export files below on this page).

<u>Custom Language</u>: Select this option to retain the Custom Language settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default. The following message is displayed during the restoring process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to http://192.168.5.151:80/
If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.

Import/Export files Advanced Mode

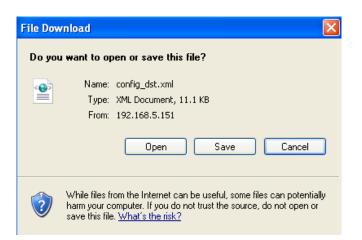
This feature allows you to Export / Update daylight saving time rules, custom language file, and configuration file.

General settings Import/Export files		
Export files		
Export daylight saving time configuration file Export		
Export language file Export		
Export configuration file	Export	
Export server status report	Export	
Upload files		
Update daylight saving time rules:	Browse Upload	
Update custom language file:	Browse Upload	
Upload configuration file:	Browse Upload	

Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the start and end time of DST.

Follow the steps below to export:

- 1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export the daylight saving time configuration file from the Network Camera.
- 2. A file download dialog will pop up as shown below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to store the file for editing.



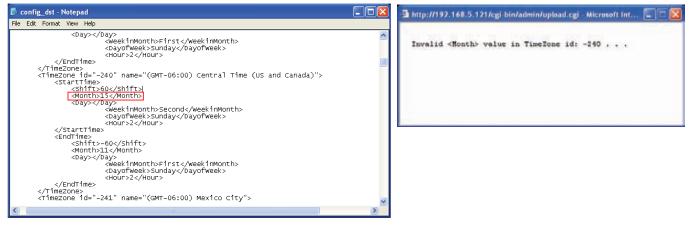
3. Open and edit the file using Microsoft[®] Notepad and locate your time zone in the strings; set the start and end time of DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.

🖡 config_dst - Notepad	
File Edit Format View Help	
<day></day> <weekinmonth>First</weekinmonth> <dayofweek>Sunday</dayofweek> <hour>2</hour> 	
<timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <timezone <time< td=""><td></td></time<></timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone </timezone 	
	>

Update daylight saving time rules: Click Browse... and specify the XML file to update.

If the incorrect date and time are assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.



The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.



<u>Export language file</u>: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

Update custom language file: Click Browse... and specify your own custom language file to upload.

Export configuration file: Click to export all parameters for the device and user-defined scripts.

<u>Update configuration file</u>: Click **Browse...** to update a configuration file. Please note that the model and firmware version of the device should be identical to those specified for the configuration file. If you have set up a fixed IP or other special settings for your device, it is not suggested to update a configuration file.

<u>Export server status report</u>: Click to export the current server status report, such as time, logs, parameters, process status, memory status, file system status, network status, kernel message..., and so on.

Security > User Account

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

Root Password

Root password	
Root password:	
Confirm root password:	Save

The administrator account name is "root", which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in the Manage User column, please apply the password for the "root" account first.

- 1. Type the password identically in both text boxes, then click **Save** to enable password protection.
- 2. A window will prompt for authentication; type the correct user's name and password in their respective fields to access the Network Camera.

Manage Privilege	Advanced Mode			
Г	Manage privilege			
		Operator	Viewer	
	Digital output:			
	PTZ control:		\checkmark	
	Allow anonymous viewing	9		Save

<u>Digital Output & PTZ control</u>: You can modify the manage privilege of operators or viewers. Check or uncheck the item, then click **Save** to enable the settings. If you give Viewers the privilege, Operators will also have the ability to control the Network Camera through the main page. (Please refer to Configuration on page 28).

<u>Allow anonymous viewing</u>: If this checkbox is selected, any client can access the live stream without entering a User ID and Password.

Manage User

— Manage User	
Existing user name:	Add new user 🗸
User name:	
User password:	Delete
Confirm user password:	Add
Privilege:	Administrator Vpdate
	Administrator
	Operator
	Viewer

Administrators can add up to 20 user accounts.

- 1. Input the new user's name and password.
- 2. Select the privilege level for the new user account. Click **Add** to enable the setting.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Although operators cannot access the Configuration page, they can use the URL Commands to get and set the camera parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the Network Camera at the Appendix of this manual. Viewers access only the main page for live viewing.

Here you also can change a user's access rights or delete user accounts.

- 1. Select an existing account to modify.
- 2. Make necessary changes and click **Update** or **Delete** to enable the setting.

Security > HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL) Advanced Mode

This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL (Secure Socket Layer). It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet on higher security level.

Create and Install Certificate Method

Before using HTTPS for communication with the Network Camera, a **Certificate** must be created first. There are three ways to create and install a certificate:

Create self-signed certificate automatically

- 1. Select the first option.
- 2. Check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
- 3. Click **Save** to generate a certificate.

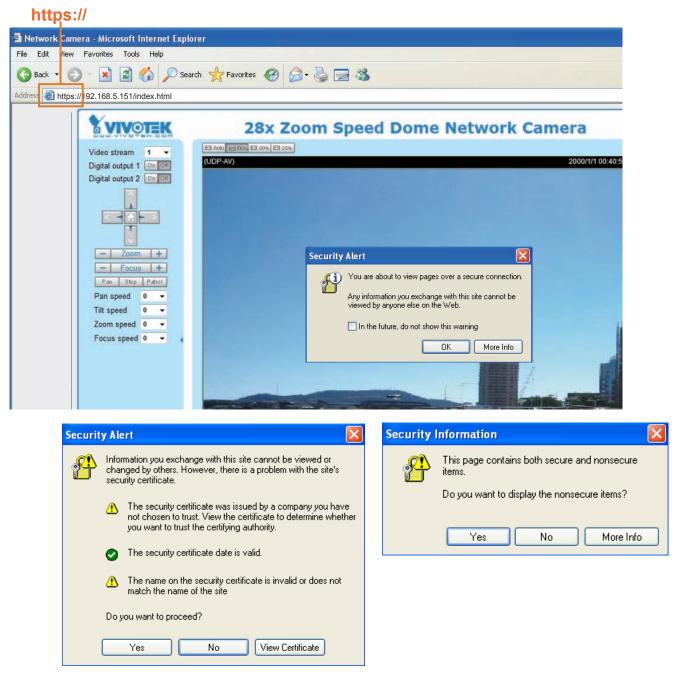
Create and install certificate method		
Oreate self-signed certificate automatically		
Create self-sign	ed certificate manually:	
Create certificat	e request and install:	
	Secure connection: HTTPS ON HTTPS only Please wait while the certificate is being generated	Save
Status:	Notinstalled	v
		Property

4. The Certificate Information will automatically be displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to view detailed information about the certificate.

Certificate information	
Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	Vivotek.Inc
Organization unit:	Vivotek.Inc
Common name:	www.vivotek.com

Property

Click Home to return to the main page. Change the address prefix from "<u>http://</u>" to "<u>https://</u>" in the address field and press Enter to proceed. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click OK or Yes to enable HTTPS.



Create self-signed certificate manually

- 1. Select the second option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page.



3. The following information will display in a pop-up window after clicking **Create**. Then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

Create certificate -	
Country:	TW
State or province:	Please wait while the certificate is being
Locality:	generated
Organization:	
Organization unit:	Vivotek.Inc
Common name:	www.vivotek.com
Validity:	3650 days
Save Close	

4. The Certificate Information will automatically be displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to see detailed information about the certificate.

Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	Vivotek.Inc
Organization unit:	Vivotek.Inc
Common name:	www.vivotek.com
	Property Remove

5. Check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only". Click **Save** to enable the settings.

<u>Create certificate and install</u> : Select this option if you want to create a certificate from a certificate authority.

- 1. Select the third option.
- 2. Click Create to open the Create Certificate page, then click Save to generate the certificate.

 Create and install ce 	ertificate method		
Create self-signed certificate automatically			
Create self-signed certificate manually			
Oreate certificate red	quest and install		
Certificate reque	Certificate request: Create		
Select certificate file: Browse Upload			
Create certificate			
Country:	TW		
State or province:	Please wait while the certificate is being		
Locality:	generated		
Organization:			
Organization unit:	Vivotek.Inc		
Common name:	www.vivotek.com		
Save			

3. If you see the following Information bar, click **OK** and click on the Information bar at the top of the page to allow pop-ups.

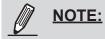


4. The pop-up window shows an example of a certificate request.

Create certificate request completed		
create certificate request completed		
Copy the PEM format request below and send it to a CA for identify validation. After that, you have to install it by clicking the "Upload" button on HTTPS page.		
Certificate request (PEM format)		
BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST MIIBsTCCARoCAQIwcTELMAkGA1UEBhMCVFcxDTALBgNVBAgTBEFzaWExDTALBgNV BACTBEFzaWExFDASBgNVBAoTC12pdm902WsuSW5jMRQwEgYDVQQLEwtWaX2vdGVr LkluYzEYMBYGA1UEAxMPd3d3Ln2pdm902WsuY29tMIGfMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUA A4GNADCBiQKBgQC4dcqFyUyYyBQnQZtHDfXYVQx1fngidhDp4MMpu5Iklej8FYqt NoS8N9LWGHXP7iR9h8JYGCe2FxTOO+1SN7gL15gWh3sUt+217b/6cKcLDSrIZWSx 16yp+1z/iQatqbe00AM6vF9Rhb59wTfTnIxsNMSaMmUzq/d19jqJbLsQQIDAQAB oAAvDQYJKo2IhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAdH4V5WoH1G2cktXunAmZ2o/ZMLXy0IEhTX8N pulZI9MyNMeWwld0Zhey6smzIGdwC0gnIRX61WnP5L9HaMu612kW800pEh2nJu0q +z9GIokRHTF7TnT7DdHJb5e/kTXKMmicpL1Nj2vdI4SJAvS+TT11Gh3BZWtDW8Jh L3udMZU= END CERTIFICATE REQUEST		

- 5. Look for a trusted certificate authority that issues digital certificates. Enroll the Network Camera. Wait for the certificate authority to issue an SSL certificate; click **Browse...** to search for the issued certificate, then click **Upload** in the column.
- 6. Check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only". Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Create and install certificate method		
Create self-signed certificate a	automatically	
Create self-signed certificate r	manually	
Oreate certificate request and	install	
Certificate request:	Create	
Select certificate file:	Browse Upload	
Enable HTTPS		
Enable HTTPS secure connec	ztion:	
	Save	



How do I cancel the HTTPS setting?

- 1. Deselect the **Enable HTTPS secure connection** checkbox in the middle column and click Save. A Warning message will prompt.
- 2. Click **OK** to disable HTTPS.

Create and install certificate method			
Create self-signed certificate aut	omatically		
O Create self-signed cer Microsof	ft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀		
Create certificate requ This will stop the HTTPS service, do you really want to stop it?			
- Enable HTTPS	OK Cancel		
Enable HTTPS secure			

3. The webpage will redirect to a non-HTTPS page automatically.

If you want to create and install other certificates, please remove the existing certificate.

 Certificate information 	
Status:	Active
Country:	W Microsoft Internet Explorer
State or province:	Asi
Locality:	Asi 🕐 Are you sure you want to delete the certificate?
Organization:	Viv
Organization unit:	Viv OK Cancel
Common name:	WWW.WOIEK.COM
	Property Remove

Security > Access List Advanced Mode

This section explains how to control access permission by verifying the client PC's IP address.

General Settings

-	General settings
	Maximum number of concurrent streaming: 10 💌 <u>View Information</u>
	Enable access list filtering

<u>Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to</u>: Simultaneous live viewing for 1~10 clients (including stream 1 and stream 2). The default value is 10. If you modify the value and click **Save**, all current connections will be disconnected and automatically attempt to re-link (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>View Information</u>: Click this button to display the connection status window showing a list of the current connections. For example:

	IP address	Elapsed time	User ID
	192.168.1.147	12:20:34	root
	61.22.15.3	00:10:09	
	192.168.3.25	45:00:34	greg
Re	fresh Add to d	eny list Disco	nnect Close

- IP address: Current connections to the Network Camera.
- Elapsed time: How much time the client has been at the webpage.
- User ID: If the administrator has set a password for the webpage, the clients have to enter a user name and password to access the live video. The user name will be displayed in the User ID column. If the administrator allows clients to make a connection without a user name and password, the User ID column will be empty.

There are some situations which allow clients access to the live video without a user name and password:

- 1. The administrator does not set up a root password. For more information about how to set up a root password and manage user accounts, please refer to Security > User account on page 40.
- 2. The administrator has set up a root password, but set **RTSP Authentication** to "disable". For more information about **RTSP Authentication**, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 59.
- 3. The administrator has set up a root password, but allows anonymous viewing. For more information about **Allow Anonymous Viewing**, please refer to page 40.
- Refresh: Click this button to refresh all current connections.
- Add to deny list: You can select entries from the Connection Status list and add them to the Deny List to deny their access. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and they will automatically retry a connection (IE Explorer or Quick Time Player). If you want to enable the denied list, please check Enable access list filtering and click Save in the first column.

Disconnect: If you want to break off the current connections, please select them and click this button. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and they will automatically retry a connection (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>Enable access list filtering</u>: Check this item and click **Save** if you want to enable the access list filtering function.

Filter

<u>Filter type</u>: Select **Allow** or **Deny** as the filter type. If you choose **Allow Type**, only those clients whose IP addresses are on the Access List below can access the Network Camera, and exclude the access from those that are not on the list. If you choose **Deny Type**, those clients whose IP addresses are on the Access List below will not be allowed to access the Network Camera, while those that are not on the list can.

Filter Type: O Allow O Deny

Then you can **Add** a rule to the following Access List. Please note that the IPv6 access list column will not be displayed unless you enable IPv6 on the Network page. For more information about **IPv6 Settings**, please refer to Network > Enable IPv6 on page 55 for detailed information.

IPv4 access list	 	 	
Add Delete	 	 	
IPv6 access list			
Add Delete			

There are three types of rules:

<u>Single</u>: This rule allows the user to add an IP address to the Allowed/Denied list. For example:

Filter address
Rule: Single 💌
IP address:
OK Cancel

<u>Network</u>: This rule allows the user to assign a network address and corresponding subnet mask to the Allow/Deny List in the CIDR format, e.g. 192.168.xx.xx/24. For example:

Filter address	
Rule: Network	
Network address / Network mask: 192.1	168.2.0 / 24
OK Cancel	

IP address 192.168.2.x will be bolcked.

<u>Range</u>: This rule allows the user to assign a range of IP addresses to the Allow/Deny List. Note: This rule is only applicable to IPv4 addresses. For example:

Filter address			
Rule: Range 💌			
IP address - IP address: 19	2.168.2.0 -	192.168.2.255	
OK Cancel			

Administrator IP address

<u>Always allow the IP address to access this device</u>: You can check this item and add the Administrator's IP address in this field to make sure the Administrator can always connect to the device.

Administrator IP address		
	Iways allow the IP address to access this device	

Security > IEEE 802.1x Advanced Mode

Enable this function if your network environment uses IEEE 802.1x, which is a port-based network access control. The network devices, intermediary switch/access point/hub, and RADIUS server must support and have their 802.1x settings enabled.

The 802.1x standard is designed to enhance the security of local area networks, which provides authentication to network devices (clients) attached to a network port (wired or wireless). If all certificates between client and server are verified, a point-to-point connection will be enabled; if authentication fails, access on that port will be prohibited. 802.1x utilizes an existing protocol, the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP), to facilitate communication.

■ The components of a protected network with 802.1x authentication:



- 1. Supplicant: A client end user (camera), which requests authentication.
- 2. Authenticator (an access point or a switch): A "go between" which restricts unauthorized end users from communicating with the authentication server.
- 3. Authentication server (usually a RADIUS server): Checks the client certificate and decides whether to accept the end user's access request.
- VIVOTEK Network Cameras support two types of EAP methods to perform authentication: EAP-PEAP and EAP-TLS.

Please follow the steps below to enable 802.1x settings:

- 1. Before connecting the Network Camera to the protected network with 802.1x, please apply a digital certificate from a Certificate Authority (i.e., network administrator of your company) which can be validated by a RADIUS server.
- Connect the Network Camera to a PC or notebook outside of the protected LAN. Open the configuration page of the Network Camera as shown below. Select EAP-PEAP or EAP-TLS as the EAP method. In the following blanks, enter your ID and password issued by the CA, then upload related certificate(s).

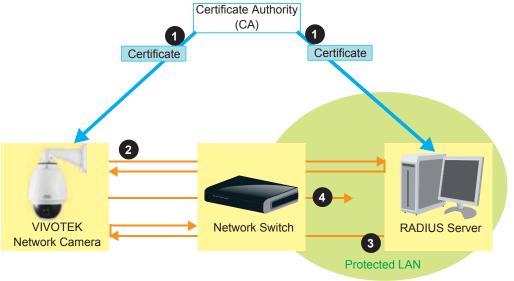
IEEE 802.1x	
Enable IEEE 802.1x	
EAP method:	EAP-PEAP
Identity:	
Password:	
CA certificate:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove

IEEE 802.1x	
Enable 802.1x	
EAP method:	EAP-TLS 💌
Identity:	
Private key passord:	
CA certificate:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove
client certificate:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove
Client private key:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove
client certificate: Status: no file Client private key:	Browse Upload Remove Browse Upload

3. When all settings are complete, move the Network Camera to the protected LAN by connecting it to an 802.1x enabled switch. The devices will then start the authentication automatically.



- Below is the authentication process for 802.1x:
- 1. The Certificate Authority (CA) provides the required signed certificates to the Network Camera (the supplicant) and the RADIUS Server (the authentication server).
- 2. A Network Camera requests access to the protected LAN using 802.1X via a switch (the authenticator). The client offers its identity and client certificate, which is then forwarded by the switch to the RADIUS Server, which uses an algorithm to authenticate the Network Camera and returns an acceptance or rejection back to the switch.
- 3. The switch also forwards the RADIUS Server's certificate to the Network Camera.
- 4. Assuming all certificates are validated, the switch then changes the Network Camera's state to authorized and is allowed access to the protected network via a pre-configured port.



Network > General settings

This section explains how to configure a wired network connection for the Network Camera.

Network Type

Network type	
IAN	
 Get IP address automatically 	
Use fixed IP address	
Enable UPnP presentation	
Enable UPnP port forwarding	
O PPPoE	
Enable IPv6	
	Save

LAN

Select this option when the Network Camera is deployed on a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting for the Network Type is LAN. Remember to click **Save** when you complete the Network setting.

<u>Get IP address automatically</u>: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

<u>Use fixed IP address</u>: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera.

192.168.4.108		
255.255.255.0		
192.168.4.1		
192.168.0.10		
192.168.0.20		
192.168.0.10		
192.168.0.20		
		Save
	255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1 192.168.0.10 192.168.0.20 192.168.0.10	255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1 192.168.0.10 192.168.0.20 192.168.0.10

- 1. You can make use of VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 on the software CD to easily set up the Network Camera on LAN. Please refer to Software Installation on page 12 for details.
- 2. Enter the Static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, and Primary DNS provided by your ISP.

<u>Subnet mask</u>: This is used to determine if the destination is in the same subnet. The default value is "255.255.255.0".

<u>Default router</u>: This is the gateway used to forward frames to destinations in a different subnet. Invalid router setting will fail the transmission to destinations in different subnet.

Primary DNS: The primary domain name server that translates host names into IP addresses.

Secondary DNS: Secondary domain name server that backups the Primary DNS.

<u>Primary WINS server</u>: The primary WINS server that maintains the database of computer name and IP address.

<u>Secondary WINS server</u>: The secondary WINS server that maintains the database of computer name and IP address.

<u>Enable UPnP presentation</u>: Select this option to enable UPnP[™] presentation for your Network Camera so that whenever a Network Camera is presented to the LAN, shortcuts of connected Network Cameras will be listed in My Network Places. You can click the shortcut to link to the web browser. Currently, UPnP[™] is supported by Windows XP or later. Note that to utilize this feature, please make sure the UPnP[™] component is installed on your computer.



<u>Enable UPnP port forwarding</u>: To access the Network Camera from the Internet, select this option to allow the Network Camera to open ports on the router automatically so that video streams can be sent out from a LAN. To utilize of this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnPTM and it is activated.

PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)

Select this option to configure your Network Camera to make it accessible from anywhere as long as there is an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your Network Camera's public IP address.

- 1. Set up the Network Camera on the LAN.
- 2. Go to Configuration > Event > Event settings > Add server (please refer to Add server on page 87) to add a new email or FTP server.
- 3. Go to Configuration > Event > Event settings > Add media (please refer to Add media on page 91). Select System log so that you will receive the system log in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address in your email or on the FTP server.
- 4. Go to Configuration > Network > General settings > Network type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to enable the setting.

Network type		
© LAN		
PPPoE		
User name:		
Password:		
Confirm password:		
Enable IPv6		
	Save	

- 5. The Network Camera will reboot.
- 6. Disconnect the power to the Network Camera; remove it from the LAN environment.



NOTE:

► If the default ports are already used by other devices connected to the same router, the Network Camera will select other ports for the Network Camera.

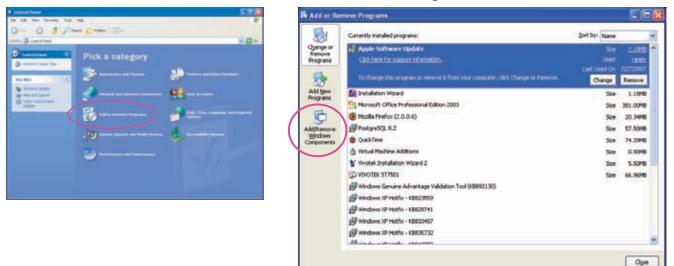
▶ If UPnP[™] is not supported by your router, you will see the following message:

Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.

▶ Below are steps to enable the UPnPTM user interface on your computer:

Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnPTM components.

1. Go to Start, click Control Panel, then click Add or Remove Programs.

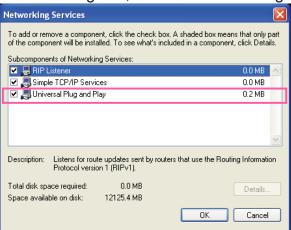


2. In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click Add/Remove Windows Components.

/indows Components You can add or remove com	ponents of Windows XP.	ľ
To add or remove a compone part of the component will be Details.		shaded box means that only icluded in a component, click
Components:		
🔲 🚅 Message Queuing		0.0 MB 🔼
MSN Explorer		13.5 MB
🗹 🚉 Networking Services		0.3 MB
	nd Print Services	0.0 MB 📃
🔲 🚔 Other Network File a		
 Other Network File a Section 1 	ates	0.0 MB 🔛
V 🖾 Undate Boot Certifica		related services and protocols.
V 🖾 Undate Boot Certifica	ety of specialized, network-	

3. In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select Networking Services and click Details.

4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select Universal Plug and Play and click OK.



5. Click Next in the following window.

√indows Components You can add or remove compo	nents of Windows XP.	l
To add or remove a component part of the component will be in: Details.		
Components:		
🗌 🚅 Message Queuing		0.0 MB 🔼
🗹 💙 MSN Explorer		13.5 MB
🗹 🚉 Networking Services		0.3 MB 💼
🔲 불 Other Network File and	Print Services	0.0 MB
Indate Boot Certificate	\$	оомв 💌
Description: Contains a variety	of specialized, network-	related services and protocols.
Total disk space required:	0.0 MB	
	10105 A MP	Details
Space available on disk:	12123.4 MD	

6. Click Finish. UPnP[™] is enabled.

► How does UPnPTM work?

UPnP[™] networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available among each other without the need for cumbersome network configuration. In the case of Network Cameras, you will see Network Camera shortcuts under My Network Places.

► Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the Network Camera to open a secondary HTTP port on the router-not HTTP port-meaning that you have to add the secondary HTTP port number to the Network Camera's public address in order to access the Network Camera from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

From the Internet	In LAN
•	http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

► If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or the Internet access is not working, restore the Network Camera to factory default; please refer to Restore on page 37 for details. After the Network Camera is reset to factory default, it will be accessible on the LAN.

Enable IPv6

Select this option and click **Save** to enable IPv6 settings.

Please note that this only works if your network environment and hardware equipment support IPv6. The browser should be Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer 6.5, Mozilla Firefox 3.0 or above.

Network type	
◎ LAN	
PPPoE	
User name:	
Password:	
Confirm password:	
🔽 Enable IPv6	
IPv6 information	
Manually setup the IP address	
	Save

When IPv6 is enabled, by default, the network camera will listen to router advertisements and be assigned with a link-local IPv6 address accordingly.

IPv6 Information: Click this button to obtain the IPv6 information as shown below.

	<u>close</u>
[eth0 address]	_
fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe0e:d4c8/64@Link	
[Gateway]	
IPv6 address list of gateway	
[DNS]	
IPv6 address list of DNS	
ן די דודרס אטוג - ד ו אס די	

If your IPv6 settings are successful, the IPv6 address list will be listed in the pop-up window. The IPv6 address will be displayed as follows:

Refers to Ethernet

Link-global IPv6 address/network mask
Link-local IPv6 address/network mask

Please follow the steps below to link to an IPv6 address:

- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. Enter the link-global or link-local IPv6 address in the address bar of your web browser.
- 3. The format should be:



4. Press **Enter** on the keyboard or click **Refresh** button to refresh the webpage. For example:

Camera - Microsoft Internet Explorer View Favorites Tools Help	
 Search 10 Search 10 Sea	
VIVOTEK	

- NOTE:
- If you have a Secondary HTTP port (the default value is 8080), you can also link to the webpage in the following address format: (Please refer to HTTP streaming on page 58 for detailed information.)



► If you choose PPPoE as the Network Type, the [PPP0 address] will be displayed in the IPv6 information column as shown below.

I	[eth0 address]
	fe80:0000.0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299/64@Link
	[ppp0 address]
	fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299/10@Link
	2001;b100:01c0:0002:0202:d1ff;fe11:2299/64@Global
	[Gateway]
	fe80::90:1a00:4142:8ced
	[DNS]
	2001:b000::1

<u>Manually setup the IP address</u>: Select this option to manually set up IPv6 settings if your network environment does not have DHCPv6 server and router advertisements-enabled routers.

If you check this item, the following blanks will be displayed for you to enter the corresponding information:

IPv6 information	
Manually setup the IP address	
Optional IP address / Prefix length	64
Optional default router	
Optional primary DNS	

_	
n	TT.
U	I L

Port	
HTTPS port:	443
Two way audio port:	5060
FTP port:	21

HTTPS port: By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

<u>Two way audio port</u>: By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The Network Camera supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client, to enable the two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" or "H.264" on the Media > Video > Stream settings page and the media option is set to "Media > Video > Stream settings" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client Settings on page 26 and Stream settings on page 78.



Audio is being transmitted to the Network Camera

M IMPORTANT!

The network camera does not come with an embedded microphone. An externally connected microphone is necessary, and hence the default audio is mute. If your connect a microphone, you should deselect the audio mute checkbox in Media -> Audio setting page.

Click 🛃 to enable audio transmission to the Network Camera; click 🕍 to adjust the volume of microphone; click 🖞 to turn off the audio. To stop talking, click 🕞 again.

<u>FTP port</u>: The FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. You can utilize VIVOTEK's Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade the firmware via FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21. It also can be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

Network > Streaming protocols Advanced Mode

HTTP streaming

To utilize HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security > User account on page 40 for details.

HTTP streaming F	TSP streaming		
Authentication:		basic 🔻	
HTTP port:		80	
Secondary HTTP po	rt:	8080	
Access name for str	eam 1:	video.mjpg	
Access name for str	eam 2:	video2.mjpg	
Access name for str	eam 3:	video3.mjpg	
Access name for str	eam 4:	video4.mjpg	
Access name for str	eam 5:	videoany.mjpg	
			Save

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for an HTTP transaction: basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format and there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

<u>HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port</u>: By default, the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080. They can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:



To access the Network Camera on the LAN, both the HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the Network Camera. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

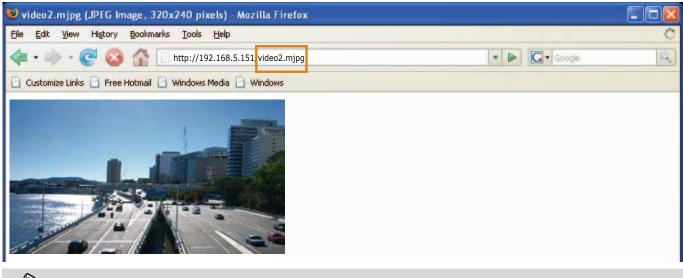
On the LAN
http://192.168.4.160 or
http://192.168.4.160:8080

<u>Access name for stream 1 ~ 5</u>: This Network camera supports multiple streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source. Users can click **Media > Video > Stream settings** to set up the video quality of linked streams. For more information about how to set up the video quality, please refer to Stream settings on page 78.

When using Mozilla Firefox or Netscape to access the Network Camera and the video mode is set to JPEG, users will receive video comprised of continuous JPEG images. This technology, known as "server push", allows the Network Camera to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox and Netscape.

URL command -- http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream 1 ~ 5> For example, when the Access name for stream 2 is set to video2.mjpg:

- 1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
- 2. Type the above URL command in the address bar. Press Enter.
- 3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.



- NOTE:
- Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer does not support server push technology; therefore, using http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream 1 ~ 5> will fail to access the Network Camera.
- Users can only use URL commands to request the stream 5. For more information about URL commands, please refer to page 111.

RTSP Streaming

To utilize RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that you have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security > User account on page 40 for details.

HTTP streaming RTSP streaming	
Authentication:	
Addrenication.	disable 🔻
Access name for stream 1:	live.sdp
Access name for stream 2:	live2.sdp
Access name for stream 3:	live3.sdp
Access name for stream 4:	live4.sdp
Access name for stream 5:	liveany.sdp
RTSP port:	554
RTP port for video:	5556
RTCP port for video:	5557
RTP port for audio:	5558
RTCP port for audio:	5559

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic, and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format, but there can be potential risks of it being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm, thus providing better protection against unauthorized access.

The availability of the RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes is listed in the following table:

	Quick Time player	Real Player
Disable	0	0
Basic	0	0
Digest	0	Х

<u>Access name for stream 1 ~ 5</u>: This Network camera supports multiple streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use an RTSP player to access the Network Camera, you have to set the video mode to H.264 / MPEG-4 and use the following RTSP URL command to request transmission of the streaming data.

rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream1 ~ 5>

For example, when the access name for stream 1 is set to live.sdp:

- 1. Launch an RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. Type the above URL command in the text box. -
- 4. The live video will be displayed in your player as shown below.



RTSP po	ort /RTP	<u>port for video,</u>	audio/ RTCP	port for video,	audio
---------	----------	------------------------	-------------	-----------------	-------

- RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.
- The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video and audio data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556 and the RTP port for audio is set to 5558.
- The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the Network Camera to transmit the data by monitoring the Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557 and the RTCP port for audio is set to 5559.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is the RTP port number plus one, and thus is always an odd number. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:



Open URL		X
Enter an Internet URL to op	en:	_
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554/	live.sdp	
		OK Cancel

<u>Multicast settings for stream 1 ~ 4</u>: Click the items to display the detailed configuration information. Select the Always multicast option to enable multicast for stream $1 \sim 4$.

Multicast settings for stream 1:		Wulticast settings for stream 3	
📃 Always multicast		Always multicast	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.99	Multicast group address:	239.128.1.101
Multicast video port:	5560	Multicast video port:	5568
Multicast RTCP video port:	5561	Multicast RTCP video port:	5569
Multicast audio port:	5562	Multicast audio port:	5570
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5563	Multicast RTCP audio port:	5571
Multicast TTL (1~255):	15	Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15
Multicast settings for stream 2:		🐭 Multicast settings for stream 4	
📃 Always multicast		Always multicast	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.100	Multicast group address:	239.128.1.102
Multicast video port:	5564	Multicast video port:	5572
Multicast RTCP video port:	5565	Multicast RTCP video port:	5573
Multicast audio port:	5566	Multicast audio port:	5574
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5567	Multicast RTCP audio port:	5575

Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, enabling multicast can effectively save Internet bandwidth.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and thus is always odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:



<u>Multicast TTL [1~255]</u>: The multicast TTL (Time To Live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

Network > QoS (Quality of Service) Advanced Mode

Quality of Service refers to a resource reservation control mechanism, which guarantees a certain quality to different services on the network. Quality of service guarantees are important if the network capacity is insufficient, especially for real-time streaming multimedia applications. Quality can be defined as, for instance, a maintained level of bit rate, low latency, no packet dropping, etc.

The following are the main benefits of a QoS-aware network:

- The ability to prioritize traffic and guarantee a certain level of performance to the data flow.
- The ability to control the amount of bandwidth each application may use, and thus provide higher reliability and stability on the network.

Requirements for QoS

To utilize QoS in a network environment, the following requirements must be met:

- All network switches and routers in the network must include support for QoS.
- The network video devices used in the network must be QoS-enabled.

QoS models

CoS (the VLAN 802.1p model)

IEEE802.1p defines a QoS model at OSI Layer 2 (Data Link Layer), which is called CoS, Class of Service. It adds a 3-bit value to the VLAN MAC header, which indicates the frame priority level from 0 (lowest) to 7 (highest). The priority is set up on the network switches, which then use different queuing disciplines to forward the packets.

Below is the setting column for CoS. Enter the **VLAN ID** of your switch ($0\sim4095$) and choose the priority for each application ($0\sim7$).

- CoS	
📝 Enable CoS	
VLAN ID:	1
Live video:	0 -
Live audio:	0 -
Event/Alarm:	0 -
Management:	0 💌

If you assign Video the highest level, the switch will handle video packets first.



► A VLAN Switch (802.1p) is required. Web browsing may fail if the CoS setting is incorrect.

- Class of Service technologies do not guarantee a level of service in terms of bandwidth and delivery time; they offer a "best-effort." Users can think of CoS as "coarsely-grained" traffic control and QoS as "finely-grained" traffic control.
- Although CoS is simple to manage, it lacks scalability and does not offer end-to-end guarantees since it is based on L2 protocol.

Save

QoS/DSCP (the DiffServ model)

DSCP-ECN defines QoS at Layer 3 (Network Layer). The Differentiated Services (DiffServ) model is based on packet marking and router queuing disciplines. The marking is done by adding a field to the IP header, called the DSCP (Differentiated Services Codepoint). This is a 6-bit field that provides 64 different class IDs. It gives an indication of how a given packet is to be forwarded, known as the Per Hop Behavior (PHB). The PHB describes a particular service level in terms of bandwidth, queueing theory, and dropping (discarding the packet) decisions. Routers at each network node classify packets according to their DSCP value and give them a particular forwarding treatment; for example, how much bandwidth to reserve for it.

Below are the setting options of DSCP (DiffServ Codepoint). Specify the DSCP value for each application (0~63).

0000000		
Enable QoS/DSCP		
Live video:	0	
Live audio:	0	
Event/Alarm:	0	
Management:	0	

Network > DDNS

This section explains how to configure the dynamic domain name service for the Network Camera. DDNS is a service that allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

Express link

Express Link is a free service provided by VIVOTEK server, which allows users to register a domain name for a network device. One URL can only be mapped to one MAC address. This service will check if a host name is valid and automatically open a port on your router. Unlike DDNS, for which a user has to manually check out UPnP port forwarding, the Express Link is more convenient and easy to set up.

Express link	Manual setup					
I Enable e http://	kpress link	.2bthere.net	Help Save			
By Express link, all users need to do is create host name for the camera. It will generate the link to access the camera from internet.						

Please follow the steps below to enable Express Link:

- 1. Make sure that your router supports UPnP port forwarding and it is activated, or you may see the following warning message: "Express link is not supported under current network environment."
- 2. Select the Enable express link checkbox.
- 3. Enter a host name for the network device and click **Save**. If the host name has been used by another device, a warning message will prompt. If the host name is valid, it will show a message as shown below.

below.	Express link	Manual setup				
	🔽 Enable e	xpress link				
	http:// 0002D	1123456	.2bthere.net	Help	Save	
	The camera of	can now be accessed at <u>htt</u>	p://0002D1123456.2bthere.net			
	505200-02006					
Network Ca	mera - Microsoft Int	ternet Explorer				
File Edit View	w Favorites Tools	Help				
G Back 🔹 (🕥 - 💌 🖻 🦿	🏠 🔎 Search 👷 Favorites	ð 🗟 - 💺 🗔 🦓			
http	os://0002D1123456.2b	there.net				
	VIVOTEK			1		
	Video stream 2 - Digital cutput 1 0000 Digital cutput 2 0000	(1CP-V)		<u>j</u> f		

Manual setup

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service

DDNS: Dynamic domair	
Enable DDNS	
Provider:	Dyndns.org(Dynamic)
Host name:	
User name:	
Password:	

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the provider drop-down list.

VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service, to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's Network Cameras from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org(Dynamic), Dyndns.org(Custom), TZO. com, DHS.org, CustomSafe100, dyn-interfree.it.

Note that before utilizing this function, please apply for a dynamic domain account first.

■ Safe100.net

- 1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
- In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key, and Confirm Key, and click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a success message will be displayed in the DDNS Registration Result column.

_	- Register						
	Register						
	Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net					
	Email:	wtk@vivotek.com					
	Key:	••••	Forget key				
	Confirm key:	••••					
	To apply for a domain name for the camera,	or to modify the previou	usly registered information, fill in				
	the following fields and then click "Register".						
	Register						
	DDNS registration result						
	[Register] Successfully. Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address.						
Upon successful registration, you can click copy to automatically upload relevant information to the							
	DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Ther	n, click "Save" to save n	new settings.				

3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column at the top of the page as seen in the picture.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service						
Enable DDNS						
Provider:	Safe100.net					
Host name:	wtk.safe100.net	[*.safe100.net]				
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com					
Key:	••••					
		Save				
Register						
Host name:	wtk.safe100.net					
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com					
Key:	••••	Forget key				
Confirm key:	••••					
To apply for a domain name for th	e camera, or to modify the prev	iously registered information,				
fill in the following fields and then	click "Register".					
Register						
DDNS registration result						
[Register] Successfully. Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address.						
Upon successful registration, you	can click copy to automatically	upload relevant information to				
the DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Then, click "Save" to save new settings.						

4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish a CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

- 1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from the drop-down list.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Email, Key, and Confirm Key; then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a success message in the DDNS Registration Result column.
- 3. Click **Copy** and all for the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
- 4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

<u>Forget key</u>: Click this button if you have forgotten the key to Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

Refer to the following links to apply for a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:

- Dyndns.org(Dynamic) / Dyndns.org(Custom): visit http://www.dyndns.com/
- TZO.com: visit http://www.tzo.com/
- DHS.org: visit http://www.dhs.org/
- dyn-interfree.it: visit http://dyn-interfree.it/

Network > SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)

Advanced Mode

This section explains how to use the SNMP on the network camera. The Simple Network Management Protocol is an application layer protocol that facilitates the exchange of management information between network devices. It helps network administrators to remotely manage network devices and find, solve network problems with ease.

- The SNMP consists of the following three key components:
- 1. Manager: Network-management station (NMS), a server which executes applications that monitor and control managed devices.
- 2. Agent: A network-management software module on a managed device which transfers the status of managed devices to the NMS.
- 3. Managed device: A network node on a managed network. For example: routers, switches, bridges, hubs, computer hosts, printers, IP telephones, network cameras, web server, and database.

Before configuring SNMP settings on the this page, please enable your NMS first.

SNMP Configuration

Enable SNMPv1, SNMPv2c

Select this option and enter the names of Read/Write community and Read Only community according to your NMS settings.

Enable SNMPv1, SNMPv2c

SNMPv1, SNMPv2c Settings					
Read/Write community:	Private				
Read only community:	Public				

Enable SNMPv3

This option contains cryptographic security, a higher security level, which allows you to set the Authentication password and the Encryption password.

- Security name: According to your NMS settings, choose Read/Write or Read Only and enter the community name.
- Authentication type: Select MD5 or SHA as the authentication method.

Enable SNMPv3

- Authentication password: Enter the password for authentication (at least 8 characters).
- Encryption password: Enter a password for encryption (at least 8 characters).

SNMPv3 Settings		
Read/Write Security name:	Private	
Authentication Type:	MD5 💌	
Authentication Password:		
Encryption Password:		
Read only Security name:	Public	
Authentication Type:	MD5 💌	
Authentication Password:		
Encryption Password:		

Media > Image Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the image settings of the Network Camera. It is composed of the following four tabbed menus: General settings, Preference, Exposure, and Privacy mask.

General settings

General settings	Preference	Exposure	Privacy mask
Show following inf		eos and sna	pshots
Video orientation:			
V Flip			
Mirror			
Color:			Color
Day/Night settings	2		
			Save

<u>Timestamp and video title</u>: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video as the picture shown below.



<u>Video orientation</u>: Flip--vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror--horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the Network Camera is installed upside-down (e.g., on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation. Please note that the preset locations will be cleared after you change the flip/mirror setting.

<u>Color</u>: Select to display color or black/white video streams.

Day/Night Settings

The Day/Night related settings has been moved to the Exposure page. A hyperlink is provided instead. Refer to the following discussions for its details.

Preference

On this page, you can tune the White balance, Image adjustment and individual image profile settings. You can configure two sets of peference settings: one for normal situations, the other for special situations, such as day/night/schedule mode.

	General settings	Preference	Exposure	Privacy mask	
		(UDP-V)		2011/9/5 11:37:03	
	White balan Auto	nce		Fix current value	
For normal situations — Sensor Setting 1:	Image adju Brightness: Contrast: Sharpness:	stment			1
Sensor Setting 2: For special situations	Profile		Preview	Restore Save	

White balance: Adjust the value for the best color temperature.

- Auto: It will automatically adjust the color temperature of the light in response to different light sources. You may follow the steps below to adjust the white balance to the best color temperature.
- 1. Set the White balance to Auto.
- 2. Place a sheet of white paper in front of the lens, then allow the Network Camera to adjust the color temperature automatically.
- 3. Check **Fix current value** to confirm the setting while the white balance is being measured.
- Manual: This item allows users to manually tune the R gain & B gain values.

Image Adjustment

- Brightness: Adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from -5 to +5.
- Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from -5 to +5. Please note that this function will be disabled if you enable WDR enhancement in the next column.

■ Sharpness: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from -3 to +3. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

If you want to configure another sensor setting for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Profile Settings page as shown below.

(UDP-V)		2011/	9/5 11:45:24	
			a loss	
General settings Enable and apply this profile Day mode Night mode Schedule mode	to			
White balance			F	ix current value
Image adjustment Brightness: - Contrast: - Sharpness: -		0		[+

Please follow the steps below to setup a profile:

- 1. Check Enable and apply this profile.
- 2. Select the applied mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a range of time if you choose the Schedule mode.
- 3. Configure the settings in the following columns.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

Exposure Advanced Mode

On this page, you can set the Exposure level, Exposure mode, Exposure time, Iris, and Gain control settings. You can configure two sets of Exposure settings: one for normal situations, the other for special situations, such as day/night/schedule mode.

r	General settings	Preference	Exposure	Privacy mask	-	
		(UDP-V)			2011/9/5 11:49:50	
						<
				1	-	
			Series and			
			1		- Mark	
		-	-1			
		11	0/-		160	
	 Exposure con 	trol				
	Exposure level:		0.3 💌			
	856		6 db		28 db	
	Automatic gain o			-0		14 db
	Exposure mode:		Manual			
	Exposure time:		1/10000	1/100	1/1	1/60
	Iris adjustment:		F22		F1.35	F2.8
			0 db		28 db	
Sensor Setting 1:	Gain control:			<u> </u>		8 db
For normal situations	WDR					
	Mode:			Off 💌		
			12) _j
	- Day/Night -		-			
	IR cut filter:	action	Day more	ie 💌		
		ection				
	EIS Enable imag	a stabilizar				12
		ye ətabilizel				
Sens	or Setting 2	2:	$ \rightarrow $	Pro	ofile	Save
	pecial situa					

Before you start tuning the exposure related settings, please note that each Exposure mode contains different configurable features. The options are shown below:

Exposure control		
Exposure level:	0.3 💌	
Automatic gain control:	6 db	28 db 8 db
Exposure mode:	Auto	
Back light compensation	Auto Shutter Priority	
	Iris Priority	
	Manual	

Exposure modes	Configurable features
Auto	> Back light compensation
Shutter Priority	> Exposure time
Iris Priority	> Iris adjustment
Manual	> Exposure time
	> Iris adjustment
	> Gain control

Exposure control:

- Exposure level: You can manually set the Exposure level, which ranges from -2.0 to +2.0 (dark to bright).
- Automatic gain control: Selects the reasonable gain value to maintain a good picture. Note that the gain level, lighting levels and picture performance are closely related.
- Exposure mode: Select Auto, Shutter Priority, Iris Priority, or Manual mode according to your needs. For example, if the camera aims to monitor fast moving objects such as traffic control, you might utilize the Shutter Priority mode. Then, tune the slide bar to set the Exposure time and Gain Control to the best image quality.
 - Auto Mode:
 - Back Light Compensation (only available with the Auto mode): This option will automatically adjust the display of images according to the brightness of an object which is at the center of a camera's focus.

If you select the **Auto mode**, the Exposure time and Iris adjustment will be not configurable since the sensor library will automatically adjust the value according to the ambient light.

- Shutter Priority:
- Exposure time: The Exposure time setting allows tuning for more or less light into the lens. The configurable value ranges from 1/10000 to the longest 1/1 second. An optimum shutter speed should be maintained as long as the light level of the scene permits.
- Iris Priority:
- Iris adjustment: The value is measured in the F-number as the ratio of the focal length to the lens diameter. Iris size is inversely proportional to the F-number; therefore, the smaller the F-number, the greater is the exposure ratio. Smaller F-number (larger exposure ratio, largest size of lens aperture opening) is shown on the right of the slide bar.
- Manual: (the Manual mode enables access to the configurable features above)
- Exposure time: see above for description.
- Iris Adjustment: see above for description.

- Gain control: see above for description.

WDR (Wide Dynamic Range): This function allows users to identify more image details in an environment with dark objects posed against an extremely bright background. You may enable the function by selecting Auto or the Manual mode, and then adjust the sensitivity and correction level (low, medium, high) to acquire the best image quality.

WDR		WDR	
Mode:	Auto	Mode:	Manual 💌
Sensitivity:	Low	Strength:	Low
Strength:	Low	Long exposure:	1/60s
		Short exposure:	1/4500 💌



This camera supports Double exposure in the WDR mode. Double exposure is an advanced firmware algorithm that delivers best image quality by comparing two video frames taken with different shutter speeds, e.g., 1/60s and 1/4500s, and rendering data points from them into a well-balanced image. Note that if this feature is enabled, the camera's video frame rate will be halved, e.g., from 60fps to 30fps. With frames taken at two different shutter speeds, the Long exposure is always set at 1/60s, while the Short exposure value is user-configurable depending on the lighting condition of where the camera is deployed.

When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the setting.

Please follow the steps below to setup a profile:

- 1. Check Enable and apply this profile.
- 2. Select the applied mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a range of time if you choose the Schedule mode.
- 3. Configure Exposure control settings in the folowing columns.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the page.

If you want to configure another sensor setting for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Profile settings page as shown below. For instance, you will need a longer exposure time for a night-time vision

For configuration details in this window, please refer to the previous discussions.

>Profile of exposure	settings		
(UDP-V)		2011/9/5	13:27:41
Activated period			
Enable and apply this profi	ile to		
🔘 Day mode			
Night mode			
Schedule mode			
Exposure control Exposure level: Automatic gain control: Exposure mode: Back light compensation	0 x 6 db		28 db 14 db
WDR			
Mode:	Off 💌		
Day/Night			
IR cut filter:	Auto mode 👻		
CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	High		Low
Sensitivity of IR cut filter:			51
IR light detection			
EIS			
		Close	Save

Day/Night Settings

Auto mode Day mode Night mode	Day/Night	Auto mode	
Schedule mode		High	Low
	Sensitivity of IR cut filter:		_
	IR light detection		
	Day/Night IR cut filter:	Schedule mode 💌	
		Day mode: From 06:00 to 18:00	[hh:mm]
	IR light detection		

IR cut filter

With a removable IR-cut filter, this Network Camera can automatically remove the filter to let IR light into the sensor during low light conditions.

Auto mode

The Network Camera automatically removes the filter by judging the level of ambient light where its sensitivity can be altered.

Day mode

In day mode, the Network Camera switches on the IR cut filter at all times to block infrared light from reaching the sensor so that the colors will not be distorted.

Night mode

In the night mode, the Network Camera switches off its IR cut filter at all times for the sensor to capture infrared light, thus helping to improve low light sensitivity.

Schedule mode

The Network Camera switches between day mode and night mode based on a specified schedule. Enter the start and end time for day mode. Note that the time format is [hh:mm] and is expressed in 24-hour clock time. By default, the start and end time of day mode are set to 07:00 and 18:00.

- 1. When set to Night mode, the image display automatically changes to Black and White.
- 2. There is no Preview button in the Exposure window. Configuration changes are directly reflected on the live view window.

IR light detection

A speed dome camera often needs to capture images hundreds of meters away. As the result, external IR lights are rarely implemented with a speed dome camera for their effective range is shorter. However, if you do implement an external IR light, it is recommended to select this checkbox. The IR light detection function's default is "off."

Enabling this function allows the camera module to distinguish visible and infrared lights, so that the camera module does not mistakenly enter Day mode when the surrounding environment is well-lighted by an external IR light.

EIS

EIS (Electronic image stabilization): Vibrations are almost unavoidable for speed dome cameras which are often installed on a high pole mount. In places like airports or train stations vibrations can come from wind or heavy traffic, and can cause troubles when zooming in on a traget. The EIS compensation filters reduce the effects of vibration movents and helps create a sharper image.

📄 Enable image stabilizer

Privacy mask Advanced Mode

Click **Privacy Mask** to open the settings page. On this page, you can block out certain sensitive zones to address privacy concerns.

UDP-V)		20	11/9/5 14:31:25		A 0	V	
E			Contra a		Home]	•
					Zoom		+
			1288	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Focus		+)
and the state	-			Pan speed		4	-
				Tilt speed		0	-
and the second	1	1-3 -		Zoom spee	d	0	-
and the second second				Focus spee	d	2	
110			60	Go to: Se	lect one		•
Privacy mas	sk						
📝 Enable p	rivacy mask				4		
Color:							
Name:				Add)		
						1	

To set the privacy mask windows, follow the steps below:

- 1. Use the keypad on the upper right to look for a target that will be masked. You may also use mouse clicks on the screen or your joystick to move around. Use the **Go to** menu to quickly select a preset position.
- 2. Place your cursor on the rim of the hollow square to change the size of the masking window. It is recommended to be at least twice the size of the object (height and width) to be masked.
- 3. Click on the **Enable privacy mask** checkbox to display the drop-down menus.
- 4. Select a color for the mask from the **Color** menu. The masking color will appear when the configuration is done.
- 5. Enter a Window Name and click **Add** to enable the setting.

To modify or remove an existing mask window, select the window from the **Privacy mask** menu, and then click on the **Modify** or **Delete** buttons.



Up to 24 privacy mask windows can be configured on the same screen.

Media > Video	
Stream settings Advanced Mode	
Stream settings	
Video settings for stream 1	
Video settings for stream 2	
Video settings for stream 3	
Video settings for stream 4	
	Save

This Network Camera supports multiple streams with frame size ranging from QCIF to D1 (in PAL and NTSC).

Click on individual stream number to display the detailed information.

🐭 Video settings for stream 1		Video settings for stream 3	
MPEG-4		MPEG-4	
H.264		H.264	
Frame size:	D1 💌	Frame size:	
Maximum frame rate:	50 fps 💌	Maximum frame rate:	5 fps 💌
Intra frame period:	1S 💌	Intra frame period:	1S 💌
Video quality		Video quality	
Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps 💌	Constant bit rate:	40 Kbps 💌
Fixed quality:	Good	Fixed quality:	Good 💌
◎ JPEG		JPEG	
✓ Video settings for stream 2		☆ Video settings for stream 4	
-		MPEG-4	
MPEG-4		H.264	
○ H.264		Frame size:	D1 💌
IPEG		Maximum frame rate:	50 fps 💌
Frame size:	D1 💌	Intra frame period:	1S 💌
Maximum frame rate:	25 fps 💌	·	
Video quality	Good 💌	Video quality	
		Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps 💌
		Fixed quality:	Good

JPEG

This Network Camera offers real-time H.264, MPEG-4 and MJEPG compression standards (Triple Codec) for real-time viewing.

If H.264 / MPEG-4 mode is selected, the video is streamed via RTSP protocol. There are four parameters for you to adjust the video performance:

w)	Video settings for stre	am 1		
	MPEG-4			
	H.264			
	Frame siz	e:	D1 💌	
	Maximum	frame rate:	50 fps	
	Intra frame	e period:	1S 💌	
	Video qua	lity		
	Co	instant bit rate:	512 Kbps	
	Fix	ed quality:	Good	-
	JPEG			

Frame size

You can set up different video resolutions for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth.

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

Intra frame period

Determine how often to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following durations: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds, and 4 seconds.

Video quality

A complex scene generally produces a larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. Therefore, if Constant bit rate is selected, the bandwidth utilization is fixed at a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performance. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps, 4Mbps, 6Mbps, and 8Mbps. You can also select Customize and manually enter a value.

On the other hand, if Fixed quality is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select Customize and manually enter a value.

If **JPEG** mode is selected, the Network Camera continuously sends JPEG images to the client, producing a moving effect similar to a filmstrip. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. Because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the client. There are three parameters provided in MJPEG mode to control the video performance:



Frame size

You can set up different video resolution for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth.

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps, and 50fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps, 30fps, and 60fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value. The frame rate will decrease if you select a higher resolution.

Video quality

The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

NOTE:

- Video quality and fixed quality refer to the compression rate, therefore, a lower value produces higher quality.
- Converting high-quality video may significantly increase the CPU load, and you may encounter streaming disconnections or video loss while capturing a complicated scene. In the event of occurrence, we suggest you customize to a lower video resolution or reduce the frame rate to obtain smooth video.

Media > Audio

Audio Settings

Audio settings		
Mute		
External microphone input gain:	1	100 23
Audio type		
AAC bit rate:	16 Kbps 💌	
GSM-AMR bit rate:	12.2 Kbps 💌	
🔘 G.711:	pcmu 💌	
		Save

<u>Mute</u>: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the Network Camera to all clients. Note that if mute mode is turned on, no audio data will be transmitted even if audio transmission is enabled on the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed:

Warning 🛛 🔀
The media type has been changed to video only because the media from server contains no audio
OK

External microphone input gain: Select the accoustic input gain measurement control over the external audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from 1 to 100 (most sensitive).

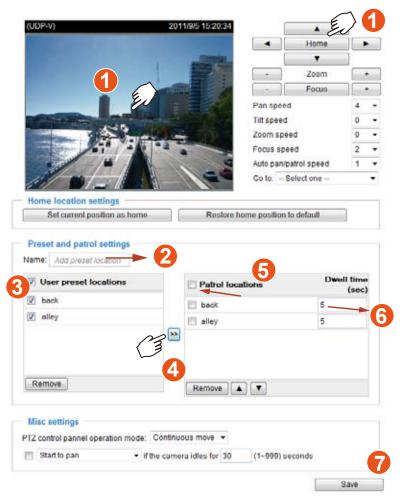
Audio type: Select audio codec AAC or GSM-AMR and the bit rate .

- AAC provides good sound quality at the cost of higher bandwidth and CPU computation power. The bit rates are selectable from: 16Kbps, 32Kbps, 48Kbps, 64Kbps, 96Kbps, and 128Kbps.
- GSM-ARM is designed to optimize speech quality and requires less bandwidth. The bit rates are selectable from: 4.75Kbps, 5.15Kbps, 5.90Kbps, 6.7Kbps, 7.4Kbps, 7.95Kbps, 10.2Kbps, and 12.2Kbps.
- G.711 also provides good sound quality and requires about 64Kbps. Select pcmu (µ-Law) or pcma (A-Law) mode.

When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings.

PTZ > PTZ settings Advanced Mode

This section explains how to control the Network Camera's Pan/Tilt/Zoom operation. The camera comes with built-in PTZ mechanisms.



Preset positions and patrol settings

In the PTZ settings page, you can select preset positions for the camera to patrol. A total of 128 preset positions can be configured.

Please follow the steps below to configure preset positions and arrange them in a pan/tilt/zoom tour:

- 1. Adjust the shooting area to the desired position using the keypad on the upper right side of the window. The default **Home** position refers to the center position defaulted in the factory. You might as well select another area of interest as the "Home" position. You should also select the speeds for the actions that occur during the patrol; i.e., pan, tilt, zoom, focus, and the auto pan/patrol.
- Enter a name for a new preset position, which can contain up to forty characters. Click Add to enable the settings. The preset positions will be listed on the User preset locations. (To add positions you wish, please repeat steps 1~2.)
- 3. Select the preset positions and click on the **Save** button at the bottom of the screen.
- 4. Click on the move button (>>) is to move positions to the Patrol locations window.
- 5. You may select some or all of the imported positions as the stop points during the tour.
- 6. Enter a preferred dwell time before moving to the next position.
- 7. Click on the Save button to preserve your configuration.

To remove a preset position from the list, select it and click **Remove**.

You can re-arrange the patrol order of the positions on the list using the 🔺 💌 buttons.

Misc. settings:

- <u>PTZ control pannel operation mode</u>: Continuous move click and hold down the left mouse button on the PTZ panel, and the live view will continuously move toward the preferred direction until you let go of the mouse button. The Click to move option allows you to move live view window one step by each single click.
- 2. <u>Start to pan/patrol/return to home position</u>: Use the checkbox and the pull-down menus for the camera to automatically pan, patrol, or return to the home position after the camera has stayed idle for a period of time.

— Misc settings			
PTZ control pannel operation mode	e: Continuous move	•	
Start to pan	if the camera idles for	30	(1~999) seconds

Positions on the Home page

The **Preset positions** will also be displayed on the home page. Select one from the Go to drop-down list, and the Network Camera will move to the selected preset position.

Patrol button: Click this button, then the Network Camera will patrol continuously among the selected positions.



PTZ > Calibrate

This function re-calibrates the home position to the default center to recover any displacement caused by external forces. Please note that there is no confirm message after using the function, and the calibration immediately takes place. If, after a long use, a user finds it is difficult to move camera's field of view to a specific point, use this function to restore the camera's original coordinates in pan and tilt motions.

PTZ > Calibrate	
Calibrate	
Recalibrate the home position to the default center to recover the tolerance	caused by some external
forces.	
	Calibrate

Event > Event settings Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to responds to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to an FTP server or e-mail address as notifications. Click on **Help**, there is an illustration shown in the pop-up window explaining that an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what type of action that will be performed.

Name	Status Sun Mo	on Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat	Time Trigger
Add	Help		close or Esc Key
		EX.	n (What to do)
		Motion detection, Periodically, Digital input, System boot	
		Media (What to send)	Server (Where to send)
		Ex.	Ex
		Snapshot, Video Clip, System log, Digital Output	Email, FTP, HTTP Server,
			Network storage

Event

An event is an action initiated by a user-defined trigger source. In the **Event** column, click **Add** to open the event settings window.

Event					
Name Status	Sun Mon Tue Wed	Thu Fri	Sat Tir	ne Tri	gger
Add	lp				
Event name: Enable this event Priority: Normal Detect next motion detectio	n er digitel innut offer 40	second(s).			
1. Schedule 2. Trigger 3. Action	Event schedule Sun Sun Mon Tu Time Always From 00:00	e 🗹 Wed 📝		Sat	
				Close	Save event

- Event name: Enter a name for the event setting.
- Enable this event: Select this option to enable the event setting.
- Priority: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with a higher priority setting will be executed first.
- Detect next event after seconds: Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection or digital input after a motion is detected.

Follow steps 1 to 3 to arrange the three elements -- Schedule, Trigger, and Action to configure an action to take when an event is triggered. You can configure 3 event-triggered conditions.

1. Schedule

Specify the period of time for the event-triggering function to take effect. Please select the days of the week and the time in a day (in 24-hr time format) for the recording schedule.

2. Trigger

This is the cause or stimulus which defines when to trigger the Network Camera. The trigger source can be configured to use the Network Camera's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital input devices.

There are several choices of trigger sources as shown on next page. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options.

Video motion detection

This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure a Motion Detection Window first. For more information, please refer to Motion Detection on page 97 for details.

Video motion detection		
Normal: 📄 door		
Profile: 📄 hallway		
Note: Please configure	Motion detection	first

Periodically

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. Up to 999 minutes are allowed.



Trigger	every other	1	minutes

Digital input

This option allows the Network Camera to use an external digital input device or sensor as a trigger source. Depending on your application, there are many choices of digital input devices on the market which helps to detect changes in temperature, vibration, sound, and light, etc.

System boot

This option triggers the Network Camera when the power to the Network Camera is disconnected.

Recording notify

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the recording disk is full or when recording starts to rewrite older data.

Audio detection

Audio input from an external microphone can also be configured as a triggering source. You can configure a trigger as the audio input exceeds or falls below a preset threshold. If you have not configured an audio threshold, click the link below to move to the audio detection page. Refer to page 101 for information on Audio detection.

3. Action

Define the actions to be performed by the Network Camera when a trigger is activated.

		Action		
1. Schedule		Trigger digita	al output 1 for 1 seco	onds
1. Scheuule		🔲 Trigger digita	al output 2 for 1 seco	onds
		Backup med	ia if the network is disconne	cted
+		Move to pres	et location: back 💌	
2. Trigger		Note: Please cor	nfigure <u>Preset locations</u> first	t
		Server	Media	Extra parameter
+		SD	Recording notify message	✓ SD test View
3. Action	<			Create folders by date time and
		False_NAS	Recording notify message	lour automatically
				View
		Add server	Add media	
	6			Close Save event

- Trigger digital output in for is seconds Select this option to turn on the external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length of the trigger interval in the text box.
- Backup media if the network is disconnected Select this option to backup media file to SD card if a network storage is disconnected. Please note that this function will be displayed when you set up a means for transporting data over the network (NAS, FTP, HTTP, or Email added as a media server). For more information about how to set up network storage, please refer to page 105.
- Move to preset location Select a preset location you've configured. Note that please configure PTZ Preset locations first. For detailed information, please refer to page 83.

To set an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings so that the Network Camera will know what action to take (such as which server to send the media files to) when a trigger is activated.

Add server

Click **Add server** to unfold the server setting window. You can specify where the notification messages are sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Add server Add	I media 🔽			
Server name: Emai	I			
Server type				
Email				
Sender email a	address:	Camera@	vivotek.com	
Recipient ema	il address:	VIVOTEK	gvivotek.com	
Server address:		Ms.vivotek.tw		
User name:				
Password:				
Server port		25		
This server	r requires a sec	cure conne	ction (SSL)	
FTP				
HTTP				
Network storage				
	Test		Close	Save server

Server type - Email

Select to send the media files via email when a trigger is activated.

- Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.
- Sender email address: Enter the email address of the sender.
- Recipient email address: Enter the email address of the recipient.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.
- User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.
- Server port: The default mail server port is set to 25. You can also manually set another port.

If your SMTP server requires a secure connection (SSL), check **This server requires a secure connection (SSL)**.

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If successful, you will also receive an email indicating the result.

🗟 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-biolotania/techenver.cgi - 📖 🌄 🛅 🔯	🕽 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bia/station/testorrow.cgi - 💦 🗖 🔯
The email has been sent successfully.	Error in sending email.

Click **Save server** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add server page.

After you set up the first event server, a new item for event server will automatically show up on the Server list. If you wish to add more server options, click **Add server**.

Server	Media			Extra parameter
SD	None 💌	<u>SD test</u>	<u>View</u>	
Email	None 💌			
Add serve	er 🔍 Add med	ia 🔽		

Server type - FTP

Select to send the media files to an FTP server when a trigger is activated.

Add server	Add media 🔽			
Server name:	FTP			
Server type				
Email				
FTP				
Server a	ddress:	ftp.vivotek.v	/om	
Server p	ort:	21		
Userna	me:	vivotek		
Passwo	rd:	•••••		
FTP fold	er name:			
V Pas	sive mode			
◎ HTTP				
Network sto	orage			
	Test		Close	Save server

- Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.
- Server port: By default, the FTP server port is set to 21. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.
- User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.
- Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.
- FTP folder name

Enter the folder where the media file will be placed. If the folder name does not exist, the Network Camera will create one on the FTP server.

Passive mode

Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as shown below. If successful, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.

🗿 http://192.168-5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🛼	🗆 🔀 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 💽 🗖 🎉
ftp transmission successfully.	ftp transmission failed.

Click **Save server** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add server page.

Server type - HTTP

Select to send the media files to an HTTP server when a trigger is activated.

Add server	Add media 🔽			
Server name:	HTTP			
Server type				
Email				
◎ FTP				
HTTP				
URL:		http://192.168	8.5.10/cgi-bin/	upload.cgi
User nar	me:			
Passwor	rd:			
Network sto	rage			
	Test	С	lose	Save server

- Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.
- URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.
- User name: Enter the user name if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password if necessary.

To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.

🖄 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳 🗖 🔀	🔮 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/s
HTTP Transmission successfully. Thanks	HTTP Transmission failed.

http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi - ...

 HTTP Transmission failed.

Click **Save server** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the Add server page.

Network storage:

Select to send the media files to a network storage location when a trigger is activated. Please refer to **NAS server** on page 105 for details.

Click **Save server** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add server page.

Γ.	Action —								
	Trigger	digital output for 1	se	conds					
	Backup media if the network is disconnected								
	Move to	preset location: u	p 💌						
1	Note: Pleas	e configure <u>Preset</u>	locations	first					
	Server	Media			Extra parameter				
	SD	None 💌	<u>SD test</u>	<u>View</u>					
	Email	None Snapshot Video clip							
1	FTP	System log							
	HTTP	None 💌							
	NAS	None 💌	Crea	ate folders	s by date time and ho	ur automatically			
	Add serv	er 💟 Add med	lia 🔽						
					Close	Save event			

SD Test: Click to test your SD card. The system will display a message indicating success or failure. If you want to use your SD card for local storage, please format it before use. Please refer to page 108 for detailed information.

Add media

Click **Add media** to open the media setting window. You can specify the type of media that will be sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured. There are three choices of media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Add server 💟 Add media
Media name: Snapshot
Media type
Attached media:
Snapshot
Source: Stream 1 💌
Send 1 pre-event image(s) [0~7]
Send 1 post-event image(s) [0~7]
File name prefix: Snapshot_
Add date and time suffix to file name
Video clip
System log
Close Save media

Media type - Snapshot

Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.

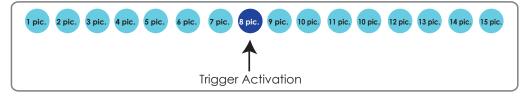
- Media name: Enter a name for the media setting.
- Source: Select to take snapshots from stream 1 ~ 4. (The following options are available when the check circle is selected.
- Send □ pre-event images

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to capture before a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

Send post-event images

Enter a number to decide how many images to capture after a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

For example, if both the pre-event images and post-event images are set to be 7, a total of 15 images are generated when a trigger is activated.



File name prefix

Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name Select this option to add a date/time suffix to the file name. For example:

Snapshot_20	110320_100341
↑	1
File name prefix	Date and time suffix The format is: YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS

Click **Save media** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add media page.

After you set up the first media server, a new column for media server will automatically show up on the Media list. If you wish to add more media options, click **Add media**.

	Server	Media	Extra parameter
	SD	None	SD test View
	NAS	Snapshot None 💌	Create folders by date time and hour automatically <u>View</u>
A	dd serve	er 💟 Add med	

Media type - Video clip

Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.

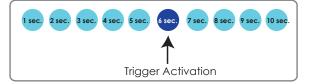
Add server 💟 Add media
Media name: video clip
Media type
Attached media:
Snapshot
Video clip
Source: Stream 2 💌
Pre-event recording: 0 seconds [0~9]
Maximum duration: 5 seconds [1~20]
Maximum file size: 500 Kbytes [50~8192]
File name prefix: videoclip
System log
Close Save media

- Media name: Enter a name for the media setting.
- Source: Select the source of video clip.
- Pre-event recording

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before a trigger is activated. Up to 9 seconds can be set.

Maximum duration

Specify the maximum recording duration in seconds. Up to 20 seconds can be set. For example, if pre-event recording is set to 5 seconds and the maximum duration is set to 10 seconds, the Network Camera continues to record for another 4 seconds after a trigger is activated.



 Maximum file size Specify the maximum file size allowed.

File name prefix Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name. For example:

Video_20110320_100341						
↑ ↑						
File name prefix	Date and time suffix The format is: YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS					

Click Save media to enable the settings, then click Close to exit the Add media page.

Media type - System log

Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated.

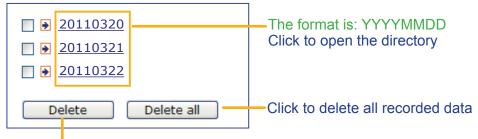
Add server 💟 Add media		
Media name: System log		
Media type		
Attached media:		
Snapshot		
Video clip		
System log		
	Close	Save media

Click **Save media** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add media page.

-	Action —								
		digital output for 1	se	conds					
	Backup media if the network is disconnected								
	Move to	preset location: u	p 💌						
	Note: Pleas	e configure <u>Preset</u>	locations	first					
	Server	Media			Extra paramet	er			
	SD	None •	<u>SD test</u>	View					
	🔳 Email	Snapshot Video clip							
1	FTP	System log							
	HTTP	None 🔻							
	NAS	None 💌	Crea	ite folders	by date time and	i hour a	automatically		
	Add serv	er 💟 Add med	<u>dia</u> 🔽						
				(Close		Save event		

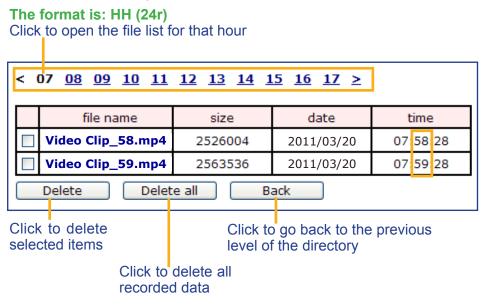
- View: Click this button to open a file list window. This function is only for SD card and Network Storage. If you click View button of SD card, a Local storage page will pop up for you to manage recorded files on SD card. For more information about Local storage, please refer to page 108. If you click View button of Network storage, a file directory window will pop up for you to view recorded data on Network storage.
- Create folders by date, time, and hour automatically: If you check this item, the system will generate folders automatically by date.

The following is an example of a file destination with video clips:



Click to delete selected items

Click 20110320 to open the directory:



< 07 <u>08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 ></u>									
	file name	size	date	time					
	Video Clip_58. np4	2526004	2011/03/20	07:58:28					
	Video Clip_59. np4	2563536	2011/03/20	07:59:28					
	Delete Delete all Back								

The format is: File name prefix + Minute (mm) You can set up the file name prefix on Add media page. Here is an example of the Event setting:

Event name: Event1							
Enable this event							
Priority: Normal 💌							
Detect next motion detection	or digital input after 10 second(s).						
	Action						
1. Schedule	Trigger digital output for 1 seconds						
	Backup media if the network is disconnected						
	Move to preset location: up						
Ť	Note: Please configure Preset locations first						
2. Trigger	Server Media Extra parameter						
	SD Snapshot SD test View						
3. Action	NAS None View						
	Add server 🛇 Add media 🛇						
	Close Save event						

When completed the settings with steps 1 to 3 to arrange Schedule, Trigger, and Action of an event, click **Save event** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

The following is an example of the Event setting page:

Event											
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger	
Event1	<u>ON</u>	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	00:00~24:00	boot	Delete
Add	He	lp									

 Server settings

 Name
 Type
 Address/Location

 NAS
 ns
 \\172.16.4.39\nas
 Delete

 Add
 Image: Note that the set of the set of

Media Available memory	space: 13000KB	
Name	Туре	
Snapshot	snapshot	Delete
Video clip	videoclip	Delete
System log	systemlog	Delete
Add		

When the Event Status is <u>ON</u>, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the Network Camera will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click <u>ON</u> to turn it to <u>OFF</u> status or click **Delete** to remove the event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name and click **Delete**. Note that only when the server setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name and click **Delete**. Note that only when the media setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

Customized Script

This function allows you to upload a sample script (.xml file) to the camera, which will save your time on configuring the settings. Please note that there is a limited number of customized scripts you can upload; if the current amount of customized scripts has reached the limit, an alert message will prompt. If you need more information, please contact VIVOTEK technical support.

	Customized			
	Name	Date	Time	
	<u>User1</u>	20081113	18:13:46	
	<u>User2</u>	20081113	18:11:32	
Click to upload a file -	Add User1	V Delete		
Click to modify the	<pre><schedule id="0"> <duration> <duration> <duration> <duration> </duration> </duration> </duration> </duration> <double> <duration="0">trigg <status id="0">trigg <duration> </duration> </status></status></status></status></status></status></status></status></status></status></status></status></duration="0"> <duration="0"> <duration> <duration> <duration> <duration> <duration> <dulametry <li="">- users can send of mail is the log m <pre> </pre></dulametry></duration></duration></duration></duration></duration></duration="0"></double></schedule></pre>	<pre>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>></pre>	ress on" to recipient puddi rivotek.com -b /var/lo	ng.yang@vivotek.com. The body ng/messages -S ms.vivotek.tw -
			Upload	

Applications > Motion detection

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured.

Enable motion detection				
(TCP-V)	2011/03/10 17:08:56	Window name		Motion Detection Setting 1: For normal situations
		Sensitivity: 0%		FOI HOIMAI SILUALIONS
		Percentage: 0%	0	
		Profile	,]	Motion Detection Setting 2: For special situations

Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

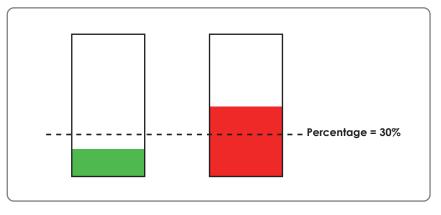
- 1. Click **New** to add a new motion detection window.
- 2. In the Window Name text box, enter a name for the motion detection window. ■ To move and resize the window, drag and drop your mouse on the window.
 - To delete a window, click X on the upper right corner of the window.
- Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slide bar.
- 4. Click Save to enable the settings.
- 5. Select Enable motion detection to enable this function.
- For example: I Enable motion detection

(TCP-V)	2011/3/11 14:	30:30 Window name	
	-	W1	
	W1 ×	Sensitivity: 92%	0-
		Percentage: 8%	
0	- 192	New	Save
-/ -/		A.	

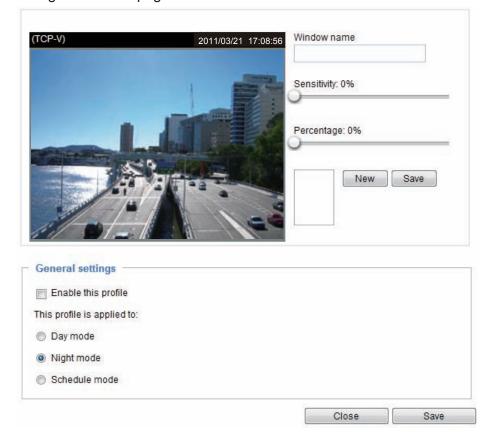
Profile

The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the variation between sequential images. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are judged to exceed the defined threshold, the red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to be sent to a remote server (Email, FTP) by utilizing this feature as a trigger source. For more information on how to set an event, please refer to Event settings on page 84.

A green bar indicates that even though motions have been detected, the event has not been triggered because the image variations still fall below the defined threshold.



If you want to configure other motion detection settings for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Motion Detection Profile Settings page as shown below. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured on this page as well.



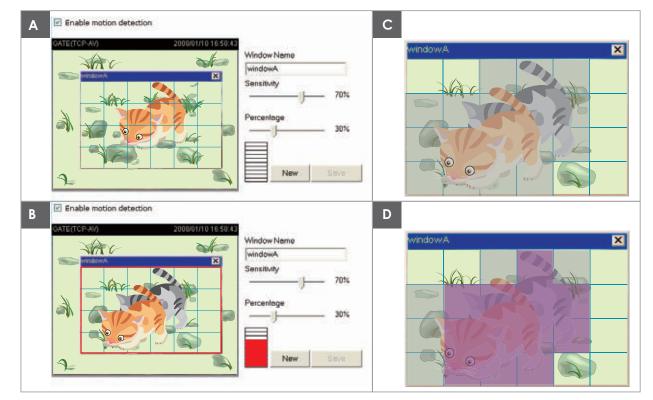
Please follow the steps beolw to set up a profile:

- 1. Create a new motion detection window.
- 2. Check Enable this profile.
- 3. Select the applicable mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a time range if you choose Schedule mode.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

This motion detection window will also be displayed on the Event settings page. You can go to Event > Event settings > Trigger to choose it as a trigger source. Please refer to page 85 for detailed information.

NOTE:

How does motion detection work?



There are two motion detection parameters: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C) and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to detect slight movements while smaller sensitivity settings will neglect them. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

For applications that require a high level of security management, it is suggested to use higher sensitivity settings and smaller percentage values.

Applications > DI and DO Advanced Mode	
☐ DI and DO	
Digital input: The active state is	
1: Low 💌 ; the current state detected is High	
2: Low 💽 ; the current state detected is High	
3: Low 💌 ; the current state detected is High	
Digital output: The active state is	
1: Grounded 🗨 ; the current state detected is Open	
2: Grounded 💌 ; the current state detected is Open	
	Save

<u>Digital input</u>: Select High or Low to define normal status for the digital input. The Network Camera will report the current status.

<u>Digital output</u>: Select Grounded or Open to define normal status for the digital output. The Network Camera will show whether the trigger is activated or not.

Set up the event source as DI on **Event > Event settings > Trigger.** Please refer to page 85 for detailed information.

Applications > Audio detection Advanced Mode

Audio detection, along with video motion detection, is applicable in the following scenarios:

- 1. Detection of activities not covered by camea view, e.g., a loud input by gunshots or breaking a door or window.
- 2. A usually noisy environment, such as a factory, suddently becomes quiet due to a breakdown of machines.
- 3. A PTZ camera can be directed to turn to a preset point by the occurrence of audio events.
- 4. Dark environments where video motion detection may not function well.

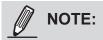


Save

The red circles in the diagram above indicate where the audio alarms can be triggered when breaching or falling below the preset threshold.

How to configure Audio detection:

- 1. Once the Audio detection window is opened, the current sound input will be interactively indicated by a fluctuating yellow wave diagram.
- 2. Use a mouse click to drag the **Alarm level** tab to a preferred location on the slide bar.
- 3. Select the "Enable audio detection" checkbox and click Save to enable the feature.



- Note that the numbers (0~100) on the side of wave diagram do not represent decibel (dB). A sound intensity level has already been mapped to preset values. You can, however, use the real-world inputs at your installation site as they are shown on the wave diagram to configure an alarm level.
- 2. To configure this feature, you must not mute the audio in Configuration -> Media -> Audio. The default of the camera can be muted due to the lack of an internal microphone. An external microphone is separately provided by users.
- 3. Refer to page 81 for Audio input adjustment such as Audio input gain. If audio settings have been tuned, you should reconfigure the audio alarm setting.



- If the Alarm level and the received volume are set within a range of 20% on the wave diagram, frequent alarms will be triggered. It is therefore recommended to set the Alarm level farther apart from the detected sound level.
- To configure and enable this feature, you must not configure video stream #1 into Motion JPEG. If an external microphone input is connected and recording of audio stream is preferred, audio stream is transmitted between camera and viewer/recording station along with stream #1.
- Refer to page 81 for Auido settings, and page 78 for video streaming settings.

Recording > Recording settings Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Network Camera.

Recording Settings

(In	Insert your SD card and click here to test							
 Recording settings 									
Name Status Sun Mo	on Tue Wed Thu	Fri Sat	Time	Source	Destination	Delete			
Add <u>SD tes</u>	<u>st</u>								

NOTE:

Please remember to format your SD card when using for the first time. Please refer to page 108 for detailed information.

Recording Settings

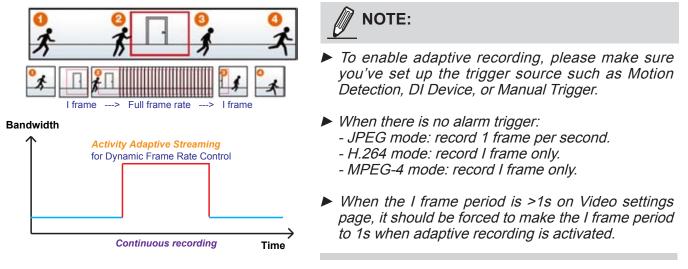
Click **Add** to open the recording setting window. On this page, you can define the adaptive recording, recording source, recording schedule, and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.

onngurea.	Recording name:	/ideo			
	🔽 Enable this re	ording			
	With adaptive	cording			
	Pre-event r	cording: 5 seconds [0~9]			
	Post-event	ecording: 5 seconds [0~10]			
	Priority: Normal				
	Source: Stream 1	•			
		Trigger			
	1. Trigger	 Schedule Sun V Mon V Tu 	e 🕼 Wed 🕼 Thu 🕼 I	Fri 📝 Sat	
	\downarrow	Time			
	2. Destination	Always From 00:00	to 24:00 [hh:mm]	
		Network fail			
	Note: To enable re	ording notification please configure <u>Eve</u>	<u>nt</u> first		
			[Close	Save

- Recording name: Enter a name for the recording setting.
- Enable this recording: Select this option to enable video recording.
- With adaptive recording:

Select this option will activate the frame rate control according to alarm trigger. The frame control means that when there is alarm trigger, the frame rate will raise up to the value you've set on Stream setting page. Please refer to page 78 for more information.

If you enable adaptive recording and enable time-shift cache stream on Camera A, only when an event is triggered on Camera A will the server record the full frame rate streaming data; otherwise, it will only request the I frame data during normal monitoring, thus effectively save lots of bandwidths and storage.



The alarm trigger includes: motion detection and DI detection. Please refer to Event settings on page 84.

- Pre-event recording and post-event recording The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before and after a trigger is activated.
- Priority: Select the relative importance of this recording (High, Normal, or Low). Recording with a higher priority setting will be executed first.
- Source: Select a stream for the recording source.



- To enable adaptive recording, please also enable time shift caching stream and select a caching stream on Media > Video > Stream settings. Please refer to page 78 for detailed instruction.
- ► To enable recording notification please configure *Event settings* first. Please refer to page 84.

Please follow the steps 1~2 below to set up the recording:

- Schedule: The server will start to record files on the local storage or network storage (NAS).
- Network fail: Since network fail, the server will start to record files on the local storage (SD card).

<u>2. Destination</u> You can select the SD card or network storage (NAS) for the recorded video files.

	Destination		
1. Trigger	Destination: SD 💌		
↓ ▼	AUU INA J SEIVEL		
2. Destination			
Note: To enable recording n	otification please configure Event first		
		Close	Save

NAS server

Click Add NAS server to open the server setting window and follow the steps below to set up:

1. Fill in the information for your server.

```
For example:
```

	Add NAS server						
	3	3				1	
	Server name:	NAS					
	Server type				rage path me or IP ado	dress\f	folder name)
1	Network sto	rage					
	Network	storage loca	ation:	\\192.1	68.5.122\nas	1	
	(For exar	mple: \\my_n	as\disk\f	older)			
	Workgro	up:		vivotek			
	User nar	me:	\langle	ritali			name and vord for your
	Passwo	rd:	\langle	•••••		serve	· · · · · ·
			Test		Close		Save server
			2		4		

2. Click **Test** to check the setting. The result will be shown in the pop-up window.

🐴 http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver 🔳 🗖 🔀	🗿 http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver 🗐 🗖 🔀
Mount succeeded.	Mount failed.
🗃 Done	🗃 Done 🛛 🔮 Internet

🗟 NAS on ritali		
File Edit View Favorites Tools	Help	
🚱 Back 🝷 🕥 🕤 🏂 🔎 Se	arch 📂 Folders 🛄 -	
Address 🞯 \\ritali\NAS		💌 🄁 Go
File and Folder Tasks	test.txt Text Document = 1 KB	
Copy this file Copy this file Sopulation file Sopulation file The second	test.txt - Notepad File Edit Format View Help [NOTIFICATION]The Result of Server Test of Your IP	Camera
 Print this file Delete this file 		
Other Places 🔹		× .::

- 3. Enter a server name.
- 4. Click **Save** to complete the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

Recording name: Video
Enable this recording
With adaptive recording
Pre-event recording: 5 seconds [0~9]
Post-event recording: 5 seconds [0~10]
Priority: Normal
Source: Stream 1 💌
Destination
1. Trigger Destination: NAS -
Capacity:
Entire free space
Reserved space: 100 Mbytes
2. Destination File name prefix:
Enable cyclic recording
Note: To enable recording notification please configure Event first

Capacity: You can choose either the entire free space available or limit the reserved space. The recording size limit must be larger than the reserved amount for cyclic recording. The reserved amount is reserved for cyclic recording to prevent malfunction during the transaction stage when the storage space is about to be full. This value must be larger than 15 MBytes.

Close

Save

- File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.
- Enable cyclic recording: If you check this item, when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one.

If you want to enable recording notification, please click **<u>Event</u>** to set up. Please refer to **Event > Event** settings on page 84 for more details.

When completed, select **Enable this recording**. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit this page. When the system begins recording, it will send the recorded files to the network storage or SD

card. The new recording name will appear on the recording page as shown below.

To remove a recording setting from the list, select it and click **Delete**.

Record	Recording settings											
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination	Delete
Video Ad			V <u>) test</u>		V	V	V	V	00:00~24:00	stream1	<u>SD</u>	Delete

- Video (Name): Click to open the Recording settings page to modify.
- ON (Status): Click to manually adjust the Status. (ON: start recording; OFF: stop recording)
- NAS or SD (Destination): Click to open the file list of recordings as shown below. For more information about folder naming rules, please refer to page 97 or page 94 for details.

Local storage > SD card management

This section explains how to manage the local storage on the Network Camera. Here you can view SD card status, and implement SD card control.

SD card status

This column shows the status and reserved space of your SD card. Please remember to format the SD card when using for the first time.

SD card status			
SD card status: De	tached no	SD card	
Total size:	0 KBytes	Free size:	0 KBytes
Used size:	0 KBytes	Use (%):	0 %
			Format
SD card status			
SD card status: F	Ready		
Total size:	7810152 KBy	tes Free size:	7602048 KBytes
Used size:	208104 KByte	es Use (%):	2.665 %
			Format

SD card control

Enable automatic disk cleanup					
: 7	days				
		Save			
	: 7	: 7 days			

- Enable cyclic storage: Check this item if you want to enable cyclic recording. When the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one.
- Enable automatic disk cleanup: Check this item and enter the number of days you wish to retain a file. For example, if you enter "7 days", the recorded files will be stored on the SD card for 7 days.

When all settings are completed, click **Save** to enable your settings.

Local storage > Content management

This section explains how to manage the content of recorded videos on the Network Camera. Here you can search and view the records and view the searched results.

Searching and Viewing the Records

This column allows the user to set up search criteria for recorded data. If you do not select any criteria and click **Search** button, all recorded data will be listed in the **Search Results** column.

Searching and viewing the records								
Searching and viewing the records								
 File attributes 								
Trigger type:		System boot	Reco	Recording notify		Motion		
		Digital input	Netw	ork fail		Periodically		
		Audio detection						
Media type:		Video clip	📄 Snap	shot		Text		
Locked:		Locked	📄 Unlo	cked				
Backup:		Backup						
👻 Trigger time								
From:	Date		Time					
to:	Date		Time					
		(yyyy-mm-dd)		(hh:mm:ss)			
						Search		

- File attributes: Select one or more items as your search criteria.
- Trigger time: Manually enter the time range you want to search.

Click **Search** and the recorded data corresponding to the search criteria will be listed in **Search Results** window.

Search Results

The following is an example of search results. There are four columns: Trigger time, Media type, Trigger type, and Locked. Click 🖕 to sort the search results in either direction.

on on	e page	es displaye	d	Enter a l search r	key word to esults	o filter the
Show 1	n results 10 🖌 entries		:	Search:		
	Trigger time 🔶	Media Type 🔶	Trigger type 🍦	Locked 🔶	Backup 🔶	
	2010-08-26 10:42:55	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	— Highlight an item
	2010-08-26 10:43:56	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26 10:44:56	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26 10:45:57	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26 10:46:58	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	

View: Click on a search result which will highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Click the View button and a media window will pop up to play back the selected file.
For example:



Click to adjust the image size

- Download: Click on a search result to highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Then click the **Download** button and a file download window will pop up for you to save the file.
- JPEGs to AVI: This functions only applies to "JPEG" format files such as snapshots. You can select several snapshots from the list, then click this button. Those snapshots will be converted into an AVI file.
- Lock/Unlock: Select the desired search results, then click this button. The selected items will become Locked, which will not be deleted during cyclic recording. You can click again to unlock the selections. For example:

how 1	0 💌 entries		S	Search:		
	Trigger time 🔷	Media Type 🍦	Trigger type 🍦	Locked 🍦	Backup 🍦	
✓	2010-08-26 10:42:55	Video Clip	Periodically	Yes	No	
✓	2010-08-26 10:43:56	Video Clip	Periodically	Yes	No	
✓	2010-08-26 10:44:56	Video Clip	Periodically	Yes	No	
	2010-08-26 10:45:57	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26 10:46:58	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26 10:47:59	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26 10:49:00	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26 10:50:00	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26 10:51:01	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
	2010-08-26 10:52:00	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No	
howing	1 to 10 of 12 entrie	S			~ ►	Click to swite pages
View	Download	Uncheck All	JPEGs to AVI	_ock/Unlock	Remove	

Remove: Select the desired search results, then click this button to delete the files.

Appendix URL Commands for the Network Camera

1. Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, the Network Camera/Video Server can be easily integrated through URL syntax. This section specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface. The HTTP-based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.), and get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server.

2. Style Convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, text within angle brackets denotes content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets should also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example further down in the page.

URL syntax is denoted with the word "Syntax:" written in bold face followed by a box with the referenced syntax as shown below. For example, name of the server is written as <servername> and is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam. adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "**Return:**" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data is returned in HTTP format, i.e., each line is separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

3. General CGI URL Syntax and Parameters

CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word without any underscores or other separators. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, these parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in functionally-related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension .cgi is required.

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/<*subdir*>[/<*subdir*>...]/<*cgi*>.<*ext*> [?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]

Example: Set digital output #1 to active

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

4. Security Level

SECURITY LEVEL	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
0	anonymous	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer,	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera.
	dido, camctrl	2. Can control DI/DO, PTZ of the camera.
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer,	Operator access rights can modify most of the camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator	parameters except some privileges and network options.
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer,	Administrator access rights can fully control the camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator,	operations.
	admin	
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any external
		interfaces.

5. Get Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]

[&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

Where the *<parameter>* should be *<group>*[_*<name>*] or *<group>*[.*<name>*]. If you do not specify any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only *<group>*, the parameters of the related group will be returned.

When querying parameter values, the current parameter values are returned.

A successful control request returns parameter pairs as follows:

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
Context-Length: <length>\r\n</length>
\r\n
<pre><parameter pair=""></parameter></pre>
where <parameter pair=""> is</parameter>
<parameter>=<value>\r\n</value></parameter>
[<parameter pair="">]</parameter>

<length> is the actual length of content.

Example: Request IP address and its response

Request: http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

6. Set Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>][&return=<return page>]
```

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
<group>_<name></name></group>	value to assigned	Assign < <i>value</i> > to the parameter < <i>group</i> >_< <i>name</i> >.	
update	<boolean></boolean>	Set to 1 to update all fields (no need to update parameter in	
		each group).	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is	
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative	
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it	
		will redirect to an empty page.	
		(Note: The return page can be a general HTML file (.htm, .html)	
		or a VIVOTEK server script executable (.vspx) file. It cannot be	
		a CGI command or have any extra parameters. This parameter	
		must be placed at the end of the parameter list	

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

Context-Length: <length>\r\n

\r\n

<parameter pair>

where <parameter pair> is

<parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and are readable will be returned.

Example: Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123:

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123 Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

7. Available parameters on the server

Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION
string[<n>]</n>	Text strings shorter than 'n' characters. The characters ",', <,>,& are invalid.
string[n~m]	Text strings longer than `n' characters and shorter than `m' characters. The
	characters ``,', <,>,& are invalid.
password[<n>]</n>	The same as string but displays `*' instead.
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31} - 1)$ and $(2^{31} - 1)$.
positive integer	Any number between 0 and $(2^{32} - 1)$.
<m> ~ <n></n></m>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'.
domain name[<n>]</n>	A string limited to a domain name shorter than 'n' characters (eg.
	www.ibm.com).
email address [<n>]</n>	A string limited to an email address shorter than 'n' characters (eg.
	joe@www.ibm.com).
ip address	A string limited to an IP address (eg. 192.168.1.1).
mac address	A string limited to contain a MAC address without hyphens or colons.
boolean	A boolean value of 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False], [Enable or
	Disable].
<value1>,</value1>	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.
<value2>,</value2>	
<value3>,</value3>	
blank	A blank string.

everything inside <>	A description			
integer primary key	SQLite data type. A 32-bit signed integer. The value is assigned a unique			
	integer by the server.			
text	SQLite data type. The value is a text string, stored using the database			
	encoding (UTF-8, UTF-16BE or UTF-16-LE).			
coordinate	x, y coordinate (eg. 0,0)			
window size	window width and height (eg. 800x600)			

NOTE: The camera should not be restarted when parameters are changed.

7.1 system

Group: system

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
hostname	string[40]	Mega-Pixel	1/6	Host name of server
		Network		(Network Camera,
		Camera		Wireless Network Camera,
				Video Server,
				Wireless Video Server).
ledoff	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Turn on (0) or turn off (1) all
				led indicators.
lowlight	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	Turn on white light LED under
				all conditions.
				Only turn on white light LED in
				low light conditions.
				(product dependent)
date	<yyyy <="" mm="" td=""><td><current< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Current date of system. Set to</td></current<></td></yyyy>	<current< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Current date of system. Set to</td></current<>	6/6	Current date of system. Set to
	DD>,	date>		'keep' to keep date
	keep,			unchanged. Set to 'auto' to
	auto			use NTP to synchronize date.
time	<hh:mm:s< td=""><td><current< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Current time of the system.</td></current<></td></hh:mm:s<>	<current< td=""><td>6/6</td><td>Current time of the system.</td></current<>	6/6	Current time of the system.
	s>,	time>		Set to 'keep' to keep time
	keep,			unchanged. Set to 'auto' to
	auto			use NTP to synchronize time.
datetime	<mmddhh< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>Another current time format</td></mmddhh<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Another current time format
	mmYYYY.ss			of the system.
	>			

ntp	<domain< th=""><th><blank></blank></th><th>6/6</th><th>NTP server.</th></domain<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	NTP server.
	name>,			*Do not use "skip to invoke
	<ip< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>default server" for default</td></ip<>			default server" for default
	address>,			value.
	<blank></blank>			
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	320	6/6	Indicate timezone and area.
				-480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok,
				Kwajalein
				-440: GMT-11:00 Midway
				Island, Samoa
				-400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii
				-360: GMT-09:00 Alaska
				-320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas,
				San_Francisco,
				Vancouver
				-280: GMT-07:00 Mountain
				Time, Denver
				-281: GMT-07:00 Arizona
				-240: GMT-06:00 Central
				America, Central Time,
				Mexico City, Saskatchewan
				-200: GMT-05:00 Eastern
				Time, New York, Toronto
				-201: GMT-05:00 Bogota,
				Lima, Quito, Indiana
				-180: GMT-04:30 Caracas
				-160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic
				Time, Canada, La Paz,
				Santiago
				-140: GMT-03:30
				Newfoundland
				-120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia,
				Buenos Aires,
				Georgetown, Greenland
				-80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic
				-40: GMT-01:00 Azores,
				Cape_Verde_IS.
				0: GMT Casablanca,
				Greenwich Mean Time:
				Dublin,

Edinburgh, Lisbon, London
40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam,
Berlin, Rome, Stockholm,
Vienna, Madrid, Paris
41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw,
Budapest, Bern
80: GMT 02:00 Athens,
Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga
81: GMT 02:00 Cairo
82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon,
Minsk
83: GMT 02:00 Israel
120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad,
Kuwait, Riyadh, Moscow, St.
Petersburg, Nairobi
121: GMT 03:00 Iraq
140: GMT 03:30 Tehran
160: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi,
Muscat, Baku,
Tbilisi, Yerevan
180: GMT 04:30 Kabul
200: GMT 05:00
Ekaterinburg, Islamabad,
Karachi, Tashkent
220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta,
Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi
230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu
240: GMT 06:00 Almaty,
Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka,
Sri Jayawardenepura
260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon
280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok,
Hanoi, Jakarta, Krasnoyarsk
320: GMT 08:00 Beijing,
Chongging, Hong Kong, Kuala
Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei
360: GMT 09:00 Osaka,
Sapporo, Tokyo, Seoul,
Yakutsk
380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide,

				Darwin
				400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane,
				Canberra, Melbourne,
				Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok
				440: GMT 11:00 Magadan,
				Solomon Is., New Caledonia
				480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan,
				Wellington, Fiji, Kamchatka,
				Marshall Is.
				520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofa
daylight_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable automatic daylight
				saving time in time zone.
daylight_dstactualmode	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/7	Check if current time is under
				daylight saving time.
				(Used internally)
	string[19]	NONE	6/7	Display the current daylight
				saving start time.
daylight_auto_endtime	string[19]	NONE	6/7	Display the current daylight
				saving end time.
daylight_timezones	string	,-360,-320,	6/6	List time zone index which
		-280,-240,		support daylight saving time.
		-241,-200,		
		-201,-160,		
		-140,-120,		
		-80,-40,0,		
		40,41,80,		
		81,82,83,		
		120,140,		
		380,400,48		
		0		
updateinterval	0,	0	6/6	0 to Disable automatic time
			5,0	adjustment, otherwise, it
	3600,			
	86400,			indicates the seconds
	604800,			between NTP automatic
	2592000			update intervals.
restore	0,	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>parameters to default values</td></positive<>			parameters to default values
	integer>			after <value> seconds.</value>
reset	0,	N/A	7/6	Restart the server after
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><value> seconds if <value></value></value></td></positive<>			<value> seconds if <value></value></value>

	integer>			is non-negative.
restoreexceptnet	<any< td=""><td>N/A</td><td>7/6</td><td>Restore the system</td></any<>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
	value>			parameters to default values
				except (ipaddress, subnet,
				router, dns1, dns2, pppoe).
				This command can cooperate
				with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to the default value
				except for a union of the
				combined results.
restoreexceptdst	<any< td=""><td>N/A</td><td>7/6</td><td>Restore the system</td></any<>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
	value>		//0	parameters to default values
	Value>			except all daylight saving time
				settings.
				_
				This command can cooperate with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to default values
				except for a union of
				combined results.
restoreexceptlang	<any< td=""><td>N/A</td><td>7/6</td><td>Restore the system</td></any<>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system
	Value>			parameters to default values
				except the custom language
				file the user has uploaded.
				This command can cooperate
				with other
				"restoreexceptXYZ"
				commands. When
				cooperating with others, the
				system parameters will be
				restored to the default value
				except for a union of the
				combined results.

7.1.1 system.info

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
modelname	string[40]	SD83X1_X 2_X3	0/7	Internal model name of the server (eg. IP7139)
extendedmodelname	string[40]	SD83X1_X 2_X3	0/7	ODM specific model name of server (eg. DCS-5610). If it is not an ODM model, this field will be equal to "modelname"
serialnumber	<mac address></mac 	<product mac address></product 	0/7	12 characters MAC address (without hyphens).
firmwareversion	string[40]	<product dependent ></product 	0/7	Firmware version, including model, company, and version number in the format: <model-brand-version></model-brand-version>
language_count	<integer></integer>	9	0/7	Number of webpage languages available on the server.
language_i<0~(count-1)>	string[16]	<product dependent ></product 	0/7	Available language lists.
customlanguage_maxcoun t	<integer></integer>	1	0/6	Maximum number of custom languages supported on the server.
customlanguage_count	<integer></integer>	0	0/6	Number of custom languages which have been uploaded to the server.
customlanguage_i<0~(ma xcount-1)>	string	<blank></blank>	0/6	Custom language name.

Subgroup of **system**: **info** (The fields in this group are unchangeable.)

7.2 status

Group: status

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
videoactualmodulation	ntsc,	1	4/7	The actual modulation
<product dependent=""></product>	pal			type
				(videoin.type=0).
di_i<0~(ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
<product dependent=""></product>				1 => Active, triggered
				(capability.ndi > 0)
do_i<0~(ndo-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
<product dependent=""></product>				1 => Active, triggered
				(capability.ndo > 0)
daynight	day, night	<product< td=""><td>7/7</td><td>Current status of day,</td></product<>	7/7	Current status of day,
<product dependent=""></product>		dependent>		night.
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	0	6/7	Current number of RTSP
				connections.
onlinenum_httppush	integer	0	6/7	Current number of HTTP
				push server
				connections.
eth_i0	<string></string>	<product< td=""><td>1/7</td><td>Get network information</td></product<>	1/7	Get network information
		dependent>		from mii-tool.
vi_i<0~(nvi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/7	Virtual input
<product dependent=""></product>				0 => Inactive
				1 => Active
				(capability.nvi > 0)

7.3 digital input behavior define

Group: di	_i<0~(ndi-1)>	(capability.ndi > 0)
-----------	---------------	----------------------

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
normalstate	high,	high	1/1	Indicates open circuit or
	low			closed circuit (inactive
				status)

7.4 digital output behavior define

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
normalstate	open,	open	1/1	Indicate open circuit or
	grounded			closed circuit (inactive
				status)

Group: **do_i<0~(ndo-1)> (**capability.ndo > 0)

7.5 security

Group: security

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
privilege_do	view, operator,	operator	6/6	Indicate which privileges
<product dependent=""></product>	admin			and above can control
				digital output
				(capability.ndo > 0)
privilege_camctrl	view, operator,	view	6/6	Indicate which privileges
<product dependent=""></product>	admin			and above can control PTZ
				(capability.ptzenabled > 0
				or capability.eptz > 0)
user_i0_name	string[64]	root	6/7	User name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	<blank></blank>	6/7	User name
user_i0_pass	password[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Root password
user_i<1~20>_pass	password[64]	<blank></blank>	7/6	User password
user_i0_privilege	viewer,	admin	6/7	Root privilege
	operator,			
	admin			
user_i<1~20>_ privilege	viewer,	<blank></blank>	6/6	User privilege
	operator,			
	admin			

7.6 network

Group: network

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
preproces s	<positive integer></positive 	 	(get/set) 7/6	An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as follows: Bit 0 => HTTP service; Bit 1=> HTTPS service; Bit 2=> FTP service; Bit 3 => Two way audio and RTSP Streaming service; To stop service before changing its port settings. It's recommended to set this parameter when change a service port to the port occupied by another service currently. Otherwise, the service may fail. Stopped service will auto-start after changing port settings. Ex: Change HTTP port from 80 to 5556, and change RTP port for video from 5556 to 20480.
				Then, set preprocess=9 to stop both service first. "/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? network_preprocess=9&network_http_port=555 6& network_rtp_videoport=20480"
type	lan, pppoe <product dependent></product 	lan	6/6	Network connection type.
resetip	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	 1 => Get ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2 from DHCP server at next reboot. 0 => Use preset ipaddress, subnet, rounter, dns1, and dns2.
ipaddress	<ip address></ip 	<product dependent></product 	6/6	IP address of server.
subnet	<ip address></ip 	<blank></blank>	6/6	Subnet mask.

router	<ip< th=""><th><blank></blank></th><th>6/6</th><th>Default gateway.</th></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Default gateway.
	address>			
dns1	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>Primary DNS server.</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Primary DNS server.
	address>			
dns2	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>Secondary DNS server.</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Secondary DNS server.
	address>			
wins1	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>Primary WINS server.</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Primary WINS server.
	address>			
wins2	<ip< td=""><td><blank></blank></td><td>6/6</td><td>Secondary WINS server.</td></ip<>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Secondary WINS server.
	address>			

7.6.1 802.1x

Subgroup of **network: ieee8021x** (capability.protocol.ieee8021x > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable IEEE 802.1x
eapmethod	eap-peap,	eap-peap	6/6	Selected EAP method
	eap-tls			
identity_peap	String[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	PEAP identity
identity_tls	String[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	TLS identity
password	String[254]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Password for TLS
privatekeypassword	String[254]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Password for PEAP
ca_exist	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	CA installed flag
ca_time	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	CA installed time.
				Represented in EPOCH
ca_size	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	CA file size (in bytes)
certificate_exist	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Certificate installed flag (for
				TLS)
certificate_time	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Certificate installed time.
				Represented in EPOCH
certificate_size	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Certificate file size (in bytes)
privatekey_exist	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Private key installed flag (for
				TLS)
privatekey_time	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Private key installed time.
				Represented in EPOCH
privatekey_size	<integer></integer>	0	6/7	Private key file size (in bytes)

7.6.2 QOS

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable CoS (IEEE 802.1p)
vlanid	1~4095	1	6/6	VLAN ID
video	0~7	0	6/6	Video channel for CoS
audio	0~7	0	6/6	Audio channel for CoS
<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(capability.naudio > 0)</td></product<>				(capability.naudio > 0)
dependent>				
eventalarm	0~7	0	6/6	Event/alarm channel for CoS
management	0~7	0	6/6	Management channel for CoS
eventtunnel	0~7	0	6/6	Event/Control channel for CoS

Subgroup of **network: qos_cos** (capability.protocol.qos.cos > 0)

Subgroup of **network: qos_dscp** (capability.protocol.qos.dscp > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable DSCP
video	0~63	0	6/6	Video channel for DSCP
audio	0~63	0	6/6	Audio channel for DSCP
				(capability.naudio > 0)
eventalarm	0~63	0	6/6	Event/alarm channel for DSCP
management	0~63	0	6/6	Management channel for DSCP
eventtunnel	0~63	0	6/6	Event/Control channel for DSCP

7.6.3 IPV6

Subgroup of **network**: **ipv6** (capability.protocol.ipv6 > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable IPv6.
addonipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	<blank></blank>	6/6	IPv6 IP address.
addonprefixlen	0~128	64	6/6	IPv6 prefix length.
addonrouter	<ip address=""></ip>	<blank></blank>	6/6	IPv6 router address.
addondns	<ip address=""></ip>	<blank></blank>	6/6	IPv6 DNS address.
allowoptional	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Allow manually setup of IP
				address setting.

7.6.4 FTP

Subgroup of **network**: **ftp**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	21, 1025~65535	21	6/6	Local ftp server port.

7.6.5 HTTP

Subgroup of **network**: http

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	80, 1025 ~	80	1/6	HTTP port.
	65535			
alternateport	1025~65535	8080	6/6	Alternate HTTP port.
authmode	basic,	basic	1/6	HTTP authentication mode.
	digest			
s0_accessname	string[32]	video.mjpg	1/6	HTTP server push access name for
				stream 1.
				(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg
				=1 and capability.nmediastream >
				0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	video2.mjpg	1/6	HTTP server push access name for
<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>stream 2.</td></product<>				stream 2.
dependent>				(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg
				=1 and capability.nmediastream >
				1)
s2_accessname	string[32]	video3.mjpg	1/6	Http server push access name for
<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>stream 3</td></product<>				stream 3
dependent>				(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg
				=1 and capability.nmediastream >
				2)
s3_accessname	string[32]	video4.mjpg	1/6	Http server push access name for
<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>stream 4</td></product<>				stream 4
dependent>				(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg
				=1 and capability.nmediastream >
				3)
s4_accessname	string[32]	videoany.mjpg	1/6	Http server push access name for
<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>stream 5</td></product<>				stream 5

dependent>				(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg
				=1 and capability.nmediastream >
				4)
				For some models, it is used for
				anystream.
				(capability.protocol.spush.mjpeg
				= 1 and capability.nanystream =
				1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming
				viewing.

7.6.6 HTTPS port

Subgroup of **network**: **https_port** (capability.protocol.https > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	443, 1025 ~	443	1/6	HTTPS port.
	65535			

7.6.7 RTSP

Subgroup of network	: rtsp	<pre>(capability.protocol.rtsp ></pre>	0)
----------------------------	--------	-------------------------------------------	----

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	554, 1025 ~	554	1/6	RTSP port.
	65535			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming
				viewing.
authmode	disable,	disable	1/6	RTSP authentication mode.
	basic,			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
	digest			
s0_accessname	<boolean></boolean>	live.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for
				stream1.
				(capability.protocol.rtsp=1
				and capability.nmediastream
				> 0)
s1_accessname	<boolean></boolean>	live2.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for
				stream2.
				(capability.protocol.rtsp=1
				and capability.nmediastream

				> 1)
s2_accessname	<boolean></boolean>	live3.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for
				stream3
				(capability.protocol.rtsp=1
				and capability.nmediastream
				> 2)
s3_accessname	<boolean></boolean>	live4.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for
				stream4
				(capability.protocol.rtsp=1
				and capability.nmediastream
				> 3)
S4_accessname	<boolean></boolean>	liveany.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for
				stream5
				(capability.protocol.rtsp=1
				and capability.nmediastream
				> 4)
				For some models, it is used
				for anystream.
				(capability.protocol.rtsp=1
				and capability.nanystream =
				1)
s0_audiotrack	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Enable audio for stream1.
s1_audiotrack	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Enable audio for stream2.
s2_audiotrack	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Enable audio for stream3.
s3_audiotrack	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Enable audio for stream4.
S4_audiotrack	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	Enable audio for stream5.

7.6.7.1 RTSP multicast

Subgroup of **network_rtsp_s<0~(n-1)>**: **multicast**, n is stream count (capability.protocol.rtp.multicast

> 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
alwaysmulticast	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable always multicast.
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	For n=0,	4/4	Multicast IP address.
		239.128.1.99		
		For n=1,		
		239.128.1.100,		

		and so on.		
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	5560+n*2	4/4	Multicast video port.
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	5562+n*2	4/4	Multicast audio port.
<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(capability.naudio > 0)</td></product<>				(capability.naudio > 0)
dependent>				
ttl	1 ~ 255	15	4/4	Mutlicast time to live value.

7.6.8 SIP port

Subgroup of **network**: **sip** (capability.protocol.sip> 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
port	1025 ~ 65535	5060	1/6	SIP port.

7.6.9 RTP port

Subgroup of $\ensuremath{\textbf{network}}\xspace$: $\ensuremath{\textbf{rtp}}\xspace$

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	5556	6/6	Video channel port for RTP.
				(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	5558	6/6	Audio channel port for RTP.
				(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)

7.6.10 PPPoE

Subgroup of **network**: **pppoe** (capability.protocol.pppoe > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
user	string[128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	PPPoE account user name.
pass	password[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	PPPoE account password.

7.7 IP Filter

Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable access list filtering.
admin_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable administrator IP
				address.
admin_ip	String[44]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Administrator IP address.
maxconnection	1~10	10	6/6	Maximum number of
				concurrent streaming
				connection(s).
type	0, 1	1	6/6	Ipfilter policy :
				0 => allow
				1 => deny
ipv4list_i<0~9>	Single address:	<blank></blank>	6/6	IPv4 address list.
	<ip address=""></ip>			
	Network address:			
	<ip <="" address="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></ip>			
	network mask>			
	Range			
	address: <start ip<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></start>			
	address - end ip			
	address>			
ipv6list_i<0~9>	String[44]	<blank></blank>	6/6	IPv6 address list.

7.8 Video input

Group: videoin

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
color	0, 1	1	4/4	0 =>monochrome
				1 => color
flip	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Flip the image.
mirror	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Mirror the image.
ptzstatus	<integer></integer>	2	1/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be
				set separately as follows:
				Bit 0 => Support camera control

				function; 0(not support),
				1(support)
				Bit 1 => Built-in or external
				camera; 0 (external), 1(built-in)
				Bit 2 => Support pan operation;
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 3 => Support tilt operation;
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 4 => Support zoom
				operation; 0(not support),
				1(support)
				Bit 5 => Support focus
				operation; 0(not support),
				1(support)
text	string[16]	<blank></blank>	1/4	Enclose caption.
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video.

7.8.1 Video input setting per channel

Group: **videoin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products, and m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
cmosfreq	50, 60	60	4/4	CMOS frequency.
				(capability.videoin.type=2)
whitebalance	auto, manual	auto	4/4	"auto" indicates auto white
				balance.
				"manual" indicates keep
				current value.
rgain	0~100	30	4/4	Manual set rgain value of
				gain control setting.
bgain	0~100	30	4/4	Manual set bgain value of
				gain control setting.
color	0, 1	1	4/4	0 =>monochrome
				1 => color
flip	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Flip the image.
mirror	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Mirror the image.
ptzstatus	<integer></integer>	2	1/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can
				be set separately as follows:
				Bit 0 => Support camera

				<pre>control function; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 1 => Built-in or external camera; 0 (external), 1(built-in) Bit 2 => Support pan operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 3 => Support tilt operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 4 => Support zoom operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 5 => Support focus</pre>
				operation; 0(not support), 1(support)
text	string[16]	<blank></blank>	1/4	Enclose caption.
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video.
options	quality, framerate	quality	4/4	Video input option: (1) Full HD (MAX1080P 30fps) (2) Exceptional frame rate (720P 60fps)
enablepreview	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/4	Usage for UI of exposure settings. Preview settings of video profile.
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	mpeg4, mjpeg, h264 <product dependent></product 	H264	1/4	Video codec type.
s<0~(m-1)>_resolution	Reference capability_vide oin_resolution	QCIF, CIF, 4CIF, D1	1/4	Video resolution in pixels.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_intrap eriod	250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000	1000	4/4	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_rateco	cbr, vbr	vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate

ntrolmode				vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quant	1~5	3	4/4	Quality of video when
	99, 100			choosing vbr in
				"ratecontrolmode".
				99 is the customized manual
				input setting.
				1 = worst quality, 5 = best
				quality.
				100 is percentage mode.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_qvalue	2~31	7	4/4	Manual video quality level
				input.
				(s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quan
				t = 99)
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_qperce	1~100	29	4/4	Manual video quality level
nt				input.
				(s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quan
				t = 100)
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_bitrate	1000~800000	51200	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when
	0			choosing cbr in
	<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>"ratecontrolmode".</td></product<>			"ratecontrolmode".
	dependent>			
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_maxfr	1~25,	30	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in
ame	26~30 (only			fps (for MPEG-4).
	for NTSC or			
	60Hz CMOS)			
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_intraperi	250, 500,	1000	4/4	Intra frame period in
od	1000, 2000,			milliseconds.
	3000, 4000			
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_ratecont	cbr, vbr	vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate
rolmode				vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_quant	1~5	3	4/4	Quality of video when
	99, 100			choosing vbr in
				"ratecontrolmode".
				99 is the customized manual
				input setting.
				1 = worst quality, 5 = best
				quality.
				100 is percentage mode.
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_qvalue	0~51	2	4/4	Manual video quality level
				input.

				(s<0~(m-1)>_h264_quant = 99)
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_qpercen t	1~100	44	4/4	Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_h264_quant = 100)
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_bitrate	1000~800000 0	3000000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "ratecontrolmode".
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_maxfra me	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	30	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for h264).
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_profile <product dependent=""></product>	0~2	1	1/4	Indicate H264 profiles 0: baseline 1: main profile 2: high profile
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quant	1~5 99, 100	3	4/4	Quality of JPEG video. 99 is the customized manual input setting. 1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality. 100 is percentage mode.
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_qvalue	2~97	50	4/4	Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quan t = 99)
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_qperce nt	1~100	49	4/4	Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_quan t = 100)
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_maxfra me	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	30	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for JPEG).
daynight	auto,schedule, day,night	auto	4/4	<pre>auto => auto daynight night => ircut filter on day => ircut filter off schedule => scheduled ircut filter</pre>

	0~3	0	4/4	
exposurecontrol	0~3	0	4/4	Select exposure mode.
				0 => Auto with IRCut
				1 => Shutter priority
				2 => Iris priority
				3 => Manual mode
exposurelevel	0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
agc	1~12	5	4/4	Set auto gain control to
	(6db~28db)			normal level or MAX level.
enableblc	0~1	0	4/4	Enable backlight
				compensation
				(exposurecontrol => auto
				with IRCut)
shutterpriority	0~14	5	4/4	Exposure time
				(exposurecontrol(=>
				shutter priority)
irispriority	1~17	13	4/4	Iris adjustment
	(F1.6 ~ F28)		,	(exposurecontrol => Iris
	(,			priority)
irismanual	1~17	13	4/4	Iris adjustment
manada	(F1.6 ~ F28)	15	7/7	(exposurecontrol =>
	(11.0 % 128)			
	0~14	5	A / A	manual)
shutterspeed		5	4/4	Exposure time
	(1/1 ~			(exposurecontrol =>
	1/10000)			manual)
gain	0~15	5	4/4	Gain control
	(0db ~ 28db)			(exposurecontrol =>
				manual)
wdr_mode	0~2	0	4/4	WDR enhanced.
				0: off
				1: manual
				2: auto
wdr_shadowcorrection	0~2	1	4/4	WDR strength
				0: low
				1: medium
				2: high
wdr_shortexposure	900,1800,2700	1	4/4	Short exposure time :
	,3600,4500,54			"900" : 1/900
	00,6300,7200,			"1800" : 1/1800
	8100,9000			"2700" : 1/2700
	0100,9000			
				"3600" : 1/3600

				"4500" : 1/4500
				"5400" : 1/5400
				"6300" : 1/6300
				"7200" : 1/7200
				"8100" : 1/8100
				"9000" : 1/9000
				(wdr_mode : 1)
wdr_sensitivity	0~2	1	4/4	WDR strength
				0: low
				1: medium
				2: high
				(wdr_mode: 2)

7.8.1.1 Alternative video input profiles per channel

In addition to the primary setting of video input, there can be alternative profile video input setting for each channel which might be for different scene of light (daytime or nighttime).

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable/disable this profile setting
policy	day,	night	4/4	The mode which the profile is
	night,			applied to.
	schedule			
begintime	hh:mm	18:00	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.
endtime	hh:mm	06:00	4/4	End time of schedule mode.
exposurecontrol	0~3	0	4/4	Select exposure mode.
				0 => Auto with IRCut
				1 => Shutter priority
				2 => Iris priority
				3 => Manual mode
exposurelevel	0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
agc	1~12	5	4/4	Set auto gain control to normal
	(6db~28db)			level or MAX level.
enableblc	0~1	0	4/4	Enable backlight compensation
				(exposurecontrol => auto with
				IRCut)
shutterpriority	0~14	5	4/4	Exposure time
				(exposurecontrol(=> shutter

Group: videoin_c0_profile_i<0~(m-1)> (capability. nvideoinprofile > 0)

				priority)
irispriority	1~13	13	4/4	Iris adjustment
	(F1.6 ~ F14)			(exposurecontrol => Iris
				priority)
irismanual	1~13	13	4/4	Iris adjustment
	(F1.6 ~ F14)			(exposurecontrol => manual)
shutterspeed	0~14	5	4/4	Exposure time
	(1/1 ~ 1/10000)			(exposurecontrol => manual)
gain	0~15	5	4/4	Gain control
	(0db ~ 28db)			(exposurecontrol => manual)
exposurecontrol	0~3	0	4/4	Select exposure mode.
				0 => Auto with IRCut
				1 => Shutter priority
				2 => Iris priority
				3 => Manual mode
exposurelevel	0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
whitebalance	auto, manual	manual	4/4	"auto" indicates auto white
				balance.
				"manual" indicates keep current
				value.
rgain	0~100	52	4/4	Manual set rgain value of gain
-				control setting.
bgain	0~100	47	4/4	Manual set bgain value of gain
				control setting.
wdr_mode	0~2	0	4/4	WDR enhanced.
				0: off
				1: manual
				2: auto
wdr_shadowcorrectio	0~2	1	4/4	WDR strength
n				0: low
				1: medium
				2: high
wdr_shortexposure	900,1800,2700,3	1	4/4	Short exposure time :
	600,4500,5400,6		,	"900" : 1/900
	300,7200,8100,9			"1800" : 1/1800
	000			"2700" : 1/2700
				"3600" : 1/3600
				"4500" : 1/4500
				"5400" : 1/5400
				"6300" : 1/6300

				"7200" : 1/7200
				"8100" : 1/8100
				"9000" : 1/9000
				(wdr_mode : 1)
wdr_sensitivity	0~2	1	4/4	WDR strength
				0: low
				1: medium
				2: high
				(wdr_mode: 2)

7.10 IR cut control

Group: **ircutcontrol** (capability.nvideoinprofile > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
daymodebegintime	00:00~23:59	07:00	6/6	Day mode begin time
daymodeendtime	00:00~23:59	18:00	6/6	Day mod end time
sensitivity	0~28	14	6/6	Sensitivity of IR cut filter
irdetection	0,1	0	6/6	IR light detection

7.11 Image setting per channel

Group: image	_c<0~(n-1)>	for n	channel	products
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NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
brightness	-5~5	-5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image
				according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust contrast of image
				according to mode settings.
sharpness	-3~3	0	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image
				according to mode settings.
profile_i0_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable/disable this profile
				setting
profile_i0_policy	day,	night	4/4	The mode which the profile is
	night,			applied to.
	schedule			
profile_i0_begintime	hh:mm	18:00	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.
profile_i0_endtime	hh:mm	06:00	4/4	End time of schedule mode.
profile_i0_contrast	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust contrast of image

				according to mode settings.
profile_i0_sharpness	-3~3	0	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image
				according to mode settings.

7.12 Image setting for preview

Group: imagepreview_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
brightness	-5~5	-5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image
				according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust contrast of image
				according to mode settings.
sharpness	-3~3	0	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image
				according to mode settings.

Group: imagepreview

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
videoin_whitebalance	auto,	auto	4/4	Preview of adjusting white balance of
	manual			image according to mode settings
videoin_restoreatwb	0,1~	0	4/4	Restore of adjusting white balance of
				image according to mode settings
videoin_rgain	0~100	0	4/4	Manual set rgain value of gain control
				setting.
videoin_bgain	0~100	0	4/4	Manual set bgain value of gain control
				setting.

7.13 Audio detection settings

Group: audioin_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products (capability.audioin>0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
alarm_enable	0, 1	0	4/4	Enable audio detection
alarm_level	1~100	50	4/4	Audio detection alarm level

7.14 Audio input per channel

Group: audioin_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products	(capability.audioin>0)
--------------------------------------------------	------------------------

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
mute	0,1	0	4/4	Enable audio mute.
gain	1~100	69	4/4	Gain of input.
				(audioin_c<0~(n-1)>_source =
				linein)
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	aac4,	aac4	4/4	Set audio codec type for input.
	gamr, g711			
s<0~(m-1)>_aac4_bitrate	16000,	16000	4/4	Set AAC4 bitrate in bps.
<product dependent=""></product>	32000,			
	48000,			
	64000,			
	96000,			
	128000			
s<0~(m-1)>_gamr_bitrate	4750,	12200	4/4	Set AMR bitrate in bps.
<product dependent=""></product>	5150,			
	5900,			
	6700,			
	7400,			
	7950,			
	10200,			
	12200			
s<0~(m-1)>_g711_mode	pcmu,	pcmu	4/4	Set G.711 mode.
<product dependent=""></product>	рста			

7.15 Time Shift settings

Group: **timeshift**, c for n channel products, m is stream number (capability.timeshift > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable time shift streaming.
c<0~(n-1)>_s<0~	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable time shift streaming for
(m-1)>_allow				specific stream.

7.16 Motion detection settings

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable motion detection.
win_i<0~2>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~2>_name	string[14]	<blank></blank>	4/4	Name of motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	0	4/4	Left coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	0	4/4	Top coordinate of window
				position.
win_i<0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	0	4/4	Width of motion detection
				window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	0	4/4	Height of motion detection
				window.
win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Percent of motion detection
				window.
win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection
				window.

Group: motion_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

Group: **motion_c<0~(n-1)> profile** for m profile and n channel product (capability.nmotionprofile > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
i<0~(m-1)>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable profile 1
				~ (m-1).
i<0~(m-1)>_policy	day,	night	4/4	The mode which
	night,			the profile is
	schedule			applied to.
i<0~(m-1)>_begintime	hh:mm	18:00	4/4	Begin time of
				schedule mode.
i<0~(m-1)>_endtime	hh:mm	06:00	4/4	End time of
				schedule mode.
$i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_enable$	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable motion
				window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_name	string[14]	<blank></blank>	4/4	Name of motion
				window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	0	4/4	Left coordinate

				of window
				position.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	0	4/4	Top coordinate
				of window
				position.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	0	4/4	Width of motion
				detection
				window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	0	4/4	Height of
				motion
				detection
				window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Percent of
				motion
				detection
				window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Sensitivity of
				motion
				detection
				window.

7.17 Tempering detection settings

Group: **tampering_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product (capability.tampering > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable or disable tamper detection.
threshold	0 ~ 255	32	4/4	Threshold of tamper detection.
duration	10 ~ 600	10	4/4	If tampering value exceeds the 'threshold' for
				more than 'duration' second(s), then tamper
				detection is triggered.

7.18 DDNS

Group: **ddns** (capability.ddns > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic DNS.
provider	Safe100,	DyndnsDyn	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net
	DyndnsDynamic,	amic		DyndnsDynamic => dyndns.org
	DyndnsCustom,			(dynamic)
	TZO,			DyndnsCustom => dyndns.org
	DHS,			(custom)
	DynInterfree,			TZO => tzo.com
	CustomSafe100,			DHS => dhs.org
	PeanutHull,			DynInterfree =>dyn-interfree.it
	IODATA,			CustomSafe100 =>
	DO_JP,			Custom server using safe100 method
	MYDNS_JP,			PeanutHull => PeanutHull
	customizeddyndns,			IODATA => iodata.jp
	DP21,			DO JP => ddo.jp
	NetHome,			MYDNS JP => mydns.jp
	ADAMA_LAND,			Customizeddyndns => Custom
	AddressNet,			server using dyndns method
	Luna_VC,			DP21 => dp-21.net
	Mars_VC,			NetHome => NetHome Co.,Ltd
	Planex_VC,			ADAMA_LAND => non-functional
	Sun_VC,			service provider
	Nexus_Control,			Address.net => non-functional
	DO_JP_FREE,			service provider
	EPolice,			Luna_VC => cybergate ddns
	PCCW,			Mars_VC => cybergate ddns
	MegaChips,			Planex_VC => cybergate ddns
	DLink,			Sun_VC => cybergate ddns
	DLinkCN			Nexus_Control => nexus control
	Logitec,			DO_JP_FREE => dp-21.net (free)
	GE_Security,			Epolice => epolice.com.tw
	HUAGAI,			PCCW => pccw.com
	3322,			MegaChips => megachips.co.jp
	ALARM,			Dlink =>D-LINK
	ChangeIP,			DlinkCN => D-LINK CN

	NOIP			Logitec => logitec.co.jp
	SWISSCOM			GE_Security =>GE Security
	CustomizedTZO			HUAGAI => huagai.com
	<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>3322 => 3322.net</td></product<>			3322 => 3322.net
	dependent>			ALARM => alarm.com
				ChangeIP => TOSHIBA
				NOIP => TOSHIBA
				SWISSCOM =>swiss.com
				CustomizedTZO => Customized
				server using TZO method
				<product dependent=""></product>
<provider>_ho</provider>	string[128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Your DDNS hostname.
stname				
<provider>_us</provider>	string[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Your user name or email to login to
ernameemail				the DDNS service provider
<provider>_pa</provider>	string[64]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Your password or key to login to the
sswordkey				DDNS service provider.
<provider>_se</provider>	string[128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	The server name for safe100.
rvername				(This field only exists if the provider is
				customsafe100)

7.19 Express link

Group: expresslink

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable express link.
state	onlycheck,	NULL	6/6	Camera will check the status of network
	onlyoffline,			environment and express link URL
	checkonline,			
	badnetwork			
url	string[64]	NULL	6/6	The url user define to link to camera

7.20 UPnP presentation

Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	Enable or disable the UPnP
				presentation service.

7.21 UPnP port forwarding

Group: upnpportforwarding

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the UPnP port
				forwarding service.
upnpnatstatus	0~3	0	6/7	The status of UPnP port forwarding,
				used internally.
				0 = OK, 1 = FAIL, 2 = no IGD
				router, $3 = no$ need for port
				forwarding

7.22 System log

Group: syslog

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enableremotelog	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable remote log.
serverip	<ip address=""></ip>	<blank></blank>	6/6	Log server IP address.
serverport	514,	514	6/6	Server port used for log.
	1025~65535			
level	0~7	6	6/6	Levels used to distinguish the
				importance of the
				information:
				0: LOG_EMERG
				1: LOG_ALERT
				2: LOG_CRIT
				3: LOG_ERR
				4: LOG_WARNING
				5: LOG_NOTICE

				6: LOG_INFO
				7: LOG_DEBUG
setparamlevel	0~2	0	6/6	Show log of parameter
				setting.
				0: disable
				1: Show log of parameter
				setting set from external.
				2. Show log of parameter
				setting set from external and
				internal.

7.23 camera PTZ control

Group: camctrl_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product (capability.ptzenabled)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
panspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Pan speed
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Tilt speed
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Zoom speed
autospeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Auto pan speed
focusspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Auto focus speed
preset_i<0~(npreset-	string[40]	<blank></blank>	1/4	Name of the preset
1)>_name				location.
preset_i<0~127>_	0 ~ 255	<blank></blank>	1/4	Dwelling time at each
dwelling				preset location.
patrol_i<0~39>_nam	string[40]	<blank></blank>	1/4	(For internal device)
e				The name of patrol
				location
patrol_i<0~39>_	0 ~ 255	<blank></blank>	1/4	(For internal device)
dwelling				The dwelling time of each
				patrol location
disablemdonptz	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/4	Disable motion detection
				on PTZ operation.
defaulthome	<boolean></boolean>	1	6/6	This field tells system to
				use default home position
				or not.
digitalzoom	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable digital
				zoom
idleaction_enable	<integer></integer>	0	1/4	Enable/disable idle action

				while idle
idleaction_type	pan, patrol,	pan	1/4	This field tells what kind
	home			of action should be taken
				while idle.
idleaction_interval	<integer></integer>	30	1/4	While idle over this time
				interval, idle action will be
				taken.
horizontalalignment	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/4	Once you enable this
				feature, a reference line
				will be visible when the
				camera tilt is under 0° or
				over 180° to help verify
				that the camera is
				mounted to a flat surface.

7.25 SNMP

Group: **snmp** (capability.snmp > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
v2	0~1	0	6/6	SNMP v2 enabled. 0 for disable, 1
				for enable
v3	0~1	0	6/6	SNMP v3 enabled. 0 for disable, 1
				for enable
secnamerw	string[31]	Private	6/6	Read/write security name
secnamero	string[31]	Public	6/6	Read only security name
authpwrw	string[8~128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Read/write authentication
				password
authpwro	string[8~128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Read only authentication password
authtyperw	MD5,SHA	MD5	6/6	Read/write authentication type
authtypero	MD5,SHA	MD5	6/6	Read only authentication type
encryptpwrw	string[8~128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Read/write passwrd
encryptpwro	string[8~128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Read only password
encrypttyperw	DES	DES	6/6	Read/write encryption type
encrypttypero	DES	DES	6/6	Read only encryption type
rwcommunity	string[31]	Private	6/6	Read/write community

rocommunity	string[31]	Public	6/6	Read only community
syslocation	0~128	<blank></blank>	6/6	System location
syscontact	0~128	<blank></blank>	6/6	System contact

7.26 Layout configuration

Group: layout (New version)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
logo_default	<boolean></boolean>	1	1/6	0 => Custom logo
				1 => Default logo
logo_link	string[40]	<u>http://ww</u>	1/6	Hyperlink of the logo
		<u>w.vivotek.c</u>		
		<u>om</u>		
logo_powerbyvvtk_hidden	<boolean></boolean>	0	1/6	0 => display the power by
				vivotek logo
				1 => hide the power by vivotek
				logo
custombutton_manualtrigger_s	<boolean></boolean>	1	1/6	Show or hide manual trigger
how				(VI) button in homepage
<product dependent=""></product>				0 -> Hidden
				1 -> Visible
theme_option	1~4	1	1/6	1~3: One of the default
				themes.
				4: Custom definition.
theme_color_font	string[7]	#ffffff	1/6	Font color
theme_color_configfont	string[7]	#ffffff	1/6	Font color of configuration area.
theme_color_titlefont	string[7]	#098bd6	1/6	Font color of video title.
theme_color_controlbackgroun	string[7]	#565656	1/6	Background color of control
d				area.
theme_color_configbackground	string[7]	#323232	1/6	Background color of
				configuration area.
theme_color_videobackground	string[7]	#565656	1/6	Background color of video area.
theme_color_case	string[7]	#323232	1/6	Frame color

7.27 Privacy mask

Group: privacymask3d_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product	Group: privacymask3d_	_c<0~(n-1)>	for n channe	el product
-------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------	-------------	--------------	------------

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	4/4	Enable the 3D privacy
				mask
color	0~14	0	4/4	Privacy mask color

7.28 Capability

Group: capability

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
api_httpversion	<string></string>	<string> 0100a 0/7</string>		The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive< td=""><td>60</td><td>0/7</td><td>Server bootup time.</td></positive<>	60	0/7	Server bootup time.
	integer>			
nir	0,	0	0/7	Number of IR interfaces.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>(Recommand to use ir for</td></positive<>			(Recommand to use ir for
	integer>			built-in IR and extir for
				external IR)
npir	0,	0	0/7	Number of PIRs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
ndi	0,	1	0/7	Number of digital inputs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
nvi	0,	3	0/7	Number of virtual inputs
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>(manual trigger)</td></positive<>			(manual trigger)
	integer>			
ndo	0,	1	0/7	Number of digital outputs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
naudioin	0,	1	0/7	Number of audio inputs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
naudioout	0,	1	0/7	Number of audio outputs.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			

	integer>			
nvideoin	<positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of video inputs.</td></positive<>	1	0/7	Number of video inputs.
	integer>			
nmediastream	<positive< td=""><td>4</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of media stream</td></positive<>	4	0/7	Number of media stream
	integer>			per channels.
nvideosetting	<positive< td=""><td>2</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of video settings</td></positive<>	2	0/7	Number of video settings
	integer>			per channel.
naudiosetting	<positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of audio settings</td></positive<>	1	0/7	Number of audio settings
	integer>			per channel.
nuart	0,	1	0/7	Number of UART interfaces.
	<positive< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></positive<>			
	integer>			
nvideoinprofile	<positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of video input</td></positive<>	1	0/7	Number of video input
	integer>			profiles.
nmotionprofile	0, <positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of motion profiles.</td></positive<>	1	0/7	Number of motion profiles.
	integer>			
ptzenabled	0, <positive< td=""><td>189</td><td>0/7</td><td>An 32-bit integer, each bit</td></positive<>	189	0/7	An 32-bit integer, each bit
	integer>			can be set separately as
				follows:
				Bit 0 => Support camera
				control function;
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 1 => Built-in or external
				camera;
				0(external), 1(built-in)
				Bit 2 => Support pan
				operation, 0(not support),
				1(support)
				Bit 3 => Support tilt
				operation; 0(not support),
				1(support)
				Bit 4 => Support zoom
				operation;
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 5 => Support focus
				operation;
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 6 => Support iris
				operation;

		1	1	
				0(not support), 1(support)
				Bit 7 => External or built-in
				PT; 0(built-in), 1(external)
				Bit 8 => Invalidate bit 1 \sim
				7;
				0(bit 1 \sim 7 are valid),
				1(bit 1 ~ 7 are invalid)
				Bit 9 => Reserved bit;
				Invalidate lens_pan,
				Lens_tilt, lens_zoon,
				lens_focus, len_iris.
				0(fields are valid),
				1(fields are invalid)
evctrlchannel	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				HTTP tunnel for
				event/control transfer.
joystick	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				joystick control.
storage_dbenabled	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Media files are indexed in
				database.
ptzenabledclient	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				ptz client
protocol_https	< boolean >	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				HTTP over SSL.
protocol_rtsp	< boolean >	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				RTSP.
protocol_sip	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
			-,	SIP.
protocol_maxconnection	<positive< td=""><td>10</td><td>0/7</td><td>The maximum allowed</td></positive<>	10	0/7	The maximum allowed
F	integer>		-,-	simultaneous connections.
protocol_maxgenconnection	<positive< td=""><td>10</td><td>0/7</td><td>The maximum general</td></positive<>	10	0/7	The maximum general
protocol_maxgeneonneedon	integer>	10	0, ,	streaming connections .
 protocol_maxmegaconnection	<positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>0/7</td><td>The maximum megapixel</td></positive<>	0	0/7	The maximum megapixel
	integer>			streaming connections.
protocol rta multicast	<pre>cboolean></pre>	1	0/7	_
protocol_rtp_multicast_		1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
scalable	chealana	0	0/7	scalable multicast.
protocol_rtp_multicast_	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
backchannel			0.17	backchannel multicast.
protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				RTP over TCP.

protocol_rtp_http	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTP over HTTP.
protocol_spush_mjpeg	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support server push MJPEG.
protocol_snmp	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support SNMP.
protocol_ipv6	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support IPv6.
videoin_type	0, 1, 2	2	0/7	0 => Interlaced CCD 1 => Progressive CCD 2 => CMOS
videoin_resolution	<a list="" of<br="">available resolution separated by commas> <product< td=""><td>QCIF, CIF, 4CIF, D1</td><td>0/7</td><td>Available resolutions list.</td></product<>	QCIF, CIF, 4CIF, D1	0/7	Available resolutions list.
videoin_maxframerate	dependent> <a list="" of<br="">available	30, 30,	0/7	Available maximum frame list.
	maximum frame rate separated by commas> <product dependent></product 	30, 30, 30, 30, 30		
videoin_codec	mpeg4. mjpeg, h264 <product dependent></product 	mpeg4, mjpeg, h264	0/7	Available codec list.
videoout_codec	<pre><a <pre="" available="" by="" codec="" commas)="" list="" of="" separated="" the="" types=""><pre>commas</pre></pre>	<blank></blank>	0/7	Available codec list.
audio_aec	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support acoustic echo cancellation.
audio_extmic	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support external microphone input.

audio lincin	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
audio_linein		L L	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				external line input.
				(It will be replaced by
				audio_mic and
				audio_extmic.)
audio_lineout	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				line output.
audio_headphoneout	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				headphone output.
audioin_codec	aac4, gamr, g711	aac4, gamr,	0/7	Available codec list for audio
	<product< td=""><td>g711</td><td></td><td>input.</td></product<>	g711		input.
	dependent>			
audioout_codec	g711	g711	0/7	Available codec list for SIP.
	<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></product<>			
	dependent>			
camctrl_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				httptunnel.
camctrl_httptunnelclient	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				httptunnel client.
camctrl_privilege	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
<u>-</u>			-,-	"Manage Privilege" of PTZ
				control in the Security page.
				1: support both
				/cgi-bin/camctrl/camctrl.cgi
				and
				/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi
				0: support only
			0.17	/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi
uart_httptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				HTTP tunnel for UART
				transfer.
transmission_mode	Tx,	Тх	0/7	Indicate transmission mode
	Rx,			of the machine: TX =
	Both			server, Rx = receiver box,
				Both = DVR.
network_wire	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				Ethernet.
network_wireless	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				wireless.

wireless_s802dot11b	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				wireless 802.11b+.
wireless_s802dot11g	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				wireless 802.11g.
wireless_encrypt_wep	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				wireless WEP.
wireless_encrypt_wpa	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				wireless WPA.
wireless_encrypt_wpa2	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				wireless WPA2.
wireless_beginchannel	$1 \sim 14$	255	0/7	Indicate the begin channel
				of wireless network
wireless_endchannel	$1 \sim 14$	255	0/7	Indicate the end channel of
				wireless network
derivative_brand	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				the upgrade function for the
				derivative brand. For
				example, if the value is
				true, the VVTK product can
				be upgraded to VVXX.
				(TCVV<->TCXX is
				excepted)
npreset	0, <positive< td=""><td>20</td><td>0/7</td><td>Number of preset locations</td></positive<>	20	0/7	Number of preset locations
	integer>			
eptz	0, <positive< td=""><td>7</td><td>0/7</td><td>A 32-bit integer, each bit</td></positive<>	7	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit
	integer>			can be set separately as
				follows:
				Bit 0 => stream 1 supports
				ePTZ or not.
				Bit 1 => stream 2 supports
				ePTZ or not.
				The rest may be deduced by
				analogy
nanystream	0, <positive< td=""><td>1</td><td>0/7</td><td>number of any media</td></positive<>	1	0/7	number of any media
	integer>			stream per channel
iva	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				Intelligent Video analysis
tampering	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				tampering detection.

test_ac	<boolean></boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				test ac key.
version_onvifdaemon	<string></string>	1.5.0.0	0/7	Indicate ONVIF daemon
				version
image_wdrc	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				WDR enhanced.
image_ iristype	<string></string>	piris, dciris	0/7	Indicate iris type.
image_ focusassist	<boolean></boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support
				focus assist.

7.29 Customized event script

Group: event_customtaskfile_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[41]	<blank></blank>	6/7	Custom script identification of this
				entry.
date	string[17]	<blank></blank>	6/7	Date of custom script.
time	string[17]	<blank></blank>	6/7	Time of custom script.

7.30 Event setting

Group: event_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this event.
priority	0, 1, 2	1	6/6	Indicate the priority of this event: "0" = low priority "1" = normal priority "2" = high priority
delay	1~999	20	6/6	Delay in seconds before detecting the next event.
trigger	boot, di, motion, seq, recnotify, volalarm	boot	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition: "boot" = System boot "di"= Digital input "motion" = Video motion detection "seq" = Periodic condition "recnotify" = Recording notification. "volalarm" = Audio detection.
triggerstatus	String[40]	trigger	6/6	The status for event trigger
di	<integer></integer>	1	6/6	Indicate the source id of di trigger. This field is required when trigger condition is "di". One bit represents one digital input. The LSB indicates DI 0.
mdwin	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source window id of motion detection. This field is required when trigger condition is "md". One bit represents one window. The LSB indicates the 1 st window. For example, to detect the 1 st and 3 rd windows, set mdwin as 5.
mdwin0	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Similar to mdwin. The parameter takes effect when profile 1 of motion detection is enabled.

inter	1~999	1	6/6	Interval of snapshots in minutes.
				This field is used when trigger
				condition is "seq".
weekday	0~127	127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
				One bit represents one weekday.
				bit0 (LSB) = Saturday
				bit1 = Friday
				bit2 = Thursday
				bit3 = Wednesday
				bit4 = Tuesday
				bit5 = Monday
				bit6 = Sunday
				For example, to detect events on
				Friday and Sunday, set weekday as
				66.
begintime	hh:mm	00:00	6/6	Begin time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	24:00	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule.
				$(00:00 \sim 24:00 \text{ sets schedule as})$
				always on)
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable trigger digital
>_enable				output.
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	1~999	1	6/6	Duration of the digital output trigger
>_duration				in seconds.
action_goto_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable ptz goto preset
<product dependent=""></product>				position on event triggered.
action_goto_name	string[40]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Specify the preset name that ptz goto
<product dependent=""></product>				on event triggered.
action_cf_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable sending media to
				SD card.
action_cf_folder	string[128]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Path to store media.
action_cf_media	NULL, 0~4	<blank></blank>	6/6	Index of the attached media.
action_cf_datefolder	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date,
				time, and hour automatically.
action_cf_backup	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the function that
				send media to SD card for backup if
				network is disconnected.
action_server_i<0~4>_e	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this server action.
nable				

action_server_i<0~4>_	NULL, 0~4	<blank></blank>	6/6	Index of the attached media.
media				
action_server_i<0~4>_	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date,
datefolder				time, and hour automatically.
action_patrol_enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable ptz patrol when event
(only for VS series)				triggered.
<product dependent=""></product>				
action_ patrol _server	0~255	0	6/6	Indicate the target servers to which
(only for VS series)				the snapshots taken during patrol
<product dependent=""></product>				dwelling time should be sent.
				One bit represents one application
				server (server_i0~i4).
				bit0 (LSB) = server_i0.
				bit1 = server_i1.
				bit2 = server_i2.
				bit3 = server_i3.
				bit4 = server_i4.
				For example, enable server_i0,
				server_i2, and server_i4 as
				notification servers; the notifyserver
				value is 21.

7.31 Server setting for event action

Group: **server_i**<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	email, ftp, http, ns	email	6/6	Indicate the server type: "email" = email server "ftp" = FTP server "http" = HTTP server "ns" = network storage
http_url	string[128]	http://	6/6	URL of the HTTP server to upload.
http_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
http_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	NULL	6/6	FTP server address.
ftp_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.

ftp_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_port	0~65535	21	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
ftp_location	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ftp_passive	0, 1	1	6/6	Enable or disable passive mode.
				0 = disable passive mode
				1 = enable passive mode
email_address	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Email server address.
email_sslmode	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable support SSL.
email_port	0~65535	25	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
email_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
email_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
email_senderemail	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Email address of the sender.
email_recipientemail	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Email address of the recipient.
ns_location	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ns_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ns_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
ns_workgroup	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Workgroup for network storage.

7.32 Media setting for event action

Group: **media_i<0~4>** (media_freespace is used internally.)

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	snapshot,	snapshot	6/6	Media type to send to the server or
	systemlog,			store on the server.
	videoclip,			
	recordmsg			
snapshot_source	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
				0 means the first stream.
				1 means the second stream and etc.
				2 means the third stream and etc.
				3 means the fourth stream and etc.

snapshot_prefix	string[16]	Snapshot1_	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
				media_i0=> Snapshot1_
				media_i1=> Snapshot2_
				media_i2=> Snapshot3_
				media_i3=> Snapshot4_
				media_i4=> Snapshot5_
snapshot_datesuffix	0,1	0	6/6	Add date and time suffix to filename:
				1 = Add date and time suffix.
				0 = Do not add.
snapshot_preevent	0 ~ 7	1	6/6	Indicates the number of pre-event
				images.
snapshot_postevent	0 ~ 7	1	6/6	The number of post-event images.
videoclip_source	<integer></integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
				0 means the first stream.
				1 means the second stream and etc.
				2 means the third stream and etc.
				3 means the fourth stream and etc.
videoclip_prefix	string[16]	VideoClip1_	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
videoclip_preevent	0~9	0	6/6	Indicates the time for pre-event
				recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1 ~ 20	5	6/6	Maximum duration of one video clip in
				seconds.
videoclip_maxsize	50 ~ 4096	1000	6/6	Maximum size of one video clip file in
				Kbytes.

7.33 Recording

Group: **recording_i**<0~1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry.
trigger	schedule,	schedule	6/6	The event trigger type
	networkfail			schedule: The event is triggered by
				schedule
				networkfail: The event is triggered by
				the failure of network connection.
enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this recording.

ani ani bu	0.1.2	1	C IC	To diasta the ovienity of this recording.
priority	0, 1, 2	1	6/6	Indicate the priority of this recording:
				"0" indicates low priority.
				"1" indicates normal priority.
				"2" indicates high priority.
source	0~3	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
				0 means the first stream.
				1 means the second stream and so
				on.
limitsize	0,1	0	6/6	0: Entire free space mechanism
				1: Limit recording size mechanism
cyclic	0,1	0	6/6	0: Disable cyclic recording
				1: Enable cyclic recording
notify	0,1	1	6/6	0: Disable recording notification
				1: Enable recording notification
notifyserver	0~31	0	6/6	Indicate which notification server is
				scheduled.
				One bit represents one application
				server (server_i0~i4).
				bit0 (LSB) = server_i0.
				bit1 = server_i1.
				bit2 = server_i2.
				bit3 = server_i3.
				bit4 = server_i4.
				For example, enable server_i0,
				server_i2, and server_i4 as
				notification servers; the notifyserver
				value is 21.
weekday	0~127	127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
	-		-, -	One bit represents one weekday.
				bit0 (LSB) = Saturday
				bit1 = Friday
				bit2 = Thursday
				bit3 = Wednesday
				bit4 = Tuesday
				bit5 = Monday
				bit6 = Sunday
				For example, to detect events on
				Friday and Sunday, set weekday as
la a statt	, .	00.00		66.
begintime	hh:mm	00:00	6/6	Start time of the weekly schedule.

endtime	hh:mm	24:00	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule.
				(00:00~24:00 indicates schedule
				always on)
prefix	string[16]	<blank></blank>	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
cyclesize	200~	100	6/6	The maximum size for cycle recording
				in Kbytes when choosing to limit
				recording size.
reserveamount	0~	100	6/6	The reserved amount in Mbytes when
				choosing cyclic recording mechanism.
dest	cf,	cf	6/6	The destination to store the recorded
	0~4			data.
				"cf" means local storage (CF or SD
				card).
				"0" means the index of the network
				storage.
cffolder	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Folder name.
adaptive_enable	0,1	0	6/6	Indicate whether the adaptive
<product dependent=""></product>				recording is enabled
adaptive_preevent	0~9	1	6/6	Indicate when is the adaptive
<product dependent=""></product>				recording started before the event
				trigger point (seconds)
adaptive_postevent	0~10	1	6/6	Indicate when is the adaptive
<product dependent=""></product>				recording stopped after the event
				trigger point (seconds)

7.34 HTTPS

Group: **https** (capability.protocol.https > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	To enable or disable secure
				HTTP.
policy	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	If the value is 1, it will force
				HTTP connection redirect to
				HTTPS connection
method	auto,	auto	6/6	auto => Create self-signed
	manual,			certificate automatically.
	install			manual => Create self-signed
				certificate manually.

				install => Create certificate
				request and install.
status	-3 ~ 1	0	6/7	Specify the https status.
				-3 = Certificate not installed
				-2 = Invalid public key
				-1 = Waiting for certificate
				0 = Not installed
				1 = Active
countryname	string[2]	TW	6/6	Country name in the certificate
				information.
stateorprovincename	string[128]	Asia	6/6	State or province name in the
				certificate information.
localityname	string[128]	Asia	6/6	The locality name in the
				certificate information.
organizationname	string[64]	Vivotek.Inc	6/6	Organization name in the
				certificate information.
unit	string[32]	Vivotek.Inc	6/6	Organizational unit name in the
				certificate information.
commonname	string[64]	www.vivotek.	6/6	Common name in the certificate
		com		information.
validdays	0 ~ 3650	3650	6/6	Valid period for the certification.

7.35 Storage management setting

Currently it's for local storage (SD, CF card)

Group: **disk_i<0~(n-1)>** n is the total number of storage devices. (capability.storage.dbenabled > 0)

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
			(get/set)	
cyclic_enabled	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable cyclic storage method.
autocleanup_enabled	<boolean></boolean>	0	6/6	Enable automatic clean up method. Expired and not locked media files will be deleted.
autocleanup_maxage	<positive integer></positive 	7	6/6	To specify the expired days for automatic clean up.

8. Useful Functions

8.1 Drive the Digital Output (capability.ndo > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=<*state*>[&do2=<state>] [&do3=<state>][&do4=<state>]

Where state is 0 or 1; "0" means inactive or normal state, while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
do <num></num>	0, 1	0 – Inactive, normal state
		1 – Active, triggered state

Example: Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and redirect to an empty page.

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

8.2 Query Status of the Digital Input (capability.ndi > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]

If no parameter is specified, all of the digital input statuses will be returned.

Return:
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: \r\n
\r\n
[di0= <state>]\r\n</state>
[di1= <state>]\r\n</state>
[di2= <state>]\r\n</state>
[di3= <state>]\r\n</state>
where $\langle state \rangle$ can be 0 or 1.

where <*state*> can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital input 1 .

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?di1

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n di1=1 $r\n$

8.3 Query Status of the Digital Output (capability.ndo > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?[do0][&do1][&do2][&do3]

If no parameter is specified, all the digital output statuses will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: *<length>*\r\n \r\n [do0=<state>]\r\n [do1=<state>]\r\n [do2=<state>]\r\n [do3=<state>]\r\n

where *<state>* can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital output 1.

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?do1

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n do1=1\r\n

8.4 3D Privacy Mask

Note: This request requires admin user privilege

<SD81X1> You can set privacy mask only at zoom 1x. To go back to zoom 1x directly, please send this cgi command: "/cgi-bin/camctrl/camposition.cgi?setzoom=0" Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/setpm3d.cgi?method=<value>&name=<value>&[maskheight=<value>&maskwidth=<value>&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	add	Add a 3D privacy mask at current location
	delete	Delete a 3D privacy mask
	edit	Edit a 3D privacy mask
maskname	string[40]	3D privacy mask name
maskheight	integer	3D privacy mask height
maskwidth	integer	3D privacy mask width
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to page < <i>return page</i> > after the 3D privacy mask is
		configured. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or
		relative path according to the current path. If you omit this
		parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.5 Capture Single Snapshot

Note: This request requires Normal User privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>] [&quality=<value>][&streamid=<value>]

If the user requests a size larger than all stream settings on the server, this request will fail.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
channel	0~(n-1)	0	The channel number of the video source.
resolution	<available resolution></available 	0	The resolution of the image.
quality	1~5	3	The quality of the image.
streamid	0~(m-1)	<product dependent></product 	The stream number.

The server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of the selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of the image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n [Content-Length: <image size>\r\n]

<binary JPEG image data>

8.6 Account Management

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/editaccount.cgi?

method=<value>&username=<*name*>[&userpass=<*value*>][&privilege=<*value*>]

[&privilege=<value>][...][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	Add	Add an account to the server. When using this method, the
		"username" field is necessary. It will use the default value of
		other fields if not specified.
	Delete	Remove an account from the server. When using this method,
		the "username" field is necessary, and others are ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using this
		method, the "username" field is necessary, and other fields are
		optional. If not specified, it will keep the original settings.
username	<name></name>	The name of the user to add, delete, or edit.
userpass	<value></value>	The password of the new user to add or that of the old user to
		modify. The default value is an empty string.
Privilege	<value></value>	The privilege of the user to add or to modify.
	viewer	Viewer privilege.
	operator	Operator privilege.
	admin	Administrator privilege.
Return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

8.7 System Logs

Note: This request require Administrator privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi

Server will return the most up-to-date system log.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n \r\n <system log information>\r\n

8.8 Upgrade Firmware

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges. Method: POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upgrade.cgi

Post data:

fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n \r\n <multipart encoded form data>

Server will accept the file named <file name> to upgrade the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

8.9 Camera Control (capability.ptzenabled)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://< <i>servername</i> >/cgi-bin/camctrl/camctrl.cgi?[channel= <value>][&camid=<value>]</value></value>
[&move= <value>] - Move home, up, down, left, right</value>
[&focus= <value>] – Focus operation</value>
[&iris= <value>] – Iris operation</value>
[&auto= <value>] - Auto pan, patrol</value>
[&zoom= <value>] – Zoom in, out</value>
[&zooming= <value>&zs=<value>] - Zoom without stopping, used for joystick</value></value>
[&vx= <value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>] - Shift without stopping, used for joystick</value></value></value>
[&x= <value>&y=<value>&videosize=<value>&resolution=<value>&stretch=<value>] - Click on image</value></value></value></value></value>
(Move the center of image to the coordination (x,y) based on resolution or videosize.)
[[&speedpan= <value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>][&speedapp=<value>][&speedlink</value></value></value></value>
= <value>]] – Set speeds</value>
[&return= <return page="">]</return>

Example:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/camctrl.cgi?channel=0&camid=1&move=right http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/camctrl.cgi?channel=0&camid=1&zoom=tele http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/camctrl.cgi?channel=0&camid=1&x=300&y=200&resolution=704x480&vi deosize=704x480&strech=1

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source.
camid	0, <positive integer=""></positive>	Camera ID.
move	home	Move to camera to home position.
	up	Move camera up.
	down	Move camera down.
	left	Move camera left.
	right	Move camera right.
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed.
speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed.
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed.

speedfocus	-5 ~ 5	Set the focus speed.
speedapp	-5 ~ 5	Set the auto pan/patrol speed.
auto	pan	Auto pan.
	patrol	Auto patrol.
	stop	Stop camera.
zoom	wide	Zoom larger view with current speed.
	tele	Zoom further with current speed.
	stop	Stop zoom.
zooming	wide or tele	Zoom without stopping for larger view or further view with zs speed, used for joystick control.
ZS	0 ~ 6 0 ~ 15 <sd81x1> 0 ~ 8 < SD83X1_X2_X3></sd81x1>	Set the speed of zooming, "0" means stop.
vx	<integer ,="" 0="" excluding=""></integer>	The slope of movement = vy/vx , used for joystick control.
vy	<integer></integer>	
vs	0 ~ 7 0 ~ 15 <sd81x1> 0 ~ 45 < SD83X1_X2_X3></sd81x1>	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.
x	<integer></integer>	x-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the x-coordinate of center after movement.
У	<integer></integer>	y-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the y-coordinate of center after movement.
videosize	<window size=""></window>	The size of plug-in (ActiveX) window in web page
resolution	<window size=""></window>	The resolution of streaming.
stretch	<boolean></boolean>	0 indicates that it uses resolution (streaming size) as the range of the coordinate system. 1 indicates that it uses videosize (plug-in size) as the range of the coordinate system.
focus	auto	Auto focus.
	far	Focus on further distance.
	near	Focus on closer distance.

return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

8.10 ePTZ Camera Control (capability.eptz > 0)

Note: This request requires camctrl privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://< <i>servername</i> >/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel= <value>&stream=<value></value></value>
[&move= <value>] - Move home, up, down, left, right</value>
[&auto= <value>] - Auto pan, patrol</value>
[&zoom= <value>] – Zoom in, out</value>
[&zooming= <value>&zs=<value>] - Zoom without stopping, used for joystick</value></value>
[&vx= <value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>] - Shift without stopping, used for joystick</value></value></value>
[&x= <value>&y=<value>&videosize=<value>&resolution=<value>&stretch=<value>] - Click on image</value></value></value></value></value>
(Move the center of image to the coordination (x,y) based on resolution or videosize.)
[[&speedpan= <value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>][&speedapp=<value>]] - Set</value></value></value></value>
speeds
[&return= <return page="">]</return>

Example:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=0&move=right http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=1&vx=2&vy=2&vz=2 http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=1&x=100&y=100& videosize=640x480&resolution=640x480&stretch=0

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
move	home	Move to home ROI.
	up	Move up.
	down	Move down.
	left	Move left.
	right	Move right.
auto	pan	Auto pan.

	patrol	Auto patrol.
	stop	Stop auto pan/patrol.
zoom	wide	Zoom larger view with current speed.
	tele	Zoom further with current speed.
zooming	wide or tele	Zoom without stopping for larger view or further view with zs
		speed, used for joystick control.
ZS	0 ~ 6	Set the speed of zooming, "0" means stop.
vx	<integer></integer>	The direction of movement, used for joystick control.
vy	<integer></integer>	
vs	0 ~ 7	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.
х	<integer></integer>	x-coordinate clicked by user.
		It will be the x-coordinate of center after movement.
у	<integer></integer>	y-coordinate clicked by user.
		It will be the y-coordinate of center after movement.
videosize	<window size=""></window>	The size of plug-in (ActiveX) window in web page
resolution	<window size=""></window>	The resolution of streaming.
stretch	<boolean></boolean>	0 indicates that it uses resolution (streaming size) as the range
		of the coordinate system.
		1 indicates that it uses videosize (plug-in size) as the range of
		the coordinate system.
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed.
speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed.
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed.
speedapp	1 ~ 5	Set the auto pan/patrol speed.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path.

8.11 Recall (capability.ptzenabled)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/recall.cgi? recall=<value>[&channel=<value>][&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
recall	Text string less than 30	One of the present positions to recall.
	characters	
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

8.12 ePTZ Recall (capability.eptz > 0)

Note: This request requires camctrl privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/camctrl/eRecall.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>& recall=<value>[&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
recall	Text string less than 40	One of the present positions to recall.
	characters	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < return page > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path.

8.13 Preset Locations (capability.ptzenabled)

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/preset.cgi?[channel=<value>]
[&addpos=<value>][&delpos=<value>][&return=<return page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
addpos	<text less="" string="" than<br="">30 characters></text>	Add one preset location to the preset list.
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
delpos	<text less="" string="" than<br="">30 characters></text>	Delete preset location from preset list.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative

path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.14 ePTZ Preset Locations (capability.eptz > 0)

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/ePreset.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>

[&addpos=<value>][&delpos=<value>][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
addpos	<text less="" string="" td="" than<=""><td>Add one preset location to the preset list.</td></text>	Add one preset location to the preset list.
	40 characters>	
delpos	<text less="" string="" td="" than<=""><td>Delete preset location from the preset list.</td></text>	Delete preset location from the preset list.
	40 characters>	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path.

8.15 IP Filtering

Note: This request requires Administrator access privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax: <product dependent>

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?type[=<value>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?method=add<v4/v6>&ip=<*ipaddress*>[&index=<value>] [&return=<*return page*>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?method=del<v4/v6>&index=<value>[&return=<*return* page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
type	NULL	Get IP filter type
	allow, deny	Set IP filter type
method	addv4	Add IPv4 address into access list.
	addv6	Add IPv6 address into access list.
	delv4	Delete IPv4 address from access list.
	delv6	Delete IPv6 address from access list.
ip	<ip address=""></ip>	Single address: <ip address=""></ip>
		Network address: <ip address="" mask="" network=""></ip>
		Range address: < start IP address - end IP address >
index	<value></value>	The start position to add or to delete.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

8.16 UART HTTP Tunnel Channel (capability.nuart > 0)

Note: This request requires Operator privileges. **Method:** GET and POST

Syntax:
http:// <servername>/cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi?[channel=<value>]</value></servername>
GET /cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi?[channel= <value>]</value>
x-sessioncookie: string[22]
accept: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled
pragma: no-cache
cache-control: no-cache
POST /cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi
x-sessioncookie: string[22]
content-type: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled
pragma : no-cache
cache-control : no-cache
content-length: 32767
expires: Sun, 9 Jam 1972 00:00:00 GMT

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through a proxy server.

This channel will help to transfer the raw data of UART over the network.

Please see UART tunnel spec for detail information

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	0 ~ (n-1)	The channel number of UART.

8.17 Event/Control HTTP Tunnel Channel (capability.

evctrlchannel > 0)

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges. **Method:** GET and POST

Syntax:

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through the proxy server.

This channel will help perform real-time event subscription and notification as well as camera control more efficiently. The event and control formats are described in another document.

See Event/control tunnel spec for detail information

8.18 Get SDP of Streams

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

"network_accessname_<0~(m-1)>" is the accessname for stream "1" to stream "m". Please refer to the

"subgroup of network: rtsp" for setting the accessname of SDP.

You can get the SDP by HTTP GET.

When using scalable multicast, Get SDP file which contains the multicast information via HTTP.

8.19 Open the Network Stream

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

http://<*servername*>/<network_http_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

For RTSP (MP4), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<*servername*>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

For details on streaming protocol, please refer to the "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

8.20 Senddata (capability.nuart > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges. Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/senddata.cgi? [com=<value>][&data=<value>][&flush=<value>] [&wait=<value>] [&read=<value>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
com	1 ~ <max. com="" port<="" td=""><td>The target COM/RS485 port number.</td></max.>	The target COM/RS485 port number.
	number>	
data	<hex decimal<="" td=""><td>The <hex data="" decimal=""> is a series of digits from 0 \sim 9, A \sim F.</hex></td></hex>	The <hex data="" decimal=""> is a series of digits from 0 \sim 9, A \sim F.</hex>
	data>[, <hex decimal<="" td=""><td>Each comma separates the commands by 200 milliseconds.</td></hex>	Each comma separates the commands by 200 milliseconds.
	data>]	
flush	yes,no	yes: Receive data buffer of the COM port will be cleared before
		read.
		no: Do not clear the receive data buffer.
wait	1 ~ 65535	Wait time in milliseconds before read data.
read	1 ~ 128	The data length in bytes to read. The read data will be in the
		return page.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n \r\n <hex decimal data>\r\n

Where hexadecimal data is digits from 0 \sim 9, A \sim F.

8.21 Storage managements (capability.storage.dbenabled > 0)

Note: This request requires administrator privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=<cmd_type>[&<parameter>=<value>...]

The commands usage and their input arguments are as follows.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
cmd_type	<string></string>	Required.	
		Command to be executed, including search, insert, delete,	
		update, and queryStatus.	

Command: search

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Optional.
		The integer primary key column will automatically be assigned
		a unique integer.
triggerType	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the event trigger type.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. mediaType='motion'
		Support trigger types are product dependent.
mediaType	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the file media type.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. mediaType='videoclip'
		Support trigger types are product dependent.
destPath	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the file location in camera.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. destPath ='/mnt/auto/CF/NCMF/abc.mp4'
resolution	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the media file resolution.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. resolution='800x600'
isLocked	<boolean></boolean>	Optional.

	Indicate if the file is locked or not.
	0: file is not locked.
	1: file is locked.
	A locked file would not be removed from UI or cyclic storage.
<text></text>	Optional.
	Indicate the event trigger time. (not the file created time)
	Format is "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS"
	Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
	Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'
	If you want to search for a time period, please apply "TO"
	operation.
	Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01
	23:59:59' is to search for records from the start of Jan 1^{st} 2008
	to the end of Jan 1 st 2008.
<positive integer=""></positive>	Optional.
	Limit the maximum number of returned search records.
<positive integer=""></positive>	Optional.
	Specifies how many rows to skip at the beginning of the
	matched records.
	Note that the offset keyword is used after limit keyword.
	<pre><pre>continue</pre></pre>

To increase the flexibility of search command, you may use "OR" connectors for logical "OR" search operations. Moreover, to search for a specific time period, you can use "TO" connector.

Ex. To search records triggered by motion or di or sequential and also triggered between 2008-01-01 00:00:00 and 2008-01-01 23:59:59.

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=search&triggerType='motion'+OR+'di'+OR+'seq'&trigge rTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01 23:59:59'

Command: **delete**

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Required.
		Identify the designated record.
		Ex. label=1

Ex. Delete records whose key numbers are 1, 4, and 8.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=delete&label=1&label=4&label=8

Command: update

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Required.
		Identify the designated record.
		Ex. label=1
isLocked	<boolean></boolean>	Required.
		Indicate if the file is locked or not.

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 1 and 5 to be locked status.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=1&label=1&label=5

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 2 and 3 to be unlocked status.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=0&label=2&label=3

Command: queryStatus

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
retType	xml or javascript	Optional.
		Ex. retype=javascript
		The default return message is in XML format.

Ex. Query local storage status and call for javascript format return message.

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=queryStatus&retType=javascript

8.22 Virtual input (capability.nvi > 0)

Note: Change virtual input (manual trigger) status. Method: GET

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/setvi.cgi?vi0=<value>[&vi1=<value>][&vi2=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
vi <num></num>	state[(duration)nstate]	Ex: vi0=1
		Setting virtual input 0 to trigger state
	Where "state" is 0, 1. "0"	
	means inactive or normal	Ex: vi0=0(200)1
	state while "1" means	Setting virtual input 0 to normal state, waiting 200
	active or triggered state.	milliseconds, setting it to trigger state.
	Where "nstate" is next	Note that when the virtual input is waiting for next state,
	state after duration.	it cannot accept new requests.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the request is
		completely assigned. The <i><return page=""></return></i> can be a full
		URL path or relative path according the current path. If
		you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty
		page.

Return Code	Description	
200	The request is successfully executed.	
400	The request cannot be assigned, ex. incorrect parameters.	
	Examples:	
	setvi.cgi?vi0=0(10000)1(15000)0(20000)1	
	No multiple duration.	
	setvi.cgi?vi3=0	
	VI index is out of range.	
	setvi.cgi?vi=1	
	No VI index is specified.	
503	The resource is unavailable, ex. Virtual input is waiting for next state.	
	Examples:	
	setvi.cgi?vi0=0(15000)1	
	setvi.cgi?vi0=1	
	Request 2 will not be accepted during the execution time(15 seconds).	

8.23 Open Timeshift Stream (capability.timeshift > 0,

timeshift_enable=1, timeshift_c<n>_s<m>_allow=1)

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

http://<servername>/<network_http_s<m>_accessname>?maxsft=<value>[&tsmode=<value>&reftime =<value>&forcechk&minsft=<value>]

For RTSP (MP4 and H264), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<servername>/<network_rtsp_s<m>_accessname>?maxsft=<value>[&tsmode=<value>&reftime =<value>&forcechk&minsft=<value>]

"n" is the channel index.

"m" is the timeshift stream index.

For details on timeshift stream, please refer to the "TimeshiftCaching" documents.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
maxsft	<positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>Request cached stream at most how many seconds ago.</td></positive<>	0	Request cached stream at most how many seconds ago.
	interger>		
tsmode	normal,	normal	Streaming mode:
	adaptive		normal => Full FPS all the time.
			adaptive => Default send only I-frame for MP4 and
			H.264, and send 1 FPS for MJPEG. If DI or motion window
			are triggered, the streaming is changed to send full FPS
			for 10 seconds.
			(*Note: this parameter also works on non-timeshift
			streams.)
reftime	mm:ss	The time	Reference time for maxsft and minsft.
		camera receives	(This provides more precise time control to eliminate the
		the request.	inaccuracy due to network latency.)
			Ex: Request the streaming from 12:20
			rtsp://10.0.0.1/live.sdp?maxsft=10&reftime=12:30
forcechk	N/A	N/A	Check if the requested stream enables timeshift, feature
			and if minsft is achievable.
			If false, return "415 Unsupported Media Type".
minsft	<positive< td=""><td>0</td><td>How many seconds of cached stream client can accept at</td></positive<>	0	How many seconds of cached stream client can accept at

ir	nterger>	least.
		(Used by forcechk)

Return Code	Description
400 Bad Request Request is rejected because some parameter values are illeg	
415 Unsupported Media Type	Returned, if forcechk appears, when minsft is not achievable or the
	timeshift feature of the target stream is not enabled.

8. 24 Open Anystream (capability.nanystream > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

http://<servername>/videoany.mjpg?codectype=mjpeg[&resolution=<value>&mjpeg_quant=<value>& mjpeg_qvalue=<value>&mjpeg_maxframe=<value>]

For RTSP (MPEG4), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<servername>/liveany.sdp?codectype=mpeg4[&resolution=<value>&mpeg4_intraperiod=<value> &mpeg4_ratecontrolmode=<value>&mpeg4_quant=<value>&mpeg4_qvalue=<value>&mpeg4_bitrate= <value>&mpeg4_maxframe=<value>]

For RTSP (H264), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

rtsp://<servername>/liveany.sdp?codectype=h264[&resolution=<value>&h264_intraperiod=<value>& h264_ratecontrolmode=<value>& h264_quant=<value>& h264_qvalue=<value>&

h264_bitrate=<value>& h264_maxframe=<value>]

<product dependent>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
codectype	mjpeg, mpeg4, h264	N/A	Set codec type for Anystream.
	<product dependent=""></product>		
solution	capability_videoin_resolution	<product< td=""><td>Video resolution in pixels.</td></product<>	Video resolution in pixels.
		dependent>	
mjpeg_quant	0, 1~5	3	Quality of JPEG video.
	99, 1~5		0,99 is the customized manual input
	<product dependent=""></product>		setting.
			1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality.
			<product dependent=""></product>
mjpeg_qvalue	10~200	50	Manual video quality level input.

	2~97	<product< th=""><th>(This must be present if mjpeg_quant</th></product<>	(This must be present if mjpeg_quant
	<product dependent=""></product>	dependent>	is equal to 0, 99)
			<product dependent=""></product>
mjpeg_maxframe	1~25,	15	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for
	26~30 (only for NTSC or		JPEG).
	60Hz CMOS)		
mpeg4_intraperiod	250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000,	1000	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
	4000		
mpeg4_ratecontrolmode	cbr, vbr	vbr	cbr: constant bitrate
			vbr: fix quality
mpeg4_quant	0, 1~5	3	Quality of video when choosing vbr in
	99, 1~5		"mpeg4_ratecontrolmode".
	<product dependent=""></product>		0,99 is the customized manual input
			setting.
			1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality.
			<product dependent=""></product>
mpeg4_qvalue	1~31	7	Manual video quality level input.
	2~31	<product< td=""><td>(This must be present if mpeg4_quant</td></product<>	(This must be present if mpeg4_quant
	<product dependent=""></product>	dependent>	is equal to 0, 99)
			<product dependent=""></product>
			<product dependent=""></product>
mpeg4_bitrate	1000~8000000	512000	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr
	1000~4000000	<product< td=""><td>in "mpeg4_ratecontrolmode".</td></product<>	in "mpeg4_ratecontrolmode".
	<product dependent=""></product>	dependent>	
mpeg4_maxframe	1~25,	10	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for
	26~30 (only for NTSC or	15	MPEG-4).
	60Hz CMOS)	<product< td=""><td></td></product<>	
		dependent>	
h264_intraperiod	250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000,	1000	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
	4000		
h264_ratecontrolmode	cbr, vbr	vbr	cbr: constant bitrate
			vbr: fix quality
h264_quant	0, 1~5	3	Quality of video when choosing vbr in
	99, 1~5		"h264_ratecontrolmode".
	<product dependent=""></product>		0,99 is the customized manual input
			setting.
			1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality.
			<product dependent=""></product>
h264_qvalue	0~51	30	Manual video quality level input.
	<product dependent=""></product>	<product< td=""><td>(This must be present if h264_quant is</td></product<>	(This must be present if h264_quant is

		dependent>	equal to 0, 99)
			<product dependent=""></product>
h264_bitrate	1000~8000000	512000	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr
	1000~4000000	<product< td=""><td>in ``h264_ratecontrolmode".</td></product<>	in ``h264_ratecontrolmode".
	<product dependent=""></product>	dependent>	
h264_maxframe	1~25,	10	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for
	26~30 (only for NTSC or	15	H264).
	60Hz CMOS)	<product< td=""><td></td></product<>	
		dependent>	

Technical Specifications

Specifications

Ver. 1.0

Models	· SD8311E/12E/13E (NTSC) · SD8321E/22E/23E (PAL)	Networking	10/100 Mbps Ethernet, RJ-45 Onvif support
System	· CPU: TI DM368 SoC · Flash: 128MB · RAM: 256MB		 Protocols: IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS, PPPoE, CoS, QoS, SNMP and 802.1X
Pan/Tilt/Zoom	Embedded OS: Linux 2.6 Pan range: 360° continuous rotation Tilt range: 0° ~ 90° flip 18x optical zoom (SD83x1E) 28x optical zoom (SD83x2E)	Alarm and Event Management	Triple-window video motion detection Audio detection Three D/I and two D/O for external sensor and alarm Event notification using HTTP, SMTP or FTP Local recording of MP4 file
	 36x optical zoom (SD83x3E) Pan speed: 0.1° ~ 300° /sec Tilt speed: 0.1° ~ 120° /sec Auto pan mode 	On-Board Storage	 SD/SDHC card slot Stores snapshots and video clips
Lens	 Auto patrol mode 18x optical zoom lens, f = 4.1 ~ 73.8 mm, F1.4 (wide), F3.0 (tele), auto focus, auto-iris, focus range: 	Security	Muilti-level user access with password protection IP address filtering HTTPS encrypted data transmission 802.1X port-based authentication for network protection
	10 mm (wide) ~ 800 mm (tele) to infinity (\$D83x1E) 28x optical zoom lens, f = 3.5 ~ 98 mm, F1.35 (wide), F3.7 (tele), auto focus, auto-iris, focus range:	Users	· Live viewing for up to 10 clients
	10 mm (wide) ~ 1500 mm (tele) to infinity (SD83x2E) · 36x optical zoom lens, f = 3.4 ~ 122.4 mm, F1.6 (wide), F4.5 (tele), auto focus, auto-iris, focus range: 10 mm (wide) ~ 1500 mm (tele) to infinity (SD83x3E)	Dimension	· Camera: Ø 200 mm x 270 mm · Cable length: 1330 mm · Cable diameter: Ø 15 mm; Max width: Ø 20 mm
Angle of View	· Removable IR-cut filter for day & night function · 2.8 ~ 48° (horizontal) (SD83x1E)	Weight	· Net: 4,500 g (TBD)
	· 2.1 ~ 55.8° (horizontal) (SD83x2E) · 1.7 ~ 57.8° (horizontal) (SD83x3E)	LED Indicator	 System power and status indicator System activity and network link indicator
Shutter Time	· 1/1 sec. to 1/10,000 sec.	Power	· 24V AC
Image Sensor	· 1/4" SONY EXview HAD CCD Sensor		 Power consumption: Max. 60 W 802.3at compliance PoE plus
Minimum Illumination	 SD83x1E 0.01 Lux @F1.4 (Color); 0.001 Lux @F1.4 (B/W) SD83x2E 	Housing	Weather-proof IP66-rated housing
	0.01 Lux @F1.35 (Color); 0.001 Lux @F1.35 (B/W) · SD83x3E	Approvals	· CE, LVD, FCC, VCCI, C-Tick
Video	0.01 Lux @F1.6 (Color); 0.001 Lux @F1.6 (B/W) · Compression: H.264, MJPEG & MPEG-4 · Streaming:	Operating Environments	 Temperature: -40 ~ 55°C (AC 24V) Temperature: -10 ~ 55°C (PoE Plus) Humidity: 90% RH
	Multiple simultaneous streams H.264 streaming over UDP, TCP, HTTP or HTTPS MPEG-4 streaming over UDP, TCP, HTTP or HTTPS MPEG-4 multicast streaming MJPEG streaming over HTTP or HTTPS Supports activity adaptive streaming for dynamic frame	Viewing System Requirements	OS: Microsoft Windows 7/Vista/XP/2000 Browser: Mozilla Firefox, Internet Explorer 6.x or above Cell phone: 3GPP player Real Player: 10.5 or above Quick Time: 6.5 or above
	rate control - Supports 3GPP mobile surveillance - Frame Rates: H.264: Up to 60/50 fps at 720x480 (SD8311E/12E/13E)	Installation, Management, and Maintenance	 Installation Wizard 2 32-CH ST7501 recording software Supports firmware upgrade
	/720x576 (SD8321E/22E/23E) MPEG-4: Up to 60/50 fps at 720x480 (SD8311E/12E/13E)	Applications	SDK available for application development and system integration
	/720x576 (SD8321E/22E/23E) MJPEG: Up to 60/50 fps at 720x480 (SD8311E/12E/13E) /720x576 (SD8321E/22E/23E)	Warranty	· 24 months
Image Settings	(Up to 30/25 fps in WDR mode) • Adjustable image size, quality and bit rate • Time stamp and text caption overlay • Flip & mirror • Configurable brightness, contrast, saturation, sharpness, white balance and exposure • AGC, AWB, AES • WDR Pro • ElS (Electronic Image Stabiliztion) (SD83x2E/x3E) • Automatic, manual or scheduled day/night mode • BLC (Backlight Compensation) • Supports privacy masks	Dimension	
Audio	 Compression: GSM-AMR speech encoding, bit rate: 4.75 kbps to 12.2 kbps MPEG-4 AAC audio encoding, bit rate: 16 kbps to 128 kbps G.711 audio encoding, bit rate: 64 kbps, μ -Law or A-Law mode selectable Interface: External microphone input Audio output Supports two-way audio 		mm

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- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the installation manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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